

# HAIVISION

## Makito X4 Encoder 1.1 User's Guide

HVS-ID-UG-MX4E-11, Issue 01

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# Contents

Edition Notice	2
About Haivision	
Trademarks	2
Disclaimer	2
Contents	3
About This Document	7
Conventions	
Typographic Conventions and Elements Action Alerts	
Obtaining Documentation	
Getting Service Support	
Introduction	11
New Product Features	11
Product Overview	
Chassis Styles	
AVC and HEVC Encoding	17
Secure Reliable Transport (SRT)	
IPv4 and IPv6 Support	
Physical Description System Interfaces	
Audio/Video Interfaces	
LED Status Indicators	
Setting Up the Encoder	24
Safety First	
Resetting the Encoder	
Default Network Settings	
Hardware Maintenance Cleaning the Ventilation Intake-Outtake	
Monitoring the Fan Operation	27
Replacing the RTC Battery	
Getting Started with the Web Interface	30
Accessing the Encoder	
Security Steps	
Default Encoder IP Address	
Role-based Authorization Signing In to the Web Interface	
Exploring the Web Interface	
User Preferences	
Changing Your Password	
Password Requirements	
Signing Out	
Managing the Encoder	41
Configuring Video Encoders	
Video Encoders List View Configuring Video Encoder Settings	
Video Encoder Settings	
Video Encoder Statistics	
Makito Decoder Interoperability	

Configuring Audio Encoders	
Configuring Audio Encoders Audio Encoders List View	
Configuring Audio Encoder Settings	54
Audio Encoder Settings	
Audio Encoder Statistics	57
Configuring Metadata Capture	58
Metadata List View	59
Configuring HD-SDI Metadata Sources	
Configuring Network Metadata Sources	63
Configuring Serial Metadata Sources	65
Metadata Settings	
Metadata Statistics CoT/UDP with SPI Message Filtering Based on UID	
Cot Relaying	
UAS KLV Tag Filtering	
Mission ID/Security Data Set Insertion	
Configuring Streaming Outputs	81
Outputs List View	
Setting Up Streaming Outputs	
Configuring Secure Reliable Transport (SRT)	
Output Settings	91
Output Statistics	97
stem Administration	101

#### System Administration

Viewing System Status Information	101
Status Settings	.102
Viewing System Status Information Status Settings Rebooting the Encoder Taking a System Snapshot	.104
Taking a System Snapshot	.104
Saving and Loading Presets	106
Installing Firmware Undates	100
Configuring Network Settings	112
Network Settings	115
Configuring Network Settings Network Settings Configuring Date and Time Date and Time Settings NTP Statistics	119
Date and Time Settings	119
NTP Statistics	121
Enabling and Disabling Network Services Services Settings Pairing the Encoder with Haivision EMS Managing Licenses	122
Services Settings	. 124
Pairing the Encoder with Haivision EMS	. 126
Managing Licenses	128
License File Errors	131
Managing the COM Port	132
COM Port Settings	.134

#### Managing Users and Security

Managing Users and Security	135
Managing User Accounts Account Management Account Settings Managing Public Key Authentication	
Account Management	
Account Settings	
Managing Public Key Authentication	
Managing Messages	
Managing Messages. Managing Banners. Managing Security Policies. Policy Settings. Managing Certificates. Generating a Certificate. Importing a Certificate	
Managing Security Policies	
Policy Settings	
Managing Certificates	
Generating a Certificate	
Importing a Certificate	
Viewing Certificate Details	
Certificate Settings	
Manaying Augus	
Audit Settings	
Using SNMP to Configure A/V Services	164
SNMD Overview	16.4

	SNMP Overview	164
0	Supported MIBs	164
9	SNMP Agent Components	167

# HAIVISION

snmpd	167
snmpd.conf	
snmpd.local.conf	
nmcfg	
SNMPv3	
Examples	
SNMP Utilities	
SNMP Syntax for Setting Up Streams	
Examples	
CLI Command Reference	175
Accessing the CLI	
Syntax Conventions	
Command Summary and Access Control	
Operation Commands	
audenc	
leds	
metadata	
passthrough	
session	
stream	
temperature videnc	214 کالہ
vidin	
Administration Commands	
account	
audit	
banner	
certificate	
config	
date	
dtconfig	
emspair	
ethercfg	
haiversion	
ipconfig	
įpv6config	
license	
messages	
nmcfg	
package passwd	
policy	
pubkey	
reboot	202
service	264
system snapshot.sh	
tzconfig	
-	
Technical Specifications	268
Audio/Video Interface Specifications	
Video Encoding	
Supported Video Encoding Input and Downscale Resolutions	
Audio Encoding	
Advanced Features	
ISR Metadata (Optional)	
Network and Management Interfaces	
Chassis Options	
Single-Height Appliance	
MB6X - 6 Blade Chassis	
MB21B (#F-MB21B-R)	
MB21X (#F-MB21X-R)	
Rugged Appliance	
Power Connector Pinouts (Single- and Dual-Height Chassis)	
Single-Height - Power Connector	

Dual-Height - Power Connector Regulatory/Compliance Closed Captioning Makito X4 Rugged Closed Captioning	283 284
Open Source Software Credits	286
References	
Open Source Software Credits List	
Third Party License Information	
UDT4, 4.11, UDP-based Data Transfer, Permissive free software license	
expat Custom License	
libuuid Modified Licensed (Modified BSD)	
Warranties	295
1-Year Limited Hardware Warranty	
EXCLUSIONS AND LIMITATIONS	
OBTAINING WARRANTY SERVICE	
APPLICABLE LAW	
EULA - End User License Agreement	
READ BEFORE USING	
SLA - Service Level Agreement	
1. Introduction	
2. Definitions	
<ol> <li>Service Levels for the Video Content Management System</li></ol>	
5. Credits for Downtime for the VCMS	
6. Support Services for the VCMS	299
7. Service Levels for Haivision Streaming Media Service	
8. Credits for Outages of Haivision Streaming Media Service	
9. No Secondary End User Support	
Getting Help	301

# **About This Document**

## Conventions

The following conventions are used to help clarify the content.

## **Typographic Conventions and Elements**

Italics	Used for the introduction of new terminology, for words being used in a different context, and for placeholder or variable text.
bold	Used for strong emphasis and items that you click, such as buttons.
Monospaced	Used for code examples, command names, options, responses, error messages, and to indicate text that you enter.
>	In addition to a math symbol, it is used to indicate a submenu. For instance, <b>File &gt; New</b> where you would select the New option from the File menu.
	Indicates that text is being omitted for brevity.

## **Action Alerts**

The following alerts are used to advise and counsel that special actions should be taken.

0	Тір
	Indicates highlights, suggestions, or helpful hints.
•	Note
	Indicates a note containing special instructions or information that may apply only in special cases.
G	Important

Indicates an emphasized note. It provides information that you should be particularly aware of in order to complete a task and that should not be disregarded. This alert is typically used to prevent loss of data.

#### Caution

Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, may result in damage to data or equipment. It may also be used to alert against unsafe practices.

#### 🔶 Warning

Indicates a potentially hazardous situation that may result in physical harm to the user.

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## **Getting Service Support**

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# Introduction

This section provides an overview of the Makito X4 Encoder Family, along with a description of the main hardware components and key features.

#### **Topics Discussed**

- New Product Features
- Product Overview
  - Chassis Styles
  - AVC and HEVC Encoding
  - Secure Reliable Transport (SRT)
  - IPv4 and IPv6 Support
- Physical Description
  - System Interfaces
  - Audio/Video Interfaces
  - LED Status Indicators
- Setting Up the Encoder
- Resetting the Encoder
- Hardware Maintenance
  - Replacing the RTC Battery

## New Product Features

Makito X4 Version 1.1 introduces the following new features and enhancements to existing capabilities:

#### Makito X4 Rugged Appliance

The Makito X4 Rugged Appliance features four 3G-SDI input ports (three of which also support Composite video). Designed to operate in the most demanding environments, it complies with MIL-STD-810G, MIL-STD-461G, DO-160 and MIL-STD-1275E, and is an invaluable tool for ISR applications.

#### Scaling and Cropping

Scaling changes the resolution of encoded content to better match your workflow. (Only progressive content can be scaled at this time.) Cropping center-cuts an image to focus in on important content for encoding and streaming.

#### De-Interlacing

This feature converts interlaced content to progressive video to better match your workflow and convert sources to alternative formats.

#### Input Image Filtering

This feature reduces the noise in your source video and enhances the encoding efficiency.

#### **CBR Rate Control**

You can now constrain the Makito X4's bitrate for encoded video using the Partial Image Skip tool to inter-operate on constrained bandwidth networks..

#### Intra-Refresh Coding

This feature reduces your bandwidth fluctuations and lowers latency on constrained bandwidth networks links.

#### **EMS Integration**

The Makito X4 Encoder can now be paired with a Haivision EMS (Element Management System) to discover, manage and monitor all of your Makitos from one place.

#### KLV or CoT over Serial for MX4E Rugged

ISR customers can now capture KLV (SMPTE 336) or CoT metadata from the serial port (Makito X4 Rugged only), manipulate that metadata and transport it within a MPEG-2 TS container as per MISB Sync/Async transport formats 0604.2 and MISB 1402.

#### **HTTP Strict Transport Security**

The Makito X now supports HTTP Strict-Transport-Security (abbreviated as HSTS) that forces web browsers to only contact the Web interface over HTTPS, instead of using HTTP.

#### Current Temperature of the Board Available on Web Interface and via SNMP

Remote SNMP users as well as Web interface users need to read the temperature of the board, in particular, when the cooling has failed for the Makito. The current board temperature is now shown in the Web interface and via SNMP in deg C. (It was already available from the CLI using the temperature command.)

## **Product Overview**



Haivision's Makito X4 is a real-time HEVC/H.265 and AVC/H.264 video encoder, designed for demanding live video applications. It can ingest a full 2160p50/60 4K UHD (Ultra High Definition) video source or up to four 1080p50/60 HD inputs as well as up to 32 channels of digital audio. The Makito X4 is available either as a compact standalone appliance or a rack-mountable blade.

Makito X4 features include the following:

- **4K Broadcast Quality Video** The Makito X4 can encode live video in HD or 4K for streaming over IP networks in a broad range of applications. It can encode with 8- or 10-bit pixel depth to deliver excellent picture quality, even at low bitrates. For workflows where color precision is needed, it offers 4:2:2 chroma subsampling to maintain color fidelity and prevent artifacts, in downstream workflows.
- Ultra Low Latency Streaming The Makito X4 offers eight encoding cores that can securely deliver simultaneous low latency multi-bitrate streams over challenging networks, including the public internet.
- **High Density HEVC Encoding** When used in Haivision rack-mountable enclosures, the Makito X4 offers high channel density, providing facilities up to 84 HD or 21 UHD video sources within a single 4RU rack module.
- Secure Content Encryption and Reliable Streaming The Makito X4 can encrypt video streams with up to 256-bit AES key lengths using the SRT protocol. It also adapts to fluctuating network bandwidth in real-time, limiting packet loss and ensuring uninterrupted high-quality video.

#### Topics **Discussed**

- Chassis Styles
- AVC and HEVC Encoding
- Secure Reliable Transport (SRT)
- IPv4 and IPv6 Support

## Chassis Styles

The Makito X4 is available in the following chassis styles:

- as an ultra-compact appliance for single, dual or quad channel encoding.
- as a blade within a 1RU chassis (MB6X) that can contain up to six single-height or three dual-height Makito X Series or other Haivision encoder/decoder blades.
- as a blade within a 4RU chassis (MB21) that can contain up to 21 single-height or ten dual-height Makito X Series or other Haivision encoder/decoder blades.

In addition, the following ruggedized appliance is available:

• Makito X4 Rugged Video Encoder -- compact, rugged, quad-input H.264 and HEVC video encoder for real-time delivery of motion imagery for ISR platforms.

The Makito X4 appliance and blade, MB6X and MB21 chassis, and Makito X4 Rugged Encoder are shown in the following figures.

#### Makito X4 Encoder (#S-MX4E-SDI4)



*Makito X4 Encoder blade (#B-MX4E-SDI4)* 



MB6X Multichannel Chassis (Front and Rear Views, #MB6X-RAC)

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#### 🔒 Note

The MB6X is available with a single AC, DC, or medical grade AC power supply. For details, please refer to the *MB6 Chassis Installation Guide* .

#### MB21 Multichannel Chassis (Front and Rear Views, #F-MB21X-R)





Makito X4 Rugged Encoder (#S-MX4E-R-SDI4-ISR)



#### 🚹 Note

For details, please refer to the Makito X4 Rugged Encoder Installation Guide.

## AVC and HEVC Encoding

The Makito X4 supports concurrent AVC/H.264 and HEVC/H.265 video encoding.

High Efficiency Video Coding (**HEVC**), also known as H.265 and MPEG-H Part 2, is a video compression standard. HEVC is designed to improve coding efficiency compared to its precedent, Advanced Video Coding (**AVC**), also known as H.264 or MPEG-4 Part 10.

The Makito X4 supports up to eight encoding cores up to UHD resolutions. Multiple codecs with different parameters may be functional all at the same time. The supported bit depth of each HEVC or H.264 encoding core is 8 or 10 bits. The encoder color space supports 4:2:0 and 4:2:2 chroma coding (as per ITU-R Recommendation BT.709).

#### **Related Topics**

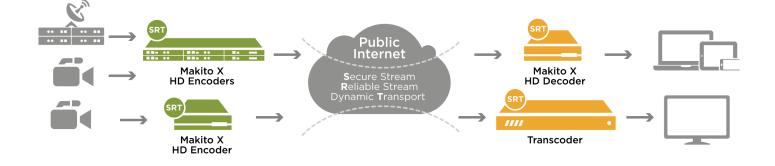
- Configuring Video Encoders
- Video Encoding

## Secure Reliable Transport (SRT)

Haivision's Secure Reliable Transport (SRT) technology is available on Makito X Series encoders and decoders. The SRT streaming protocol is designed to provide reliable and secure end-to-end transport between two SRT-enabled devices over a link which traverses the public Internet. SRT optimizes video streaming performance across unpredictable networks, recovering from packet loss, jitter, network congestion and bandwidth fluctuations that can severely affect the viewing experience.

SRT is applied to contribution and distribution endpoints as part of a video stream workflow. After encoding (or transcoding), SRT applies encryption and provides error recovery. Prior to decoding (or transcoding), SRT decrypts the stream and enables recovery from packet loss typical of Internet connections. At the same time, SRT detects the realtime network performance between the encode / decode / transcode endpoints. The endpoints can be dynamically adjusted for optimal stream performance and quality.

#### Makito X SRT Workflow



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For additional information required to set up and tune SRT streams from the encoder to the decoder, please refer to the SRT Deployment Guide.

#### **Related Topics**

Configuring Secure Reliable Transport (SRT)

### IPv4 and IPv6 Support

The Makito X4 series and Makito FX devices support Internet Protocol Version 4 (IPv4-only) and Version 6 (IPv6-only) as well as dual-stack IPv4/IPv6 networks. You can install the Makito X4 or FX on an IPv4 network, an IPv6 network, or on a network supporting both IPv4 and IPv6. You will be able to access the Web Interface, CLI and SNMP via the IPv4 and/or IPv6 addresses assigned to the device.

Makito X4 and FX IPv4-IPv6 capabilities include the following:

- Static and dynamic assignment of IPv6 addresses via DHCPv6 or Stateless Autoconfiguration (SLAAC) to Makito X4/FX products in addition to the existing IPv4 capabilities.
- Dual-stack IPv4 and IPv6 may be used simultaneously for management and video streaming purposes.
- All administration functions may be performed from an IPv4 or IPv6 network client, including upgrade/downgrade, preset import/export, license install, system snapshots and specifying audit servers.
- User functions include creating and starting streams from an IPv4 or IPv6 device.

#### **Related Topics**

- Configuring Network Settings
- **ipconfig** (CLI command)
- **ipv6config** (CLI command)

## **Physical Description**

#### 🚹 Note

For details on the Makito X4 Rugged interface, please refer to the Makito X4 Rugged Encoder Installation Guide.

## System Interfaces

The Makito X4 comes equipped with the following interfaces:

- 10/100/1000 Base-T Gigabit Ethernet Network
- SFP+ (Small Form-factor Pluggable Plus) Expansion Port, 10GbE future use, will enable (future) ST-2110 input support



#### **Related Topics:**

• Connecting the Encoder to the Network and a Computer

## Audio/Video Interfaces

#### SDI Video and Embedded Digital Audio Interfaces

The Makito X4 SDI video interface consists of four 75  $\Omega$  HD-BNC connectors.

#### Makito X4 Encoder (#S-MX4E-SDI4)



The HD-BNC connector(s) are used for SD-SDI (Serial Digital Interface), HD-SDI, 3G-SDI, 6G-SDI and 12G-SDI video input signals.

#### 🔥 Caution

Be sure to use an HD video-capable RG-6 coaxial cable such as the Belden 1694A up to 300 feet. Otherwise, the video signal may be too attenuated and the encoder will not sync on it.

#### **Related Topics:**

Connecting to A/V Sources

## **LED Status Indicators**

The LED colors and flashing (blinking) speed indicate the status (operational state) of the Makito X4 encoder.

#### LED Status Indicators (Rear Panel)



Network Port SFP+ Port (Future Use) SDI Input Status General

#### **Network Port**

Function	Description	Indication
LINK	Off	Not connected
	Green blinking once per second	Connected at 10 Mbps
	Green blinking twice per second	Connected at 100 Mbps
	Green blinking three times per second	Connected at 1000 Mbps
АСТ	Off	No activity
	Green intermittent	Little activity (e.g., management). The LED should be lit when there is activity.
	Green solid	Intense activity (e.g., transmitting video traffic)

#### Network Port SFP+ Port (Future Use) SDI Input Status General

#### SFP+ Port (Future Use)

Function	Description	Indication
LINK	Off	Not connected
	Green solid	Connected
ACT	Off	No activity
	Green intermittent	Little activity (e.g., management). The LED should be lit when there is activity.
	Green solid	Intense activity (e.g., transmitting video traffic)

#### Network Port SFP+ Port (Future Use) SDI Input Status General

#### SDI Input Status

F u n c ti o n	Description	Indication
S D I1 / S	Off	1 Note Each SDI LED is associated with the corresponding BNC connector.
D   2/S	Amber solid	<ul> <li>Either of the conditions below is sufficient to turn the LED amber:</li> <li>Encoder booting</li> <li>Valid video input not detected (i.e., if you configure an encoder to use a BNC and there is no video input lock).</li> </ul>
3 D   3 / S D   4	Green solid	Valid video input detected (i.e., you have signal lock).

#### Network Port SFP+ Port (Future Use) SDI Input Status General

#### General

Functi on	Description	Indication			
STATU	Off	No power			
S	Green fast blinking	Reset button is pressed for less than four seconds. If the Reset button is not pressed, there is a power fault.			
	Green slow blinking	Booting/Initialization			
	Green solid	Booting/Initialization sequence is complete (No fault/OK).			
	Red fast blinking	Reset button is pressed for more than four seconds (Factory Reset enabled).			
	Red slow blinking	Reset button is released after the Red fast blinking state (executing Factory Reset).			
4K () Note		No valid UHD/4K video input is detected for the SDI1 BNC connector.  Note Only SDI1 BNC can support 6/12G-SDI (UHD/4K) video input.			
	Green solid	Valid UHD/4K video input detected (i.e., you have UHD/4K signal lock) for the SDI1 BNC connector.			
ERR	Off	Future use			

## Setting Up the Encoder

#### 🚹 Note

For information on installing and connecting to the Makito X4 appliance, please refer to the Makito X4 Encoder Quick Start Guide.

#### Always read the instructions carefully and keep this user's guide for future reference.

Please choose a suitable location for operating the encoder(s). By doing so you will preserve the operating life span and stability of the unit(s).

#### 🔥 Caution

The MB21 chassis must either be installed on a securely fastened rack shelf, or fastened directly to the rack using support brackets. For instructions on how to properly secure or support the MB21, refer to the *MB Chassis Installation Guide (available at* https://doc.haivision.com).

## Safety First

Please pay particular attention to the following points in order to help protect yourself and the encoder:

- The Makito X4 is an indoor appliance and should be kept in a dry, dust free environment.
- The only user-serviceable part is the RTC battery. There are no other user-serviceable parts inside the unit. Making unauthorized changes will void the warranty.
- Only connect the unit to a compatible power source.
- If an electrical fault occurs, disconnect the unit and contact Haivision Technical Support.
- Never try to force the connections when setting up the system as this may damage the unit.

#### Important

*Refer to the* **Safety Guidelines** *and* **Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment (WEEE) Disposal** *notice in the* **Preface** *(available at* **https://doc.haivision.com***)*.

## **Resetting the Encoder**

Default Network Settings

This section describes the steps to perform a hardware reset on the Makito X4. The Reset button is used either to reset the system or to restore the factory default settings.

- **System Reset:** In some cases, if your encoder is experiencing a problem, resetting the system can return the encoder to normal operation.
- Factory Reset: If the problem remains after performing a reset, it may help to restore the encoder to its factory default settings. A factory reset returns the encoder to the same settings it originally had when shipped from Haivision, including the factory default IP address, subnet, and gateway.

#### 🚹 Note

After a factory reset, only the firmware revision, serial number, and MAC address are preserved. All other data is deleted (including saved presets, added user accounts, modified passwords, and encoding settings). All settings are returned to their factory preset conditions (including the IP address).

#### Use one of the following methods to either reset or restore the Makito X4 settings:

1. With the encoder on, insert a small plastic tool into the small opening labeled **Reset** on the Makito X4 faceplate.



System Reset: Press the recessed micro switch (you will feel the button depress) for at least one second and release. Be sure to release the button in less than five (5) seconds.
 -or-

Factory Reset: Press and hold the recessed micro switch for five (5) seconds.

3. Wait for the encoder to reboot. As soon as the lights stop blinking and the Status LED is solid green, the encoder is ready.

## **Default Network Settings**

After a factory reset, the Network settings should be:

IP Address	Subnet Mask	Gateway	
10.5.1.2	255.255.0.0	10.5.0.1	

#### **Related Topics:**

• Default Encoder IP Address

## Hardware Maintenance

The following maintenance tasks are recommended for the Makito X4 appliance.

- Cleaning the Ventilation Intake-Outtake
- Monitoring the Fan Operation
- Replacing the RTC Battery

## **Cleaning the Ventilation Intake-Outtake**

To clean the intake and outtake vents, use a dry cloth or an aspiration device approved for electronic equipment.

Maintenance should be done every 6 months (more often in a dusty environment).

## Monitoring the Fan Operation

There is no system level monitoring of the fan operation. However, it is recommended that you check to see if the fan is operating in one of two ways:

- If the appliance is easily accessible, turn the unit over and listen (an operational fan makes a humming noise).
- You can check the Web Interface (Status page) or use the CLI (temperature get command) to get information from the built-in temperature sensors. If the internal temperature of the unit is rising, that is an indication that the fan may not be operating properly.
- See temperature.

## Replacing the RTC Battery



The Makito X4 appliance contains a real-time clock (RTC) powered by the following battery:

• Varta CR2032 with 2-wire connector Mfr. Part#: 06032101030

At the end of its life (7-10 years), the battery should be replaced by the end user with the same battery or an equivalent model approved by Haivision.

#### 🔒 Note

The Makito X4 Rugged enclosure does not have a battery.

#### 🕑 Tip

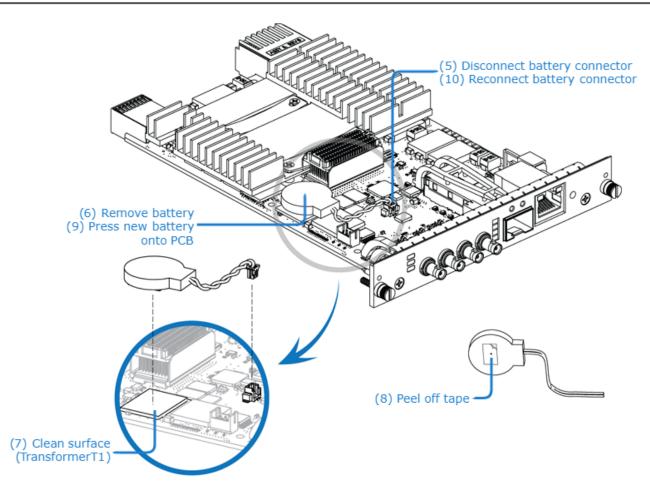
The RTC battery needs to be replaced if at a power-cycle event, the system time and date are reset to within 24 hours, depending on your time zone, of January 1, 1970 (Coordinated Universal Time, UTC).

#### (i) Important

The used battery should be disposed of and recycled in accordance with your national/local battery collection schemes.

To replace the RTC battery:

- 1. Disconnect all external devices connected to the appliance.
- 2. Disconnect the power from the appliance by unplugging the power cord from the AC outlet.
- 3. To open the chassis, unfasten and remove the two screws on the rear of the appliance.
- 4. Slide the PCB board out of the chassis.
- 5. Disconnect the battery connector by pulling it upward from the PCB.



- 6. Remove the battery by pulling it upward from the PCB.
- 7. Clean the surface of transformer T1 with alcohol if there is glue residue.
- 8. Peel off the protective layer on the tape on the new battery.
- 9. Press the new battery onto the PCB (top of transformer T1) with a force of 3 pounds-force per square inch for three (3) seconds.
- 10. Reconnect the battery connector.
- 11. Reassemble the chassis, reconnect any external devices to the appliance, and reconnect the power to the appliance.

# Getting Started with the Web Interface

#### Important

Before proceeding, make sure that the encoder is set up correctly and all necessary network and A/V connections are established. For information on installing and connecting to the Makito X4 appliance, please refer to the Makito X4 Encoder Quick Start Guide.

All Makito X4 interfaces and applications such as Audio/Video services and IP links may be configured, managed, and monitored through the Web interface, the Command Line Interface (CLI), or an SNMP server. All methods require access to the Makito X4 through its Ethernet LAN port.

#### Topics in This Chapter

- Accessing the Encoder
- Signing In to the Web Interface
- Exploring the Web Interface
- Changing Your Password
- Signing Out

## Accessing the Encoder

Managing the Makito X4 from the Web interface requires a connection from the unit's LAN port to your network. You must then connect a computer with a Web browser to the network to access the Web interface.

To access the Makito X4 configuration Web page:

#### 🚹 Note

The Makito X4 supports the latest production versions (as of this document date) of the Firefox, Internet Explorer, Safari, and Chrome browsers. Please see the Release Notes (available from the **Download Center** on the Haivision Support Portal) for any limitations for specific versions of these browsers.

- 2. Type the encoder's IP Address in the browser's address bar and press Enter.
- 3. Sign in. (See Signing In to the Web Interface.)

#### 🕑 Tip

1.

For a list and description of the CLI commands to configure and manage the Makito X4, see CLI Command Reference.

For information on SNMP management of the Makito X4, see Using SNMP to Configure A/V Services.

## Security Steps

Only secured HTTP (HTTPS) is supported for the Web interface; therefore, a server certificate is required. The encoder automatically generates a self-signed certificate and your browser will recommend that you do not proceed.

If you have not changed the factory defaults on the encoder, a certificate with factory default subjects exists (DNS: haivision-ace, IP: 10.5.1.2). Proceed temporarily if you can since this default certificate will be deleted and re-generated (see below).

#### 🚹 Note

The Makito X4 identity certificate and trusted root certificates are managed using the CLI certificate command or Web interface Certificates page. For details, see certificate (CLI) or Managing Certificates (Web interface).

## **Default Encoder IP Address**

#### 🔥 Note

If you haven't changed the factory presets, and if not specified elsewhere in the shipment, the Makito appliance's IP Address is set by default to: 10.5.1.2.

To be able to sign in to the Web interface, your computer has to be in the same IP Address range (subnet).

You may have to temporarily change your computer's IP Address to be in the same subnet as your Makito appliance. Only then you will be able to access the unit and change its IP Address, and then afterwards change your computer's IP Address back.

#### 🕑 Tip

After you change the Makito appliance's IP Address, be sure to document it somewhere or label the chassis. Otherwise, if you do not know the current IP Address, you will need to reset the device to its factory settings, which will return the unit to the default IP address (and you will lose any saved configurations and settings).

#### **Related Topics**

• Resetting the Encoder

## Role-based Authorization

The Makito X Series uses role-based authorization control to secure the Web interface and CLI. Administrators can create new accounts and thus allocate an account to each user of the system.

The Makito X Series provides three defined account roles to assign privileges to users:

Role Default Username		Privileges
Guest	user	Read-only access to the system.
Operator	operator	All rights to configure A/V and stream settings. Does <i>not</i> include rights to reboot or upgrade the system, modify the network settings, or manage accounts.
Administrator	admin	All access rights and Administrator privileges.

All three roles provide both Web interface and CLI access to the system. These roles and their privileges are also supported using VACM (View-based Access Control Model) for SNMP access control.

Please refer to the *Important Notice* (postcard included in the box or available from the **Download Center** on the Haivision Support Portal) for the default sign-in credentials.

#### Caution

For security purposes, Haivision strongly advises you to change the default password for all accounts during initial configuration.

#### 🔒 Note

Any changes to the default passwords, created accounts, and deleted default accounts will be lost after a Factory Reset or a firmware downgrade. Factory Reset restores the default accounts and passwords.

Administrators can create, delete, lock, and unlock user accounts, including changing the password, from the Accounts page (see Managing User Accounts). Operators and guests can manage their password from the My Account page (see Changing Your Password).

You can also change your own account password CLI using the **passwd** command.

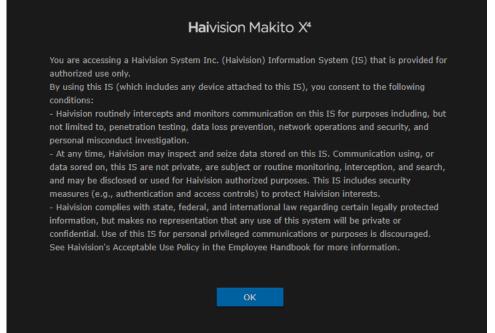
#### **Related Topics**

Command Summary and Access Control

## Signing In to the Web Interface

To sign in to the Makito X4 configuration Web page:

1. From your Web browser, type the Makito X4's IP Address into the address field and press Enter. (Optional) On some systems, you will see an Advisory and Consent Banner, as shown in the following example.



- 2. Review the Advisory and Consent terms as required for your system and click **OK**.
- 3. On the Sign-in page, type the Username and Password and click Sign In (or press Enter).

(			
Hai∨	ision Makit	:o X⁴	
Usernan	ne		
Passwor			
	Sign In		

Please refer to the *Important Notice* (postcard shipped with the appliance or available from the **Download Center** on the Haivision Support Portal) for the default sign-in credentials.

Makito X4 provides three pre-defined user accounts. For information, see **Role-based Authorization**.

## Exploring the Web Interface

After signing in to the Web interface, you will have access to the encoder configuration settings. All of the settings can be adjusted via the Web browser.

The Web interface opens to the Outputs List View, as shown in the following example. Your account information is displayed on the toolbar (along the top).

	Link to H	ome (Outp	outs list view) –			
Haivision Makito X <sup>4</sup>			Welcome Administrate	or (Sign Out) 🛛 😣	<b>¢</b>  ≡	Toolbar
Outputs Video Encoders				6	Apply	Click to add a stream
Audio Encoders	• Name +	Protocol	Destination Cont	tent	Action	
Metadata	Output 1	TS over SRT	10.65.11.154:99 Vide		None 💌	
	Output 2	TS over UDP	10.65.11.22:10000 Video	o Audio Metadata	None 💌	
	• udpOn9070	TS over UDP	10.65.11.154:90 Vide		None 💌	
<b>Sideba</b>		View/ Ink to op	en Detail View			-

- To set up encoding, select the configuration option from the sidebar, for example, **Video Encoders** or **Audio Encoders**.
- To set up streaming, select **Outputs** from the sidebar.
- To access the encoder administration settings, click the Administration icon on the toolbar, and then select the option, for example Network (under Settings) or Accounts (under Security).
- To access the User Preferences or online Help, click the *icon* on the toolbar, and then select either:
  - User Preferences Opens a dialog to configure preferences such as user interface brightness and contrast control and browser cache reset. See User Preferences.

 Help — Opens the Haivision InfoCenter website that contains the Makito X4 documentation. See How to use the InfoCenter for tips and tricks for browsing the site.

<b>Hai</b> vision Makito X⁴			Welcome Adminis	strator (Sign Out)	⊗   ✿   ≡
Outputs				€	User Preferences Help
Video Encoders					
Audio Encoders	∘ <u>Name</u> ▲	<u>Protocol</u>	Destination	Content	Action
Metadata	• Output 1	TS over UDP	11.11.11.11:1111	Video Audio	None 🔻

#### 🚹 Note

If no external internet connection is available, a local Makito X4 Encoder online Help is opened in your Web browser.

• (Where applicable) On the List View, click a link in the table to open the Detail View. For example, on the Video Encoders List View (shown below), click a link to open the Video Encoder Detail View.

Name	Input	Resolution	Codec	Bitrate	Action
	BNC-1 (1920x1080p59)	1920x1080p59	H.265	6000	None 🔻
	BNC-1 (1920x1080p59)	1920x1080p59	H.265	6000	None 🔻
	BNC-1 (1920x1080p59)	1920x1080p59	H.265	6000	None 👻
	BNC-1 (1920x1080p59)	1920x1080p59	H.265	6000	None -
	BNC-1 (1920x1080p59)	1920x1080p59	H.265	6000	None 🔻
	BNC-2 (Auto-Detect)	Input/Auto	H.265	6000	None 🔻
	BNC-3 (Auto-Detect)	Input/Auto	H.265	6000	None 👻
	BNC-4 (Auto-Detect)	Input/Auto	H.265	6000	None 🔻

Click link to open Detail View

## **User Preferences**

From the User Preferences dialog, you can customize the following user interface (local browser) options:

- Adjust Brightness and Contrast display settings.
- Switch the Color Scheme between dark (default) or light.
- Reset Brightness, Contrast and Color Scheme to default settings.
- Clear Stored Preferences, i.e., User Preference settings that are saved by the browser on the local client PC (such as sort order, list vs. thumbnail view, and color scheme).

Us	er Preference	25
Brightness		
Contrast		
Color Scheme	Dark 🔻	l
	Reset	
Stored Preferences	Clear	
		Close

# **Changing Your Password**

Password Requirements

#### Important

For security purposes, be sure to change the default password! The first time you sign into a newly created account, you will see a Change Password dialog (as shown in the following example).

	Change I	Password	
Name	admin		
Old Password			
Password			
Confirmation Password			
		Cancel	Change

Users assigned either **Operator** or **Guest** roles can change their passwords from the My Account page, as described in this section. This is useful when logging into a Makito X4 on which the factory defaults have not been changed.

# Note Administrative users may change their passwords from the Accounts page.

To change your password:

1. To navigate to the Administration page, click the **Administration** icon on the toolbar. Then click **Security** on the navigation bar and **My Account** on the sidebar.

2. On the My Account page, type your current password in the Old Password field.

Settings Security				
My Account	<			Apply
	Account			
	Name	operator		
	Role			
	Current Password			
	Password			
	Confirm Password			
	Public Keys			
				Add
	Name		Fingerprint	

- 3. Type the new password in the Password field and again in the Confirm New Password field.
- 4. Click **Apply**. The new password will take effect immediately.

#### 🕑 Tip

Be sure to write down the new password.

You can also upload and manage personal public keys for your account to enable public key authentication (instead of password-based authentication). Note that in the current release, this only applies to SSH CLI access to the encoder. For more information, see Managing Public Key Authentication.

### **Password Requirements**

Passwords may be up to 80 characters and composed of any combination of upper and lower case letters, numbers, and the following special characters:

!	@	#	\$	%	^	&	*	(	)	~	•	_	-	+
=	{	}	[	]	:	• •	"	<b>v</b>	>		3	<u>۰</u> .	/	(space )
	oto													

#### 🔒 Note

Basically, all printable characters of the QWERTY keyboard are supported.

Your system may have in place security policies that determine the minimum password length as well as other requirements such as minimum number of upper case characters, digits, and symbols. In this case, you will be prompted to modify your password to comply with these policies.

# Signing Out

After you finish using the Makito X4, be sure to sign out. To do so, click **Sign out** from the toolbar.

Signing out prevents misuse and unauthorized access to the encoder.

# Managing the Encoder

#### 🚹 Note

For an overview of the Web interface, see Getting Started with the Web Interface.

Topics in This Chapter

- Configuring Video Encoders
- Configuring Audio Encoders
- Configuring Metadata Capture
- Configuring Streaming Outputs

# **Configuring Video Encoders**

From the Video Encoders pages, you can configure up to eight video encoders to apply to streams. Each encoder can be configured independently and assigned to multiple outputs to support multi-bitrate streaming. You can start and stop each video encoder, as well as display statistics.

The Makito X4 supports concurrent AVC/H.264 and HEVC/H.265 video encoding.

### Video Encoders List View

To open the Video Encoders List View:

1. Click the Streaming icon on the toolbar and click Video Encoders on the sidebar. The Video Encoders List View opens.

Outputs						Apply	
/ideo Encoders							
Audio Encoders	Name	Input	Resolution	Codec	Bitrate	Action	
letadata	Video Encoder 0	BNC-3 (1920x1080p29)	1920x1080p29	H.265	8000	None	
	Video Encoder 1	BNC-2 (1920x1080p29)	1920x1080p29	H.265	6000	None	
	Video Encoder 2	BNC-3 (1920x1080p29)	1920x1080p29	H.265	6000	None	
	Video Encoder 3	BNC-4 (1920x1080p29)	1920x1080p29	H.265	6000	None	•
	Video Encoder 4	BNC-1 (1920x1080p29)	1920x1080p29	H.265	6000	None	•
	Video Encoder 5	BNC-2 (No Input)	1920x1080p29	H.265	6000	None	
	Video Encoder 6	BNC-3 (No Input)	1920x1080p29	H.265	6000	None	•
	Video Encoder 7	BNC-4 (No Input)	1920x1080p29	H.265	6000	None	

# Click link to open Detail View

The Video Encoders List View displays the status LED, Name, Input format, Resolution, GOP Size, and Bitrate for each video encoder.

- 2. From here, you can perform the following tasks:
  - To view details or modify the video settings for an encoder, click a link in the table to open the Video Encoder Detail View.
  - To change the status for an encoder, click the drop-down list under **Action** and select either Start or Stop (as applicable).
- 3. To apply your changes, click **Apply**.

# **Configuring Video Encoder Settings**

From the Video Encoder Detail View, you can define the Input interface and video encoding parameters, such as the Codec Algorithm, Encoding Profile, Bitrate, Frame Rate, and GOP Size.

To configure the Video Encoding Settings:

1. From the Video Encoders List View, click a link in the table to select the encoder. The Video Encoder Detail View opens, displaying the settings for the selected video encoder.

Outputs	Video Encode	r 0	Statistics	Stop	Apply
Video Encoders Audio Encoders	Toput				
Metadata	Input				
	Input	BNC-1	•		
	FIR Filter				
	Input Format	3840x2160p60			
	Encoder Parameters				
	Codec Algorithm	HEVC/H.265	•		
	Encoding Profile	Main	•		
	Chroma Subsampling	4:2:0 8-bit	•		
	Rate Control	CVBR	•		
	Max Bitrate				
	Bitrate	6000			
	Partial Image Skip				
	Resolution	Automatic	•		
	Frame Rate	Automatic	•		
	Framing	IP	•		
	Intra Refresh				
	GOP Size	120			
	Closed Captioning	✓			
	Timecode Source	System	•		
	Aspect Ratio	Automatic	•		

- 2. Select or enter the new value(s) in the appropriate field(s). See Video Encoder Settings.
- 3. To start or stop the encoder, click **Start** or **Stop** (as applicable).
- 4. To view statistics for the encoder, click Statistics. For details, see Video Encoder Statistics.

- 5. To apply your changes, click **Apply**.
- 6. To return to List View, scroll up and click Video Encoders on the sidebar.

#### **Related Topics**

- Video Encoder Settings
- videnc (CLI Command)

### Video Encoder Settings

The following table lists the Video Encoder controls and settings:

#### Input Encoder Parameters

#### Input

Video Encoder Setting	Default	Description/Values
Input		Select the Video Input port for the encoder:
	BNC-1	• BNC-1 • BNC-2 • BNC-3 • BNC-4
		Important Only HD-BNC-1 can support 6/12G-SDI. You must select BNC-1 in order to encode UHD over four (4) cables (in 2SI mode). See 2SI Setup below.
FIR Filter	Disabled	Check this checkbox to enable Input Image Filtering for the input interface. FIR (Finite Impulse Response) filter refers to a type of digital filter with a finite impact on the data being processed from a temporal or spatial perspective. FIR filters do not employ recursive or other feedback mechanisms. This parameter filters the video input and removes noise in order to optimize the compression of the image and to enhance the overall quality of the coded video stream.
		✓ Tip Input Image filtering is useful with sources that are monochrome, noisy and difficult to encode because the content is detailed. Enabling this parameter filters the image in order to reduce the amount of noise, resulting in better quality video after the encoding since less noise is being compressed into the stream.

Video Encoder Setting	Default	Description/Values
Input Format	n/a	<b>i Note</b> If the signal cannot be detected (or is outside the supported range), the Input Format will be Unknown.

#### Input Encoder Parameters

#### **Encoder Parameters**

Video Encoder Setting	Default	Description/Values
Codec Algorithm	HEVC	Select the codec algorithm for the encoder: (See AVC and HEVC Encoding) <ul> <li>AVC/H.264</li> <li>HEVC/H.265</li> </ul>
Encoding Profile	Main	Select the application profile class for the encoder: (See <b>Product Overview</b> "4K Broadcast Quality Video".)
		(AVC/H.264 only) • Baseline • Main • High • High 10 • High 4:2:2
		(HEVC/H.265 only) • Main • Main 10 • Main 4:2:2 10
Chroma Subsampli ng	4:2:0 8- bit	<ul> <li>Select the Chroma Subsampling for the encoder:</li> <li>4:2:0 8-bit</li> <li>4:2:0 10-bit (Encoding Profile must be Main 10 or Main 4:2:2 10)</li> <li>4:2:2 8-bit (Encoding Profile must be Main 10 or Main 4:2:2 10)</li> <li>4:2:2 10-bit (Encoding Profile must be Main 10 or Main 4:2:2 10)</li> </ul>
Rate Control	CBR	<ul> <li>Select the Rate Control for the encoder:</li> <li>CBR (Constant Bitrate): Strictly respects the specified bitrate, aiming for a constant or unvarying bandwidth level.</li> <li>CVBR (Capped Variable Bitrate): Allows the bit rate to vary but maintains the generated bitrate between the Maximum Bitrate and the specified Bitrate.</li> </ul>
Max Bitrate	Auto	(Rate Control must be CVBR) Enter the maximum video bitrate for the encoder: 32 to 120,000 Kbps
Bitrate	6000 kbps	Enter the video bitrate for the encoder: 32 to 120,000 kbps

Video Encoder Setting	Default	Description/Values
Partial Image Skip	Disable d	(Rate Control must be CBR) Select whether to allow the encoder to skip part of the image in order to respect the bitrate limit. This parameter is used to create streams that are CBR-compliant according to the MPEG-2 TS specification. One aspect of this functionality is to have the video encoder control the total number of bits generated across a GOP sequence so that all the NALs in each GOP have roughly the same amount of bits and to avoid overflowing the coded picture buffer (CPBuf). One method of doing this is the limit the size of individual video NALs associated with a frame when the bit budget is being over-subscribed. In essence the video encoder will skip encoding part of the image in order to not oversubscribe the bit budget for the GOP sequence.
		Note Intra-Refresh is not an option in these situations since they use multiple types of decoders and not all of them support decoding Intra-Refresh content.
Resolution	Autom atic	<ul> <li>Select the stream output resolution (i.e., the number of lines per frame and pixels per line to be encoded):</li> <li>Automatic: Encodes at the same resolution as the incoming video.</li> <li>Manually select the coded picture resolution from the list of available options (includes down-scaled resolutions). The options depend on the Input Format detected.</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Note         Manually selecting a coded picture resolution will increase the video encoder latency by one (1) frame period.         For supported video encoding resolutions, see Supported Video Encoding Input and Downscale Resolutions (in Technical Specifications).     </li> </ul>
Resizing	Scale	<ul> <li>(Resolution cannot be set to Automatic and must be less than the Input Format) Select whether to scale or crop the input to the desired resolution:</li> <li>Scale: Changes the resolution of the encoded image from what is input to what is specified in Resolution parameter without discarding any portion of the image.</li> <li>Crop: Crops the input and encodes to a rectangle within the input image while discarding the rest of the input image. When Crop is enabled, the output resolution is the portion of the input that is encoded from the center. This may be done instead of down-scaling.</li> <li>By default, input is scaled to the specified output resolution.</li> </ul>
Frame Rate	Autom atic	<ul> <li>Select the coded picture frame rate per second:</li> <li>Automatic: Encodes at the same frame rate as the input</li> <li>601</li> </ul>
		Note     The frame rate cannot exceed the input frame rate.

Video Encoder Setting	Default	Description/Values
Framing	IP	<ul> <li>Select the video compression mode for the encoded video: <ul> <li>I: I frames only (lowest delay; lowest quality)</li> <li>IP: I and P frames only</li> <li>IBP: I, B and P frames</li> <li>IBBP: I, BB (two B frames in sequence) and P frames</li> <li>IBBBP: I, BBB (three B frames in sequence) and P frames</li> <li>IBBBBP: I, BBBB (four B frames in sequence) and P frames (highest delay; highest quality)</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
		Note B frames require a Main Profile decoder. B frames provide more quality as the encoding is more efficient; thus more details can be rendered in the same bandwidth/bitrate.
		✔ Tip When B frames are used, the GOP may be rounded up to make the sequence end with a P frame.
Intra- Refresh	Disable d	Check this checkbox to enable Intra-refresh video encoding support. Intra-refresh minimizes latency, smooths the video bitrate, and minimizes GOP pulsing artifacts. Intra-refresh is a video encoding mode of operation in which no distinct IDR frame is sent in the video elementary stream. Instead, the macro-blocks that make up the IDR frame are sent gradually within a certain time so that the entire video reference frame is rebuilt (at the decoder) within the number of frames specified as follows: • For H.264/AVC the Intra Refresh Interval = Horizontal Encoded Resolution / 16 • For H.265/HEVC the Intra Refresh Interval = Horizontal Encoded Resolution / 32 The result is rounded up to nearest integer if it is fractional. For example: If the video encoder is encoding an output resolution of 3840x2160p60 using H.264, then the expected refresh interval is: 3840 / 16 = 240 (frames) / (60 frames/sec) = 4 seconds for a full image refresh period.
		✓ Tip Intra-refresh requires that decoders that do not support random access points be started before the encoder is started. This can be accomplished by establishing a stream from the encoder to the decoder then stopping and starting the video encoder.
GOP Size	120	(Intra-Refresh must be disabled) Enter the Group of Pictures size for the encoded video. 11000
Closed Captionin g	Disable d	(Optional) Check this checkbox to enable Closed Captioning on the output Stream.
TimeCode Source	None	<ul> <li>Timecodes are used to mark video frames, for editing purposes or for multi-channel synchronization. This field either disables timecoding, or selects the source to "timecode" the encoded video frame. The following selections are available:</li> <li>None: No time code will be inserted in the video stream (saves bandwidth if not required).</li> <li>Video (SDI only): The timecode will be extracted from the Ancillary Vertical Interval (ATC_VITC) incoming SDI video signal. Please note that Digital (D-VITC) and Linear Timecode (LTC) are not supported.</li> <li>System: If no timecode is included in the video feed, the encoded timecode is based on the encoder's system clock. In this case, it is recommended to enable NTP (see Configuring Network Settings).</li> </ul>

Video Encoder Setting	Default	Description/Values
Aspect Autom Ratio atic	Autom atic	<ul> <li>Specifies the aspect ratio of the video source and signals it into the MPEG stream:</li> <li>Automatic: Aspect ratio is derived from the incoming video source resolution.</li> <li>Manually force aspect ratio to either: 3:2, 4:3, 5:3, 5:4, 16:9, 16:10, or 17:9.</li> <li>WSS/AFD: Aspect ratio is extracted from the incoming video source based on WSS (Wide Screen Signaling) or AFD (Active Format Description) if detected.</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Note</li> <li>WSS is only supported with analog PAL video; AFD is only supported with SD-SDI video.</li> </ul>

#### 2SI Setup

To configure the encoder in 2SI mode, connect four 1080p60/59/50 sources into the Makito X4 SDI 1, 2, 3 and 4 inputs. The encoder detects them all as one 2160p60 input source and outputs one 2160p60/59/50 stream. You must select BNC-1 as the input for the encoder.

#### **Related Topics**

- Video Encoding (in Technical Specifications)
- AVC and HEVC Encoding

## **Video Encoder Statistics**

The following table lists the Video Encoder statistics:

Video Encoder Statistic	Description/Values
State	The current operating status of the encoder, either: • WORKING • AWAIT FRAMING • STOPPED • FAILED
Up Time	(only available when State is WORKING) The length of time the encoder is actively encoding (e.g., 1d22h5m41s).
Input Present	Indicates whether an input signal has been detected from the video source: Yes / No
Input Type	The video input for the encoder: For example, SDI or Composite (Makito X4 Rugged Encoder only, future use).
Input Format	The input signal detected from the video source.
Output Resolution	The stream output resolution.
Input Aspect Ratio	The aspect ratio of the video source.
Encoded Frames	Number of encoded frames.
Encoded Bytes	Number of encoded bytes.
Encoded Frame Rate	The video frame rate per second.
Dropped Frames	Number of dropped frames.
Encoder Resets	Number of encoder resets.
Encoded Bitrate	The video bitrate used for the encoder (in kbps).
Encoder PTS	The current encoder Presentation Time Stamp (PTS) based on a 90 kHz clock: e.g., 0x138a56483
Encoder Load	The video encoding processor usage of the stream instance in percentage (%).
Closed Captioning	Indicates whether Closed Captioning (CC) is Enabled or Disabled on the output Stream.
Extracted CC Bytes	(CC must be enabled) Number of extracted Closed Captioning Bytes.
CC Errors	(CC must be enabled) Number of Closed Captioning errors.
Extracted CSD Bytes	SDs define signaling and announcement of caption services.
Timecode Source	(Timecoding must be enabled) The selected timecode source. See <b>TimeCode Source</b> .
Timecode	The timecode for the encoded video frame. Or the system time if user has chosen "system" for the TimeCode Source displayed as (HH:MM:SS:FF) Hours, Minutes, Seconds and Frames.

Video Encoder Statistic	Description/Values	
H.264 Profile	The application profile class for the encoder: e.g., Main, High, or Baseline.	
H.264 Level	The required level of decoder performance to be able to process the video incoming stream: e.g., 3, 3.2, 4, or 4.2	
UTC The Coordinated Universal Time, for example, 15553887030 (2019-Apr-16-4h25m3s53386us)		
Reset	Click to reset the Video Encoder statistics.	

### Makito Decoder Interoperability

The following table lists recommended settings to optimize the Makito X4 encoder configuration to stream to the Makito X decoder (release 2.4 or later):

Video Encoder Parameters	Recommended Settings (H.264/ AVC)	Recommended Settings (H.265/ HEVC)
Encoding Profile	Baseline, Main, and High	Baseline and Main
GOP Structure	I/IP/IBP/IBBP	I/IP/IBP/IBBP
Chroma sub-sampling / pixel depth	4:2:0 8-bit	4:2:0 or 4:2:2 8-bit or 10-bit
Bitrate	3225000	3215000

The following table lists *required* Video Encoder settings when configuring the Makito X4 encoder to interoperate with the Makito Classic (*previous generation*) decoder:

Video Encoder Parameters	Required Settings (H.264 only)
Encoding Profile	Baseline only
GOP Structure	I and IP only
Bitrate	15015000

# **Configuring Audio Encoders**

From the Audio Encoder pages, you can configure up to sixteen independent audio encoders to apply to streams. You can also start, mute, and stop each audio encoder, as well as display statistics for the encoder.

#### 🚹 Note

The Makito X4 is capable of encoding up to 32 channels of audio in channel pair groups.

### Audio Encoders List View

To open the Audio Encoders List View:

1. On the Streaming page, click **Audio Encoders** on the sidebar. The Audio Encoders List View opens.

laivision Makito X4			We	lcome Administrator (	Sign Out) 🤤 😫	≥   � <mark>^</mark>   ≡
Outputs Video Encoders						Apply
Audio Encoders	Name	Input	Channels	Language	Bitrate	Action
Metadata	Audio Encoder 0	Analog	Stereo			None
	Audio Encoder 1	Analog	Stereo			None
	Audio Encoder 2	SDI-1 Ch. 1-2	Stereo		128	None
	Audio Encoder 3	SDI-1 Ch. 1-2	Stereo		128	None
	Audio Encoder 4	SDI-1 Ch. 1-2	Stereo		128	None
	Audio Encoder 5	SDI-1 Ch. 1-2	Stereo		128	None
	Audio Encoder 6	SDI-1 Ch. 1-2	Stereo		128	None
	Audio Encoder 7	SDI-1 Ch. 1-2	Stereo		128	None
	Audio Encoder 8	SDI-1 Ch. 1-2	Stereo		128	None
	Audio Encoder 9	SDI-1 Ch. 1-2	Stereo		128	None
	Audio Encoder 10	SDI-1 Ch. 1-2	Stereo		128	None
	Audio Encoder 11	SDI-1 Ch. 1-2	Stereo		128	None
	Audio Encoder 12	SDI-1 Ch. 1-2	Stereo		128	None
	Audio Encoder 13	SDI-1 Ch. 1-2	Stereo		128	None
	Audio Encoder 14	Analog	Stereo		128	None
	Audio Encoder 15	Analog	Stereo		128	None

#### Audio Encoders List View/ Click link to open Detail View

The Audio Encoders List View displays the status LED, Name, Input, Channel Mode, Language, and Bitrate for each audio encoder.

- 2. From here, you can perform the following tasks:
  - To view details or modify the audio settings for an encoder, click a link in the table to open the Audio Encoder Detail View.
  - To change the status for an encoder input, click the drop-down list under **Action** and select either Start or Stop (as applicable), or Mute.
- 3. To apply your changes, click **Apply**.

## **Configuring Audio Encoder Settings**

From the Audio Encoder Detail View, you can configure audio encoding properties such as the bitrate, encoding algorithm, and language for each encoder.

To configure the Audio Encoding Settings:

 From the Audio Encoders List View, click a link in the table to select the encoder. The Audio Encoder Detail View opens, displaying the current audio settings for the selected encoder.

Video Encoders	tics Mute Stop Apply
Audio Encoders Input	
Metadata Input SDI 1 (1-2)	•
Basic Parameters	
Channel Mode Stereo	
Bitrate 128	*
Sample Rate 48	•
AAC-LC Algorithm MPEG-2 ADTS	•
Language	

- 2. Select or enter the new value(s) in the appropriate field(s). See Audio Encoder Settings.
- 3. To start or stop the encoder, click **Start** or **Stop** (as applicable).
- 4. To mute the audio (when active), click **Mute**.

#### 🚹 Note

When an audio encoder is muted, it still generates audio data, but the audio content is silence. For more information, see "Mute" in "Basic Parameters" in Audio Encoder Settings.

- 5. To view statistics for the encoder, click Statistics. For details, see Audio Encoder Statistics.
- 6. To apply your changes, click **Apply**.
- 7. To return to List View, click Audio Encoders on the sidebar.

#### Related Topics:

• audenc (CLI Command)

# Audio Encoder Settings

The following table lists the Audio Encoder controls and settings:

#### Input Basic Parameters

#### Input Parameters

Audi o Setti ng	Def ault	Description/Values
lnpu t	SDI1 (1-2 )	Select the Audio Input for the encoder. • SDI1 (1-2) (15-16) • SDI2 (1-2) (15-16) • SDI3 (1-2) (15-16) • SDI4 (1-2) (15-16)

#### Input Basic Parameters

#### **Basic Parameters**

Audio Setting	Default	Description/Values		
Channel Mode	Stereo	Select the number and type of audio channels to encode: • Stereo • Mono-Left • Mono-Right		
Bitrate	128 kbps	Select the Audio Bitrate for the encoder: • Mono: 56 to 160 kbps • Stereo: 80 to 320 kbps		
Sample Rate (kHz)	48 kHz	The number of audio samples per second taken from the incoming signal. 48 kHz only.		
AAC-LC Algorithm MPEG-2 ADTS		<ul> <li>The audio compression algorithm:</li> <li>MPEG-2 ADTS - Encodes audio using the ISO/IEC 13818-7 MPEG-2 AAC-LC algorithm with an ADTS header. (Default)</li> <li>MPEG-4 LOAS/LATM - Encodes audio using the ISO/IEC 14496-3 MPEG-4 AACLC algorithm with a LOAS/LATM header.</li> </ul>		
Language	n/a	(Optional) To specify the language of the input, start typing letters and select the language from the list. The language values are three-letter codes, defined in ISO 639-2 (https://www.loc.gov/standards/iso639-2/php/ code_list.php).		
Statistics	n/a	Click Statistics to view statistics for the encoder. See Audio Encoder Statistics.		

Audio Setting	Default	Description/Values
Mute	n/a	Click Mute to encode silence instead of the selected audio input. For example, this may be used when you do not wish to encode the audio but the decoder being used does not support decoding of video only streams.
Stop Start	n/a	Click <b>Stop</b> to stop an active encoder. Click <b>Start</b> to start or restart a stopped encoder.

#### **Related Topics**

• Audio Encoding (in Technical Specifications)

# Audio Encoder Statistics

The following table lists the Audio Encoder statistics:

Audio Encoder Statistic	Description/Values
State	The current operating status of the encoder, either: <ul> <li>WORKING</li> <li>STOPPED</li> </ul>
Encoded Frames	Number of encoded frames.
Encoded Bytes	Number of encoded bytes.
Encoded Bitrate	The audio bitrate used for the encoder (in kbps).
Encoder Errors	Number of audio encoding errors.
Encoder PTS	The current encoder Presentation Time Stamp (PTS) based on a 90 kHz clock: e.g., 0x138a56483
STC Source Interface	(only available when State is WORKING) The audio input from which the audio STC (System Time Clock) is derived: either BNC-1, BNC-2, BNC-3 or BNC-4.
Maximum Sample Value	The largest sample in the last audio frame (total of 1024 samples per frame). (Duration: 21 ms)
Reset	Click to reset the Audio Encoder statistics.

# **Configuring Metadata Capture**

From the Metadata pages, you can configure the Makito X4 to capture either KLV (Key Length Value) or CoT (Cursor on Target) metadata and then incorporate data information within the metadata elementary stream of the standard MPEG Transport Stream.

You can set up multiple metadata inputs to include in Transport Streams. The Makito X4 supports up to three metadata input types:

Input Type	Description
SDI	The Makito X4 extracts KLV metadata packets from the HD-SDI interface as per MISB RP 0605.2. See Configuring HD-SDI Metadata Sources.
Netwo rk	The Makito X4 captures metadata from a user definable network port (up to eight UDP inputs). The encoder can receive either (a) KLV payload encapsulated in UDP or (b) CoT inside UDP that is converted to KLV and then streamed. See <b>Configuring Network Metadata Sources</b> .
Serial port	(Makito X4 Rugged only) The Makito X4 Rugged extracts either KLV or CoT metadata packets from the COM1 serial port (Release 1.1 and greater). See Configuring Serial Metadata Sources.

The Makito X4 auto-detects the hardware setup of the encoder. SDI metadata sources are created automatically at startup by the system. UDP sources must be manually created by the user. The Makito X4 supports insertion of multiple metadata sources into the same KLV Elementary Stream.

The Makito X4 supports both synchronous and asynchronous KLV metadata stream signaling and AU (Access Unit) transport support. When configuring an (Output) stream, you can select the encapsulation type to use for the associated KLV metadata source.

CoT/UDP and CoT/Serial metadata sources can also be retransmitted to other IP destinations for followup analysis by third party systems. For more information, see **CoT Relaying**.

You can define a small set of static KLV objects (i.e., mission IDs and security classification) for KLV and CoT metadata sources. For more information, see Mission ID/Security Data Set Insertion.

### **Metadata List View**

To open the Metadata List View:

1. On the Streaming page, click **General Settings** on the navigation bar and **Metadata** on the sidebar. The Metadata List View opens, displaying the list of defined Metadata sources for the encoder. The four SDI metadata sources are provided by default.

Haivision Makito X <sup>4</sup>		Welcome Administrator (Sign Out) 🛛 🛞	
Outputs Video Encoders			Apply a Network or HD-SDI source
Audio Encoders	Name Typ	pe Format Parameters	Action
Metadata	HD-SDI-BNC-1 HD	D-SDI KLV	None 💌
	HD-SDI-BNC-2 HD	D-SDT KLV	None 🔻
	HD-SDI-BNC-3 HD	D-SDI KLV	None 👻
	HD-SDI-BNC-4 HD	D-SDI KLV	None 🔻
	Metadata	Sources List View/	

Click link to open Detail View

The Metadata List View displays the Status LED, source Name, Type, Format, and selected Parameters for each source.

- 2. From here, you can perform the following tasks:
  - To view or modify source details, click a link in the table to open the Metadata Detail View.
  - To add a Network or HD-SDI source, click the 🔮 Add button.
  - To change the status for a source, click the drop-down list under **Action** and select either Start or Stop (as applicable). You can also delete a Network source.
- To apply your changes, click Apply. The following example shows the Metadata List View with serial and network sources added (Makito X4 Rugged).

Haivision Makito X⁴			Weld	come Administrator (Sign Out)	⊗   🏟   😣	≡
Outputs Video Encoders				0	Apply	
Audio Encoders	Name	Туре	Format	Parameters	Action	
Metadata		Serial	СоТ	Max AirCraft-SPI Delta 0 ms	None	•
	• HD-SDI-BNC-1	HD-SDI	KLV		None	•
	• HD-SDI-BNC-2	HD-SDI	KLV		None	•
	• HD-SDI-BNC-3	HD-SDI	KLV		None	•
	• HD-SDI-BNC-4	HD-SDI	KLV		None	•
	KLV_UDP	Network	KLV	udp://@(any):4800	None	-
	• CoT_UDP	Network	СоТ	udp://@10.65.11.149:25000	None	•

### **Configuring HD-SDI Metadata Sources**

The Makito X4 auto-detects the hardware setup of the encoder and automatically creates the source(s) if SDI video is connected.

#### 🚹 Note

Only progressive scan formats are supported (i.e., 1280x720p and 1920x1080p). The Makito X4 can capture only 1024 bytes of KLV metadata per video frame.

To configure HD-SDI metadata sources:

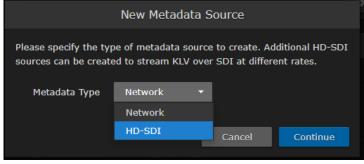
1. From the Metadata List View, click the link for the HD-SDI metadata source. The HD-SDI Source Detail View opens.

Outputs	✔ HD-SDI-BNC-1	Statistics Start Apply
Video Encoders		
Audio Encoders	Metadata Source Name	
Metadata		
	Name HD-SDI-BNC-1	
	HD-SDI Input BNC-1	
	Decimation Settings	
	Decimation None	
	UAS KLV Tag Filtering	OFF
	UAS KLV Security Tag Filtering	OFF)
	Mission ID Insertion	
	Mission ID	
	Security Data Set Insertion	OFF)
r -		

or

2. To create an additional HD-SDI source, from the Metadata List View, click the 💌 Add button.

3. On the New Metadata Source dialog, select HD-SDI for the Metadata Type and click Continue.



The Create New Metadata Source page opens.

4. Type in the Name for the source.

#### **Decimation Settings:**

- 5. To configure frame-decimation to reduce the bandwidth used by the metadata service, select either a decimation factor or reference encoder from the Decimation drop-down list. See "Decimation" (under "HD-SDI Sources") in Metadata Settings.
- 6. Select or enter the remaining value(s). For details on the Metadata fields, see Metadata Settings.

#### UAS KLV Tag Filtering:

7. To filter MISB 0601 metadata tags to eliminate unwanted KLV information, see UAS KLV Tag Filtering.

#### Mission ID/Security Data Set Insertion:

- 8. To configure a mission ID or security data to replace or insert, see Mission ID/Security Data Set Insertion.
- 9. To apply your changes and start the Metadata stream, click Apply.
- 10. To start or stop the stream, click **Start** or **Stop** (as applicable).
- 11. To view Metadata statistics, click Statistics. For details, see Metadata Statistics.
- 12. To return to the List View, click **Metadata** on the sidebar.

#### **Related Topics**

- Metadata Settings
- metadata (CLI Command)

### **Configuring Network Metadata Sources**

You can configure the Makito X4 to capture metadata from a user definable network port (up to eight UDP inputs). The encoder can receive either (a) KLV payload encapsulated in UDP or (b) CoT inside UDP that is converted to KLV and then streamed (see CoT/UDP with SPI Message Filtering Based on UID).

You must specify the UDP port on which the Makito X4 will listen for incoming metadata. However, the IP Address is only required for reception of multicast metadata, or if you only want to accept messages coming from a specific sender.

To add a network metadata source:

- 1. From the Metadata List View, click the 🕚 Add button.
- 2. On the New Metadata Source dialog, select Network for the Metadata Type and click **Continue**.

New Metadata Source				
Please specify the type of metadata source to create. Additional HD-SDI sources can be created to stream KLV over SDI at different rates.				
Metadata Type	Network	•		
	Network			
	HD-SDI	Cancel	Continue	

3. On the Create New Metadata Source page, type in the Name for the source.

Outputs	Create New Metatada Source	Create
Video Encoders Audio Encoders	Metadata Source Name	
Metadata	Name	
	Input Settings	
	Data Format KLV 👻	
	Network Settings	
	IP Address	
	Port	
	Mission ID Insertion	
	Mission ID	
	Security Data Set Insertion	OFF

#### **Input and Serial Settings**

4. If CoT has been installed, select CoT for the Data Format (under Input Settings).

Input Settings		
Data Format	CoT 🔹	
Max AirCraft-SPI Delta	500	(0-1000) ms
Sensor Discovery		
SPI UID		

5. Select or enter the remaining value(s). For details on the Metadata fields, see Metadata Settings.

#### **CoT Relaying**

6. (Optional) To set up CoT retransmission, see CoT Relaying.

#### Mission ID/Security Data Set Insertion

- 7. (Optional) To configure a mission ID or security data to replace or insert, see Mission ID/Security Data Set Insertion.
- 8. To apply your changes and start the Metadata stream, click **Apply**.
- 9. To start or stop the stream, click Start or Stop (as applicable).
- 10. To view Metadata statistics, click Statistics. For details, see Metadata Statistics.
- 11. To return to the List View, click Metadata on the sidebar.

#### **Related Topics**

- Metadata Settings
- metadata (CLI Command)

### **Configuring Serial Metadata Sources**

#### 🚹 Note

The Makito X4 Rugged automatically creates the Serial metadata source if the COM Port Mode is set to Metadata.

You can configure the Makito X4 Rugged to extract either KLV or CoT metadata packets from the serial port. You must specify the Data Format, and for CoT metadata, the Max AirCraftSPI Delta.

To configure the Serial metadata source:

1. From the Metadata List View, click the link for the Serial metadata source (i.e., the first line in the table).

2. On the Serial Source Detail View, type in the Name for the source.

Outputs	<		Statistics	Start	Apply
Video Encoders					
Audio Encoders Metadata	Metadata Source Na	ime			
	Name				
	Input Settings				
	Data Format	CoT	•		
	Max AirCraft-SPI Delta	0	(0-1000)	ms	
	Sensor Discovery				
	SPI UID				
	Serial Settings				
	COM Port	RS-232	•		
	Baud Rate	115200	•		
	Data Bits				
	Parity				
	Stop Bits				
	Flow Control				
	CoT Relaying				OFF
	Mission ID Insertion				
	Mission ID				
	Security Data Set Ir	nsertion			OFF

#### **Input and Serial Settings**

- 3. If CoT has been installed, select CoT for the Data Format (under Input Settings).
- 4. Select or enter the remaining value(s). For details on the Metadata fields, see Metadata Settings. CoT Relaying
- 5. (Optional) To set up CoT retransmission, see CoT Relaying. Mission ID/Security Data Set Insertion
- 6. (Optional) To configure a mission ID or security data to replace or insert, see Mission ID/Security Data Set Insertion.
- 7. To apply your changes and start the Metadata stream, click Apply.
- 8. To start or stop the stream, click **Start** or **Stop** (as applicable)
- 9. To view Metadata statistics, click Statistics. For details, see Metadata Statistics.

10. To return to the List View, click **Metadata** on the sidebar.

#### **Related Topics**

- Metadata Settings
- metadata (CLI Command)

## Metadata Settings

The following table lists the encoder Metadata controls and settings:

#### HD-SDI Sources Network Sources Serial Sources (Rugged Encoder only)

#### **HD-SDI Sources**

Metadata Setting	Defa ult	Description/Values
Metadata Sc	ource Na	ime
Name	n/a	Enter a unique name for the source.
HD-SDI Input	BNC- 1	<ul> <li>(From the List View) Select the Input port for the metadata source.</li> <li>BNC-1</li> <li>BNC-2</li> <li>BNC-3</li> <li>BNC-4</li> </ul>
Decimation	Settings	
Decimation	None	<ul> <li>(Optional) For KLV over SDI metadata input, the ingested KLV messages can be frame-decimated to reduce the bandwidth used by the metadata service. Select either the decimation factor or a reference encoder to match its video frame rate.</li> <li>None</li> <li>By Factor: 1/21/60</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Note</li> <li>1/2 means divide the amount by half, etc.</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>With Encoder: Select a video encoder from the drop-down list and the metadata AU rate will match the video encoder frame rate.</li> </ul>
UAS KLV Ta	g Filteri	ng (See UAS KLV Tag Filtering)
UAS KLV Tag Filtering	off	<ul> <li>Specifies a list of tag numbers/labels from the UAS Datalink Local Set that are allowed to be streamed. Tags not included in this list will be discarded. Select either:</li> <li>None</li> <li>Minimum Set: the set of metadata objects as define in MISB 0902.</li> <li>All: the set of metadata objects as define in MISB 0601.</li> </ul>
UAS KLV Security Tag Filtering	off	<ul> <li>Specifies a list of tag numbers/labels from the Security Local Data set inside the UAS that are allowed to be streamed. Tags not included will be discarded. Select either: <ul> <li>None</li> <li>Minimum Set: the set of metadata objects as define in MISB 0902.</li> <li>All: the set of metadata objects as define in MISB 0102.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Yes the set of metadata objects as define in MISB 0102.</li> <li>Yes the set of metadata objects as define in MISB 0102.</li> </ul>
KLV Insertio	n (See M	Aission ID/Security Data Set Insertion)
Mission ID Insertion	n/a	Enter a string of up to 127 characters.

Security Data Set Insertion	off	(KLV input only) When set to On, enables reclassification of received UAS KLV messages. on,off
Security Classificatio n	uncla ssifie d	<ul><li>Specifies the classification of the security data set. Select either:</li><li>unclassified, restricted, confidential, secret, topsecret</li></ul>
Country Coding Method	ISO 3166- 1 alph a-3	Specifies the use of 3-letter country codes.
Classifying Country	n/a	The ISO 3166-1 3-letter code for the classifying country.
Object Country Codes	n/a	The ISO 3166-1 3-letter code(s) for up to six object countries separated by semicolons.

#### HD-SDI Sources Network Sources Serial Sources (Rugged Encoder only)

#### **Network Sources**

Metadata Setting	Defa ult	Description/Values	
Metadata So	Metadata Source Name		
Name	n/a	Enter a unique name for the source.	

Input Settin	gs	
Data Format	KLV	<ul><li>Select the data format for the metadata.</li><li>KLV (Key Length Value)</li><li>CoT (Cursor on Target)</li></ul>
Max AirCraft- SPI Delta	0 ms	Note     Only available if CoT has been installed.
Sensor Discovery	Disab led	(CoT input only) Check this checkbox to enable discovery of SPI UIDs that will be shown in the SPI UID field below and can then be potentially used as the SPI UID for SPI message filtering.
SPI UID	n/a	(CoT input only) Double-click the text box to display the list of the SPI messages detected by the Makito Xand select a string for the UID filter.
Network Se	ttings	
IP Address	n/a	(Optional) The address is only required for reception of multicast metadata. In this case, you need to provide the multicast IP address to which the data is being sent. You can also specify the address if you only want to accept KLV messages coming from a specific sender.
Port	n/a	(Required) Specifies the local UDP port on the Makito X that is receiving the packets.
CoT Relayin	g (See (	CoT Relaying)
CoT Relaying	off	When set to On, the system will retransmit received CoT/UDP or CoT/Serial metadata to up to 8 other hosts over UDP. See <b>CoT Relaying</b> for details of adding a relay host.
+Relay	n/a	Use to specify the IP address and UDP port for each relayed packets. You can optionally specify the TTL and ToS.
TTL	64	(Time-to Live for stream packets) Specifies the number of router hops that IP packets from this stream are allowed to traverse before being discarded. Range = 1255
ToS	OxB8	(Type of Service) Specifies the desired quality of service (QoS). This value will be assigned to the Type of Service field of the IP Header for the outgoing streams. Range = 0255 (decimal) or 0x000xFF (hex)
		<ul> <li>important         A DiffServ or DSCP (Differentiated Services Code Point) value must be converted to a ToS precedence value. For example, AF41 or DSCP 34 becomes ToS 136. For more information, see RFC2474.     </li> </ul>
		Note The ToS setting must be chosen so as to not interfere with Voice over IP systems and other equipment that may reside on your network. For example, when the ToS value for a stream is set to 0xB8, it can interfere with some third party Voice / IP Telephony systems.
KLV Insertio	n (See l	Mission ID/Security Data Set Insertion <b>)</b>
Mission ID Insertion	n/a	Enter a string of up to 127 characters.

Security Data Set Insertion	off	(KLV input only) When set to On, enables reclassification of received UAS KLV messages. on,off
Security Classificati on	uncla ssifie d	<ul><li>Specifies the classification of the security data set. Select either:</li><li>unclassified, restricted, confidential, secret, topsecret</li></ul>
Country Coding Method	ISO 3166- 1 alpha -3	Specifies the use of 3-letter country codes.
Classifying Country	n/a	The ISO 3166-1 3-letter code for the classifying country.
Object Country Codes	n/a	The ISO 3166-1 3-letter code(s) for up to six object countries separated by semicolons.

### HD-SDI Sources Network Sources Serial Sources (Rugged Encoder only)

#### Serial Sources (Rugged Encoder only)

Metadata Setting	Defaul t	Description/Values	
Metadata Source Name			
Name	n/a	Enter a unique name for the source.	
Input Settings			
Data Format	KLV	Select the data format for the metadata: • KLV (Key Length Value) • CoT (Cursor on Target)	
Max AirCraft- SPI Delta	0 ms	(CoT input only) Specifies the maximum delta between SPI and Aircraft message timestamps for them to be considered a valid pair that can be converted to KLV. 01000 ms	
Sensor Discovery	Disabl ed	(CoT input only) Check this checkbox to enable discovery of SPI UIDs that will be shown in the SPI UID field below and can then be potentially used as the SPI UID for SPI message filtering.	
SPI UID	n/a	(CoT input only) Double-click the text box to display the list of the SPI messages detected by the Makito Xand select a string for the UID filter.	
Serial Settings	;		
COM Port	RS-23 2	<ul> <li>Select the type of Serial interface:</li> <li>RS-232</li> <li>RS-422 (only available if the Metadata Capture option is installed).</li> </ul>	
Baud Rate	11520 0	Select the bitrate for the COM Port to match the protocol for connected RS-232/422 equipment. Choose from: 1200, 2400, 4800, 9600, 19200, 38400, 57600 or 115200.	
Data Bits	8	Select the number of data bits for the COM Port.	

Parity	None	Select the parity for the COM Port.
Stop Bits	1	Select the number of stop bits for the COM Port.
Flow Control	None	Select the flow control for the COM Port.
CoT Relaying (See CoT Relaying)		
CoT Relaying	off	When set to On, the system will retransmit received CoT/UDP or CoT/Serial metadata to up to 8 other hosts over UDP. See CoT Relaying for details of adding a relay host.
+Relay	n/a	Use to specify the IP address and UDP port for each relayed packets. You can optionally specify the TTL and ToS.
TTL	64	(Time-to Live for stream packets) Specifies the number of router hops that IP packets from this stream are allowed to traverse before being discarded. Range = 1255
ToS	OxB8	(Type of Service) Specifies the desired quality of service (QoS). This value will be assigned to the Type of Service field of the IP Header for the outgoing streams. Range = 0255 (decimal) or 0x000xFF (hex)
		<ul> <li>Important         A DiffServ or DSCP (Differentiated Services Code Point) value must be converted to a ToS precedence value. For example, AF41 or DSCP 34 becomes ToS 136. For more information, see RFC2474.     </li> </ul>
		▲ Note The ToS setting must be chosen so as to not interfere with Voice over IP systems and other equipment that may reside on your network. For example, when the ToS value for a stream is set to 0xB8, it can interfere with some third party Voice / IP Telephony systems.
KLV Insertion	(See Mis	sion ID/Security Data Set Insertion)
Mission ID Insertion	n/a	Enter a string of up to 127 characters.
Security Data Set Insertion	off	(KLV input only) When set to On, enables reclassification of received UAS KLV messages. on,off
Security Classification	unclas sified	<ul><li>Specifies the classification of the security data set. Select either:</li><li>unclassified, restricted, confidential, secret, topsecret</li></ul>
Country Coding Method		ISO 3166-1 alpha-3
Classifying Country	n/a	The ISO 3166-1 3-letter code for the classifying country.
Object Country Codes	n/a	The ISO 3166-1 3-letter code(s) for up to six object countries separated by semicolons.

### **Related Topics**

### • ISR Metadata (Optional) (in Technical Specifications)

### **Metadata Statistics**

The following table lists the Metadata statistics:

Metadata Statistic	Description/Values
State	The current operating status of the stream, either: • WORKING • STOPPED
Rx Bytes	Number of received bytes.
Rx OK Messages	Number of successfully received messages.
Rx Corrupt Messages	Number of corrupt or failed messages.
KLV Bitrate	The bitrate used for the metadata source (in kbps).
Source Address	(UDP input only) The IP address of the Network source.
Rx SPI Messages	(CoT input only) Number of received SPI (Sensor Point of Interest) messages.
Rx AirCraft Messages	(CoT input only) Number of received Aircraft messages.
Generated KLV Messages	(CoT input only) Number of generated KLV messages.
Generated KLV Bytes	(CoT input only) Number of generated KLV bytes.
RX Filtered SPI Messages	(CoT input only) Number of filtered SPI Messages.
Reset	Click to reset the Metadata statistics.

### CoT/UDP with SPI Message Filtering Based on UID

### 🔥 Note

CoT SPI filtering applies to CoT/UDP and CoT/Serial services.

The Makito X accepts raw CoT metadata over UDP (no SerialID wrapper) and filters the SPI (Sensor Point of Interest) messages based on a user-supplied string. If the string appears in the SPI message, then it is passed through and combined with the platform message before conversion to KLV. This allows platforms that generate multiple SPI messages to filter out unwanted incoming messages.

If the UDP port is receiving CoT, you may specify a UID filter string. If the string is present in a SPI message UID field, then the message is passed. Otherwise the message is discarded. (The format of the SPI UID filter string is a text string containing alphanumeric characters.)

In order to avoid input errors for the SPI filter string, the Makito X collects a list of the received SPI messages. You can then select a string from this list for the UID filter string.

Platform and filtered SPI messages will be converted to KLV. Only a single SPI message is supported. The KLV (converted from CoT/UDP) is multiplexed into the MPEG-2 TS stream.

The Makito X supports multiplexing of metadata sources.

### **Related Topics**

- Metadata Settings
- metadata (CLI Command)

### CoT Relaying

From the Metadata Detail View, you can configure retransmission of COT metadata received over the UDP or Serial (Makito X4 Rugged only) interface. The metadata will be retransmitted as a CoT/UDP unicast or multicast stream so that multiple CoT listeners can access the source CoT data. You can retransmit up to eight (8) CoT/UDP messages.

To configure CoT Retransmission:

- 1. From the Metadata List View, click the link for the CoT metadata source to retransmit. For details on setting up the metadata source, see **Setting Up Streaming Outputs**.
- 2. On the Metadata Detail View, if necessary, scroll down the page and toggle the CoT Relaying button to **On**.

CoT Relaying			
All Acti			0
IP Address	Port	ΠL	ToS

- 3. To add a CoT retransmission destination, click +Relay.
- 4. On the Add CoT Relay dialog, enter the IP Address and Port for the destination. Adjust the TTL and TOS values if required.

Add CoT Relay				
IP Address				
Port				
TTL (1 - 255)	Auto-Detect			
ToS (0x00 - 0xFF)	Auto-Detect			
	Cancel	Add		

5. Click Add.

The stream is added to the list:

6. To edit or delete a CoT relay destination, select the relay from the list and select **Edit** or **Delete** from the Actions drop-down menu.

### **Related Topics**

- Metadata Settings
- metadata (CLI Command)

### UAS KLV Tag Filtering

You can filter MISB 0601 metadata tags on a per tag basis, by specifying all or any subset of the MISB 0601 tags. If a tag is included, it is allowed to proceed to the metadata elementary stream (ES). Tags that are not included are filtered out of the metadata AU and not transmitted in the metadata ES. Non-MISB 0601 metadata (such as MISB 0605 or custom metadata adhering to SMPTE 336) is not affected by the MISB 0601 filtering.

When filtering MISB 0601 metadata tag 48 (security metadata), you can also filter the security metadata tags defined in MISB 0102.

This is useful to eliminate unwanted KLV information in order to minimize the metadata bandwidth required. You may choose to down-scale and frame-decimate the video and decimate the metadata as well.

To filter UAS KLV metadata tags:

- 1. From the Metadata List View, click the link for the metadata source to filter.
- 2. On the Metadata Detail View, to filter MISB 0601 metadata tags, toggle the UAS KLV Tag Filtering button to **On** and select the scope of filtering from the Included UAS Tags drop-down list.

UAS KLV Tag Filterin	g	
Included UAS Tags	Minimum Set 🛛 🔻	
	1 - Checksum $ imes$ 2 - Precision Time Stamp $ imes$ 3 - Mission ID $ imes$	
	5 - Platform Heading Angle $\times$ 6 - Platform Pitch Angle $\times$	
	7 - Platform Roll Angle × 10 - Platform Designation ×	
	11 - Image Source Sensor $ imes$ 12 - Image Coordinate System $ imes$	
	13 - Sensor Latitude $ imes$ 14 - Sensor Longitude $ imes$	
	15 - Sensor True Altitude $ imes$ 16 - Sensor Horizontal field of View $ imes$	
	17 - Sensor Vertical Field of View $ imes$	
	18 - Sensor Relative Azimuth Angle $ imes$	
	19 - Sensor Relative Elevation Angle $ imes$	
	20 - Sensor Relative Roll Angle $\times$ 21 - Slant Range $\times$	
	22 - Target Width $ imes$ 23 - Frame Center Latitude $ imes$	
	24 - Frame Center Longitude $\times$ 25 - Frame Center Elevation $\times$	
	48 - Security Local Set $ imes$ 65 - UAS Datalink LS Version Number $ imes$	
	75 - Sensor Ellipsoid Height $ imes$	
	78 - Frame Center Height Above Ellipsoid $ imes$	
	90 - Platform Pitch Angle (Full) $ imes$ 91 - Platform Roll Angle (Full) $ imes$	
	94 - MIIS Core Identifier × 96 - Target Width Extended ×	
	104 - Sensor Ellipsoid Height Extended $ imes$	

• To fine-tune the list on a per tag basis, as you browse through the list, click **X** next to a tag number/label to exclude the tag, i.e., filter it out of the metadata. This creates a new option "Custom Set" on the Included UAS Tags drop-down list.

### 🕑 Tip

Make sure #48 is included under UAS KLV Tag Filtering.

(Optional) To filter the security metadata tags defined in MISB 0102:

1. On the Metadata Detail View, toggle the UAS KLV Security Tag Filtering button to **On** and select the scope of filtering from the Included Security Tags drop-down list.

UAS KLV Security Tag	Filtering					ON	D
Included	Security Tags	Minimur	n Set	•			
		None					
	1 - Security Cl	Minimur	n Set				
	2 - Classifying Method	All			ctions Country C	Coding	
	3 - Classifying	Country	4 - Security	-SCI/S	HI information		
	5 - Caveats	6 - Releas	ing Instructio	ons			
	12 - Object Co	untry Cod	ing Method	13 - 0	Object Country C	Codes	
	22 - Version						Ŧ

2. Fill in the remaining Metadata Detail fields and click **Apply**.

### **Related Topics**

- Metadata Settings
- metadata (CLI Command)

### Mission ID/Security Data Set Insertion

From the Metadata Detail View, you can define a small set of static KLV objects (i.e., mission IDs and security classification) for KLV and CoT metadata sources. This allows customers to modify erroneous or insert missing metadata within outbound TS steams. The following options are available:

- **Mission ID Insertion:** Configure a mission ID string of up to 127 characters: When the mission ID is configured, any received UAS KLV dataset will be processed in order to modify the existing mission ID or add a mission ID element if not there with the configured value.
- Security Data Set Insertion: Enable or disable the update/generation of the security data set in UAS messages: When this feature is enabled, you then specify the classification (Unclassified, Restricted, Confidential, Secret, or Top Secret), the classifying country, and the object country/ies (up to 6) (using the proper ISO 3-letter country code).

In both cases, the mission ID or security data will get replaced or inserted with the ones created by the Makito X4 based on the configuration.

To configure static KLV objects:

- 1. From the Metadata List View, click the link for the metadata source to define static KLV objects. For details on setting up the metadata source, see **Setting Up Streaming**.
- 2. On the Metadata Detail View, if necessary, scroll down the page and (optional) type or copy in a mission ID string (up to 127 characters) in the Mission ID text box.

Outputs		1	Statistics	Start	Apply
Video Encoders					
Audio Encoders	Metadata Source Na	ame			
Metadata	Name				
	Name	HD-SDI-BNC-1			
	HD-SDI Input				
	Decimation Setting				
	Decimation	None	•		
	UAS KLV Tag Filteri	ng			OFF
	UAS KLV Security T	ag Filtering			OFF
	Mission ID Insertior				
	Mission ID	[			
	Security Data Set I	nsertion			OFF

3. (Optional) To enable the update/generation of the security data set in UAS messages, toggle the Security Data Set Insertion button to **On**.

Security Data Set In	isertion		
Security Classification	UNCLASSIFIED	<b>•</b>	
Country Coding Method	ISO 3166-1 alpha-3	•	
Classifying Country			
Object Country Codes		(Maximum 6 deli	nited by a semicolon)

4. Fill in the remaining fields and click **Apply**.

### **Related Topics**

- Metadata Settings
- metadata (CLI Command)

Click to add

## **Configuring Streaming Outputs**

From the Outputs pages, you can create multiple output streams using the defined video encoders, audio encoders, and metadata (if applicable). Each output stream is configured independently. For details see:

- Configuring Video Encoders
- Configuring Audio Encoders
- Configuring Metadata Capture

### **Outputs List View**

To open the Outputs List View:

1. On the Streaming page, click **Outputs** on the sidebar. The Outputs List View opens, displaying the list of defined streams for the encoder.

					a stream
Haivision Makito X <sup>4</sup>			Welcome Adn	ninistrator (Sign Out)	$ \otimes  \diamond   \equiv  $
Outputs Video Encoders				(	Apply
Audio Encoders	o <u>Name</u> ▲	Protocol	Destination	Content	Action
Metadata	Output 1	TS over SRT	10.65.11.154:99	Video Audio	None 🔻
	Output 2	TS over UDP	10.65.11.22:100	00 Video Audio Metad	ata None 🔻
	udpOn9070	TS over UDP	10.65.11.154:9	0 Video	None 🔻
		s List View/ nk to open I view curre	Detail View	tion	

The Outputs List View displays the status LED, Stream Name, Protocol, Destination (IP Address and Port), and selected Content (Video/Audio Encoders and Metadata source) for each stream.

- 2. From here, you can perform the following tasks:
  - To create an output stream, click the 🔮 Add button.
  - To view details or modify the settings for a stream, click a link in the table under **Name** to open the Outputs Detail View.

• To view the video or audio encoder or metadata source for a stream, hover over a link in the table under **Content** to display the configuration information.

			€	Apply	
o <u>Name</u> ▲	<u>Protocol</u>	Destination v	ideo Encoder 0	Actio	n
• MXD42	TS over SRT	10.65.11.154:9946	Video Audio	None	•
loopUOn9070	TS over UDP	127.0.0.1:9070	Video	None	•
• udpOn9070	TS over UDP	10.65.11.154:9070	Video	None	•

			€	Apply
	<u>Protocol</u>	<b>Destination</b>	Content	Action
(None)	TS over SRT	10.65.11.154:9946		None 🔻
loopUOn9070	TS over UDP	127.0.0.1:9070	Video	None 🔻
• udpOn9070	TS over UDP	10.65.11.154:9070	Video	None 🔻

- To change the status for an existing stream, click the drop-down list under **Action** and select either Start or Stop (as applicable), or Delete.
- To sort the streams by Name, Protocol, Destination IP, or Content, you can click on a column header to sort by that column. The first click sorts by ascending order, indicated by an up arrow next to the column header. Clicking again sorts by descending order, indicated by a down arrow next to the column header.
- 3. To apply your changes, click **Apply**.

### Setting Up Streaming Outputs

From the Outputs Detail View, you can create and configure streams, start and stop streaming, and display statistics for streams. When creating a stream, you begin by selecting the content sources and then configure broadcasting, destination, link, and other streaming parameters.

To configure Output Steaming parameters:

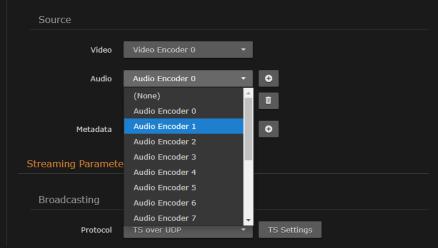
From the Outputs List View, click a link in the table for an existing stream, or click the 
 Add button to add a stream.

#### The Outputs Detail View opens.

Content			
Name			
Source			
Video	Video Encoder 0	•	
Audio	Audio Encoder 0	- O	
Metadata	(None)	- O	
Streaming Paramete	ers		
Broadcasting			
Protocol	TS over UDP	▼ TS Settings	
Destination			
Port			
Link Parameters			
Timing & Shaping	VBR	•	
МТО	1496	(232 - 1500)	
TTL	64	(1 - 255)	
ToS	0x80	(0x00 - 0xFF)	
SAP			
	Video Audio Metadata Streaming Parameter Broadcasting Destination Destination Address Port Link Parameters Timing & Shaping MTU	Source Video Encoder 0 Audio Audio Encoder 0 Metadata (None) Streaming Parameters Broadcasting Protocol TS over UDP Destination TS over UDP Destination Inter Address [ Address [ Address ] Saper State (State (Stat	Source Video Video Encoder 0  Audio Audio Encoder 0  Metadata  None)  Streaming Parameters  Protocol TS over UDP TS Settings  Destination  Address  Fort  Destination  Kithe Parameters  Timing & Shaping VBR  (1 - 255) (1 - 25) (

2. Enter the stream name and select the sources (Video, Audio, and Metadata, if applicable). See Streaming Output Settings.

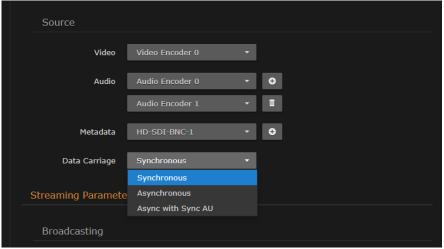
3. To configure multi-track audio, click the **\* Add** button next to the Audio field and select the next Audio Encoder to add to the stream.



### Important

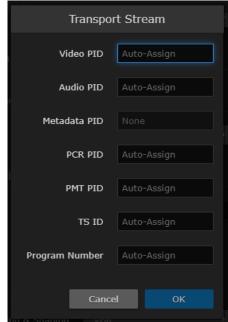
Audio sources should always be associated with the same video interface for the dual channel SDI encoder. Selecting Analog or SDI audio sources that do not originate from the same video source is not recommended as audio artifacts will result at the decoder. For example, selecting video from BNC1 and audio from BNC2 will cause audio artifacts. Analog audio must be associated with a single BNC input.

4. To add metadata to the stream, select the Metadata source, and (optionally) select the encapsulation type (Data Carriage).



- 5. To stream metadata from multiple sources, click the \* Add button next to the Metadata field and select the next metadata source to add to the stream.
- 6. Under Broadcasting, select the Protocol.

7. To configure the Transport Stream settings (for TS over UDP, RTP, or SRT), click **TS Settings** and enter the values.



### 8. **Important**

The ToS setting must be chosen so as to not interfere with Voice over IP systems and other equipment that may reside on your network.

- 9. To configure a stream using the SRT (Secure Reliable Transport) streaming protocol, select TS over SRT for the Protocol and then complete the additional fields under Connection and SRT Settings. See Configuring Secure Reliable Transport (SRT).
- 10. To configure SAP network announcements, check the "Transmit SAP" checkbox and fill in the SAP fields. For details, see Session Announcement Protocol (SAP).

SAP	
Transmit SAP	
Name	
Description	
Keywords	
Author	
Copyright	
Address	auto-assign
Port	9875

11. Click **Apply** to apply your changes and start streaming.

#### 12. To start or stop streaming, click **Start** or **Stop** (as applicable).

<	MXD42		Statistics	Stop	Apply
Cor	Content				
	Name	MXD42			

- 13. To view streaming statistics, click Statistics. For details, see Output Statistics.
- 14. To return to List View, click **Outputs** on the sidebar.

### **Related Topics**

- Output Settings
- **stream** (CLI Command)

### Setting Up a Second Stream

To create a second stream:

- 1. On the Outputs List View, click the 🕚 Add button again.
- 2. Follow the steps in **Setting Up Streaming Outputs** to configure the second session. Except for the Video Source, select a different Video Encoder. For example, if you selected Video Encoder 0 for the first stream, now select Video Encoder 2 (to capture input from SDI Input 2, as shown in the following example).

New Stream			Create
Content			
Name			
Source			
Video	Video Encoder 0 🔹		
	(None)		
Audio	Video Encoder 0	€	
Metadata	Video Encoder 1 Video Encoder 2	•	
	Video Encoder 3		
Streaming Paramete	Video Encoder 4		
	Video Encoder 5		
Broadcasting	Video Encoder 6		
	Video Encoder 7		
Protocol	TS over UDP 🔹	TS Settings	

- 3. Also, under Streaming Parameters Destination, use a different Port number, for example, 2400.
- 4. Click **Apply** to start streaming.

### Session Announcement Protocol (SAP)

You can also enable or disable SAP network announcements. Session Announcement Protocol (SAP) is a protocol for advertising multicast or unicast session information. SAP periodically multicasts session description information on an industry standard multicast address and port. When received by remote participants, these announcements can be used to generate playlists and facilitate the viewing of streams by eliminating the need for user configuration. For example, they may be used to automatically create program listings to allow streams to easily be located, selected and viewed.

You can also specify the address and port to transmit SAP announcements on a stream-by-stream basis. This is useful if you do not want to multicast SAP announcements on the standard IP addresses and ports (as defined in RFC 2974).

### **Related Topics**

- "SAP" under "Streaming Parameters" in Output Settings
- session (CLI command)

### Bandwidth Overhead for CBR Streams with Metadata

In CBR streams with Traffic Shaping enabled, metadata may cause the stream to exceed the bandwidth overhead (video bitrate + bandwidth overhead percentage). Therefore, when configuring the bandwidth overhead percentage, you need to take into account how much metadata is being generated.

Metadata is not part of the minimum bandwidth calculation used for CBR streams (because it is application dependent). The bandwidth for it is presumed to fit within the bandwidth overhead which is specified at stream creation. However, as the video bitrate drops, the overhead needed to accommodate the worst case bandwidth usage of the metadata must increase.

```
For example: bandwidth overhead = ( metadata_bitrate / ( video_bitrate +
audio_bitrate ) ) * 100
```

Minimum bandwidth overhead should be no less than 5. For example:

```
metadata_bitrate = 500 Kbps, video_bitrate = 1000 Kbps, audio_bitrate = 128 Kbps
bandwidth overhead = ( 500 / ( 1000 + 128 ) ) * 100 = 44
```

## Configuring Secure Reliable Transport (SRT)

Haivision's Secure Reliable Transport (SRT) streaming protocol is designed to provide reliable and secure end-to-end transport between two SRT-enabled devices (such as Makito X Series encoders and decoders) over a link which traverses the public Internet. For more information, see Secure Reliable Transport (SRT).

To create an SRT connection:

- 1. Make sure the encoder and decoder are accessible from the public Internet by appropriate configuration of any firewalls.
- 2. Follow the steps in Setting Up Streaming to set up the SRT stream and start the stream connection.

New Stream	New Stream Create				
Streaming Paramete	Streaming Parameters				
Broadcasting					
Protocol	TS over SRT	TS Settings			
Connection	TS over UDP TS over RTP				
Mode	TS over SRT Caller				
Address		-			
Source Port					
Destination Port					
SRT Settings					
Latency	250				
Encryption	(None)				

- 3. Once you establish the SRT stream, check the statistics and make adjustments to fine-tune the stream. On the Output Streams page, click the **Statistics** button to see how the SRT stream is performing.
- 4. Monitor the link statistics to see if the link is over-subscribed (and adjust the video encoder bitrate if it is).

For example, use the Max Bandwidth and (Buffering) Latency values to set the encoder bitrates appropriately.

### **Related Topics**

• For the SRT-specific parameters, see "SRT Settings" in Output Settings

• For SRT-specific statistics and graphical display, see Output Statistics

### **Output Settings**

The following table lists the Streaming Output controls and settings:

#### Content Streaming Parameters SRT Settings SAP General

#### Content

Streaming Setting	Default	Description/Values		
Name n/a		(Optional) Enter a unique name for the stream.		
Source				
		Select the Video Encoder to assign to the stream: • None (no content source selected) • Video Encoder 0 7		
Audio	Audio Encoder O	Select the Audio Encoder to assign to the stream. • None (no content source selected) • Audio Encoder 0 15		
		<ul> <li>Note</li> <li>To configure multi-track audio, click the</li> <li>button next to the Audio field and select the next Audio Encoder to add to the stream.</li> </ul>		
Metadata	None	<ul> <li>(Only available if KLV or CoT has been installed) To enable metadata, select one of the defined inputs.</li> <li>(None)</li> <li>Select from list of defined metadata sources, e.g., HD-SDI-BNC-1, HD-SDI-BNC-2, HD-SDI- BNC-3, or HD-SDI-BNC-4</li> </ul>		
		<ul> <li>Note         To stream metadata from multiple sources, click the <sup>•</sup> button next to the Metadata field and select the next metadata source to add to the stream.     </li> <li>For more information, see Configuring Metadata Capture.</li> </ul>		
Data Carriage	Asynchronous	<ul> <li>Selects the encapsulation type to use for the KLV metadata source, either:</li> <li>Synchronous: synchronous metadata AU (ISO/IEC 13818-1)</li> <li>Asynchronous: asynchronous private data (SMPTE RP 217)</li> <li>Asynchronous with Sync AU: asynchronous private data carrying sync metadata AU</li> </ul>		

**Content** Streaming Parameters

SRT Settings

SAP General

### **Streaming Parameters**

Streamin g Setting	Default	Description/Values		
Broadcast	ing			
Protocol	TS over       Select the Protocol Type for the encoded stream.         UDP       TS over UDP: MPEG2 transport stream over UDP (no RTP header)         • TS over RTP: MPEG2 transport stream over RTP         • TS over SRT: Secure Reliable Transport. See Configuring Secure Reliable Transport. See Configuring Secure Reliable Transport.			
Transport	Stream Se	ettings		
Video PID	33	(Optional) Video Packet Identifier 168190		
Audio PID	36	(Optional) Audio Packet Identifier 168190		
Metadata PID	40	(Optional) Data (metadata) Packet Identifier. 168190		
PCR PID	33	(Optional) (Program Clock Reference) Packet Identifier. Timestamp in the TS from which the decoder timing is derived. 168190		
PMT PID	32	Optional) (Program Map Table) Packet Identifier. 168190		
Transport Stream ID	0	(Optional) Transport Stream ID. Identifies the transport stream in the Program Associati table (PAT) of the TS stream. 065535		
Program Number	1	(Optional) Program Identifier used in the Program Map Table (PMT) of the TS stream. 065535		
Destinatio	n			
Address	n/a	Enter the destination IP address in dotted-decimal format.		
		A Note		
		The Multicast address range is from 224.0.0.0 to 239.255.255.255. Multicast		
		addresses from 224.0.0.0 to 224.0.0.255 are reserved for multicast maintenance protocols and should not be used by streaming sessions. We recommend that you use a multicast address from the Organization-Local scope (239.192.0.0/14).		
Port	n/a	Enter the destination UDP port(s). Enter a number in the range 102565,535. Note that RTP streams use even numbers only within this range.		
Link Paran	neters			
Average Bandwidt h	n/a	(Read-only) The average transmit bandwidth for the unit in kbps.		

	1		
Timing & Shaping	VBR	<ul> <li>Controls the timing characteristics of packets transmitted on the network (See Note below). Select either:</li> <li>VBR (Variable Bitrate): The stream is not controlled and packets are transmitted as they become available.</li> <li>CVBR (Capped Variable Bitrate): The maximum stream bitrate transmitted is limited by the Bandwidth Overhead parameter.</li> <li>CBR (Constant Bitrate): The stream bitrate, packet timing, and audio/video timing comply with MPEG-2 TS CBR definition. The maximum stream bitrate transmitted is limited is limited by the Bandwidth Overhead parameter. If no data is available, idle cells may be inserted.</li> </ul>	
Bandwidt h	15%	(Timing & Shaping must be CVBR or CBR) Specifies the percentage of network bandwidth beyond the average rate that the encoder is allowed to use if needed.	
Overhead (%)		1 Note To configure the Bandwidth Overhead for CBR streams with metadata, see Bandwidth Overhead for CBR Streams with Metadata.	
MTU	1496	(Maximum Transmission Unit) Specifies the maximum allowed size of IP packets for the outgoing RTP data stream. 2281500	
TTL	64	(Time-to Live for stream packets) Specifies the number of router hops that IP packets from this stream are allowed to traverse before being discarded. Range = 1255	
ToS	128 or 0x80 (CS4)	(Type of Service) Specifies the desired quality of service (QoS). This value will be assigned to the Type of Service field of the IP Header for the outgoing streams. Range = $0255$ (decimal) or $0 \times 000 \times FF$ (hex)	
		<ul> <li>important         A DiffServ or DSCP (Differentiated Services Code Point) value must be converted to a ToS precedence value. For example, AF41 or DSCP 34 becomes ToS 136. For more information, see RFC2474.     </li> <li>Note         The ToS setting must be chosen so as to not interfere with Voice over IP systems and other equipment that may reside on your network. For example, when the ToS value for a stream is set to 0xB8, it can interfere with some third party Voice / IP Telephony systems.     </li> </ul>	
Pro-MPEG	FEC Sett	ings (TS over RTP only)	
Level	В	<ul> <li>The level of Forward Error Correction (FEC) protection:</li> <li>A (Column only): uses the column FEC stream.</li> <li>B (Row and Column): uses both column and row FEC streams.</li> </ul>	
Columns	10	The number of columns in the FEC matrix.	
Rows	5	The number of rows in the FEC matrix.	

Block Aligned	Enable d	<ul> <li>Specifies the type of FEC matrix scheme.</li> <li>Check this checkbox to align the FEC blocks in the matrix structure (i.e., sequential columns within a group start on the same row).</li> <li>If left unchecked, the blocks are a staggered series of FEC packets (i.e., each column starts on the row below the row on which the previous column started).</li> </ul>
		Note The enabled Block Aligned setting corresponds to the aligned FEC discussed in Annex C of SMPTE 2022-1. The disabled Block Aligned setting corresponds to the non-aligned FEC discussed in Annex B of SMPTE 2022-1.

### 🚹 Note

Timing & Shaping settings combine and replace the Traffic Shaping, Idle Cells and Delayed Audio parameters from the Makito X:

- VBR: Shaping=Off, Idle Cells=Off, Delayed Audio=Off
- CVBR: Shaping=On, Idle Cells=Off, Delayed Audio=Off
- CBR: Shaping=On, Idle Cells=On, Delayed Audio=On

Content	Streaming Parameters	SRT Settings	SAP	General
---------	----------------------	--------------	-----	---------

#### **SRT Settings**

Stream ing Setting	Defa ult	Description	
Connect	ion		
Mode	Calle r	<ul> <li>Specifies the SRT Connection Mode:</li> <li>Caller: The SRT stream acts like a client and connects to a server listening and waiting for an incoming call.</li> </ul>	
		• <b>Note</b> The firewall must be configured to allow incoming Caller connections to reach the Listening device.	
		• Note To simplify firewall traversal, Rendezvous Mode allows the encoder and decoder to traverse a firewall without the need for IT to open a port, but requires that the firewall not remap the UDP port for the stream.	
Addres s	n/a	You can also enter a Fully Qualified Domain Name (FQDN).	
Source Port	n/a	Note This simplifies firewall configuration as the firewall/NAT rules can be precisely tailored to the SRT stream.	

Destina tion Port	n/a	(Caller and Rendezvous modes) Specifies the UDP destination port for the SRT stream.		
Port	n/a	(Listener mode only) Specifies the UDP local port for the SRT stream.		
SRT				
Networ k Adapti ve	Disa bled	Check this checkbox to enable Network Adaptive Encoding. NAE directs the video encoder to adapt to changing network throughput used by the SRT stream during operational use with the goal of maximizing video quality for a given network. NAE may adjust video bitrate, frame-rate and resolution depending on measured link throughput without stream tear-down and rebuild.		
(Buffer ing) Latenc y	250 ms	Specifies the SRT receiver buffer that permits lost packet recovery. The size of this buffer adds up to the total latency. A minimum value must be 3 times the round-trip-time (RTT). Range = 20 - 8000 ms		
		Note Latency is for the SRT protocol only and does not include the capture, encoding, decoding and display processes of the end-point devices.		
		The SRT buffer, configured as "Latency'", is the time reserved in the decoder to recover missing packets.		
Encryp tion	None	Enables AES encryption and specifies the key length, either: None, AES-128, or AES-256		
Passph rase	n/a	(Only required and accepted if Encryption is enabled) Specifies a string used to generate the encryption keys to protect the stream. Range = 10-79 UTF8 characters		
Bandwi dth Overhe	25 %	25 %	Specifies the maximum stream bandwidth overhead that can be used for lost packets recovery. Range = 5-50%	
ad (%)		Note     SRT streams may temporarily overshoot the defined bandwidth overhead limit.		

### Content Streaming Parameters SRT Settings SAP General

### Session Announcement Protocol (SAP)

Streaming Setting	Default	Description/Values
Transmit SAP	Off	Check this checkbox to enable Session Announcement Protocol (SAP) network announcements.
Name n/a		If SAP is enabled, enter a unique name for the Session.
Description	n/a	(Optional) Enter an expanded description of the Session.
		(Optional) Enter one or more keywords to associate with the Session. Keywords can serve as filters.
Author n/a (Option		(Optional) Enter the name of the program's author.
Copyright	n/a	(Optional) Enter the copyright information for the session.

Streaming Setting	Default	Description/Values
Address	Auto-Assign	(Optional) Enter a different SAP multicast advertising IP address to override the default/selected values. The "Auto-Assign" default value means that when the stream is created and SAP is enabled, the Makito X will automatically pick the proper default advertisement address based on the stream's destination address and family (IPv4 or IPv6). After after the new stream is is started, it will display the actual selected IP address.
Port	n/a	Enter the SAP advertising UDP port. Default=9875.

#### Content Streaming Parameters SRT Settings SAP General

#### General

Streaming Setting	Default	Description/Values								
These buttons become available to	control a stream once it	has started streaming (after you click <b>Apply</b> ).								
Stop	n/a	Click <b>Stop</b> to stop an active stream. You can late restart it or clear it.								
Start	n/a	Click <b>Start</b> to restart a stopped stream.								
Statistics	n/a	Click <b>Statistics</b> to view statistics for the stream. See <b>Streaming Output Statistics</b> .								

#### **Related Topics**

Network and Management Interfaces (in Technical Specifications)

### **Output Statistics**

The following table lists the Streaming Output statistics:

### Output SRT

#### Output

Output Statistic	Description/Values							
State	The current operating status of the stream, either: • STREAMING • CONNECTING • STOPPED							
Up Time	(only available when State is STREAMING) The length of time the stream is actively streaming (e.g., 1d22h5m41s).							
Source Port	The UDP source port for an SRT stream, i.e., the port from which the encoder is sending the SRT stream.							
Sent Packets	Number of RTP or UDP packets sent for that stream.							
Sent Bytes	Number of Bytes sent for that stream.							
Bitrate	The stream bitrate (in kbps).							
Reset	Click to reset the Output statistics.							

### Output SRT

#### SRT

SRT Statistic	Description/Values
Reconnections	Number of reconnections since the stream started. Severe network congestion may cause the connection to drop and automatically reconnect.
AES Encryption	Indicates whether Advanced Encryption Standard (AES) encryption has been enabled.
Key Length	The key length for AES encryption, either: None, AES-128, or AES-256
Peer Decryption	Indicates whether the decoder can decrypt the stream. Either Active, Initializing, Inactive (no passphrase), or Inactive (invalid passphrase).
Resent Packets	Number of packets retransmitted following a lost report from the decoder.
Resent Bytes	Total bytes of the lost packets retransmitted.
Dropped Packets	Number of dropped packets.
Dropped Bytes	number of dropped bytes.
Received ACKs	Transmission progress acknowledgement and feedback.

SRT Statistic	Description/Values
Received NAKs	Lost packet reports.
Max Bandwidth	Maximum bandwidth (input stream rate * (1 + overhead)).
Path Max Bandwidth	Estimated link bandwidth. This can change due to cross traffic.
МТО	(Maximum Transmission Unit) The maximum allowed size of IP packets for the outgoing RTP data stream.
RTT	Measured Round Trip Time.
Local Buffer Level	<ul> <li>Tip         If the Buffer goes to or above the Latency value often, then there is most likely insufficient bandwidth to support the desired bitrate. In this case, decrease your bitrate.     </li> <li>If the Buffer occasionally goes to or above the Latency Value, then the SRT Latency should be increased.</li> </ul>
Latency	Maximum of the decoder and encoder configured in (Buffering) Latency. For example: Encoder Configured SRT Latency = 750 Decoder Configured SRT Latency = 20 The SRT Stats Latency (which is the current SRT connection applied Buffering Latency) = 750 (largest of the two). At startup, handshake exchanges the value configured on both sides and the largest one is selected. The decoder default is set to the minimum (20ms) so it can be completely controlled from the other side.

SRT streams include a graphical statistics display as shown in the following example:

Stream 3	Reset	SRT Last 5 Minutes
Statistics		Delays (msec)
Output		240-
State	STREAMING	220 - 200 -
Up Time	7h7m26s	180 -
Source Port	48268	160 - 140 -
Sent Packets	16,861,499	120 - 100 -
Sent Bytes	20,901,480,408	80 -
Bitrate	6,087 kbps	60 - 40 -
SRT		20
Peer Version	1.3.1	terro de dero de terro de dero de dero de
Reconnections		Send Buffer I Round Trip I Latency
AES Encryption	Off	Bandwidth Used (kbps)
Resent Packets		
Resent Bytes		
Dropped Packets		
Dropped Bytes		5,000-
Received ACKs	1,645,245	4.000-
Received NAKs		3.000-
Max Bandwidth	8,828 kbps	
Path Max Bandwidth	148,714 kbps	2,000 -
RTT	< 1 ms	1,000-
Local Buffer Level	132	esta de esta de 13ta de esta de estas de
Latency	250	Send Rate Link Bandwidth Retransmit Rate

### 🚹 Note

The Link Bandwidth is an estimate of the actual link bandwidth.

# **System Administration**

#### 🚹 Note

Unless otherwise indicated, the Administration Settings pages are only accessible to administrators. The exceptions are as follows:

- Status is accessible to all users.
- Presets is accessible to Operators as well as Administrators.

### **Topics in This Chapter**

- Viewing System Status Information
- Saving and Loading Presets
- Installing Firmware Updates
- Configuring Network Settings
- Configuring Date and Time
- Enabling and Disabling Network Services
- Managing Licenses
- Managing the COM Port

## Viewing System Status Information

From the Status page, you can view status information about the Makito X4, such as the operating system up time, along with information about the hardware and software components. You can also initiate blinking of the Status and TX LEDs (to help locate particular encoders in a lab or rack), as well as take a system snapshot and reboot the encoder.

The Status page is available to Operator and Guest users as well as Administrators.

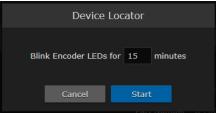
To view status information:

 Click the Administration icon on the toolbar. The Administration Status page opens to the Status page.

<b>Hai</b> vision Makito X⁴	Welcome Administrator (Sign Out) 🛛 🚳 📥 🗮
Settings Security	
Status	Locate System Snapshot Reboot
Presets Update	Card Status OK
Network	Card Type Makito X4 SDI Encoder
Date and Time	Part Number B-MX4E-SDI4
Services	Serial Number HAI-031906060044
Licensing	Firmware Version 1.1.0-58
	Firmware Date Oct 24 2019
	Hardware Version C
	Hardware Compatibility -002G
	CPLD Version 4 (Official, Internal flash)
	Boot Version U-Boot 2018.01 (May 24 2019 - 18:24:54 -0400) Xilinx ZynqMP Makito4K
	System Uptime 0 days 20:28:22
	Encoding Chipset Load 50%
	Temperature 45℃

The Status settings are read-only. For details, see Status Settings.

- 2. To display a snapshot of system information, see Taking a System Snapshot.
- 3. To initiate blinking of the status and TX LEDs, click **Locate**. On the Device Locator dialog, adjust the time allowed to blink the encoder LEDs and click **Start**.



### 🚹 Note

The blinking can last from 1 minute to 1 hour; the default is 15 minutes. The Locate feature is not available on the Makito X4 Rugged.

4. To reboot the encoder, see **Rebooting the Encoder**.

### Status Settings

The following table lists the Status settings. Status information can be useful for troubleshooting and may be forwarded to Haivision Technical Support if you are requesting technical support.

Status Setting	Description/Values
Personality	Select between SDI, SQD (version 1.6 and later), DEFENSE (version 1.7 and later) and SMPTE 2110 (version 1.4 and later). This setting will take effect upon the next reboot.
Card Status	OK (or error message if applicable).
Card Type	The type of device, e.g., Makito X4 SDI Encoder.
Part Number	The Haivision part number for the encoder or decoder, e.g., B-MX4E-SDI4 or S-MX4D-SDI.
Serial Number	The serial number for this appliance or card.
Firmware Version	The firmware version of the device, e.g., 1.0.0-23.
Firmware Date	The firmware release date.
Hardware Version	The hardware version of the device.
Hardware Compatibility	-001G or -002G (basic card assembly).
Carrier Type	(Makito X4 Rugged Encoder only) The interface carrier board.
	Note In Release 1.2, the number of CVBS inputs supported depends on the Carrier Type. "Makito 4KR" indicates the three-input variant, whereas "Makito 4KR 12G" indicates the four-input variant.
CPLD Version	The CPLD version of the device.
Boot Version	The Boot version of the device.
System Uptime	The length of time the encoder or decoder has been "up" and running (e.g., 4 days 17:42:03).
Encoding Chipset Load	(Encoder only) The combined video encoding processor usage in percentage% (combining both Hi and Lo streams).
Temperature	The current board temperature in degrees Celsius.

### **Rebooting the Encoder**

To reboot the Encoder:

- 1. Click the **Administration** icon on the toolbar.
- 2. On the Status page, click **Reboot**.

### 🕑 Tip

You can also reboot the encoder from the Network Settings page. See **Configuring Network Settings**.

### Taking a System Snapshot

Taking a system snapshot can be useful for troubleshooting and may be forwarded to Haivision Technical Support if you are requesting technical support.

The system snapshot lists information such as component versions, network settings, loaded modules, running processes, system traces, configured streams and stream status checks, configured video encoders and status checks, configured audio encoders and status checks, startup configuration file contents, global settings file contents, debug logging settings file contents, downloaded software packages, last software update log, and OS statistics.

To take a system snapshot:

1. From the Status page, click **System Snapshot**.

The system will generate a snapshot of system information in a new window, as shown in the following example:

```
_____
START OF SYSTEM SNAPSHOT
_____
Credentials:
_____
uid=500(admin) gid=511(haiadmin) groups=511(haiadmin),510(haisecur),512(haioper)
Local Time:
Wed Mar 13 14:47:32 EDT 2019
-----
Universal Time:
-----
Wed Mar 13 18:47:32 UTC 2019
System UP Time:
_____
14:47:32 up 47 min, 0 users, load average: 0.30, 0.17, 0.11
_____
Manufacturing Information:
-----
MAC Address : 5c:77:57:00:b3:dc
Serial Number : HAI-031809050009
Boot Revision :
_____
Card Temperature:
_____
Temperature Status:
Current Temperature : 51 Celsius measured 1s ago
Maximum Temperature : 52 Celsius measured 37m36s ago
Minimum Temperature : 50 Celsius measured 47m10s ago
Debug Statistics:
          : 0
Invalid Readings
Discarded Deltas
            : 0
_____
System Information:
Card Type : "Makito X4 SDI Encoder"
Part Number : B-MX4F-SDIA
Serial Number
          : HAI-031809050009
           : 5c:77:57:00:b3:dc
MAC Address
Firmware Version : 1.0.0-23
Firmware Date : "Mar 14 2019"
Firmware Date
Firmware Time
           : "15:42:07"
Hardware Version : A
Hardware Compatibility : -001G
CPLD Version : 3 (Official, Internal flash)
Boot Version
           : "U-Boot 2020.06 (Feb 26 2020 - 10:41:13)-Makito4K 0.9.13"
_____
Installed Debian Packages:
             _____
Desired=Unknown/Install/Remove/Purge/Hold
Status=Not/Inst/Conf-files/Unpacked/halF-conf/Half-inst/trig-aWait/Trig-pend
// Err?=(none)/Reinst-required (Status,Err: uppercase=bad)
/ Name
         Version
                Description
```

2. Save the file.

### 🕑 Tip

You can also take a system snapshot from the CLI using the system\_snapshot.sh command.

### Saving and Loading Presets

Each Makito X Series device is configured by users' selecting and setting values of applicable encoder or decoder settings, such as Video and Audio Encoder, Streaming Output, and (if licensed) Metadata settings; or Decoder Output and Stream settings. Presets provide a way for you to save groups of settings and recall these configurations settings to apply to other streams.

Configuration settings saved as the "startup" preset will continue to be used after a reboot, or when the unit is turned off and on. You can also direct the system to apply a preset to restore settings when the system startup process performs the configuration autoload.

▲	Note
	Presets do not include System Administration (e.g., Network) or Security settings.

The Preset Manager displays a list of saved presets. From here you can load, rename, duplicate, or delete a saved preset, as well as view the contents of a preset file and select a preset to load at startup.

0	Note	
		bears in the title bar on systems with unsaved configurations. The when a user logs in or out of a Makito X4 when the current configuration has bet.
	Haivision Makito X <sup>4</sup>	Welcome Administrator (Sign Out) 🛛 🐼 🕇 🗮 🗌
	Settings Security	
	Status	
	Presets	• Import

To view and manage presets:

- 1. On the Administration page, click **Settings** on the navigation bar and **Presets** on the sidebar.
- 2. The Presets page opens displaying the list of saved presets for the encoder.
  - The startup preset is indicated with a green check mark.

Settings Security				
Status Presets Update Network	All Delete	•	Imp	ort
Date and Time Services Licensing	Name Preset 1.cfg A2210bit.cfg	Save	Load	Startup
	HEVC.cfg	Save		Ž
		Startup Preset		

3. To load an existing preset into the current session, hover over the preset name or anywhere in the row and click **Load**.

Name																												s	tar	tu	р
Preset 1.cfg																								Sav	/e	Loa	ad				
42210bit.cfg																								Sav	/e	Loa	ad				
HEVC.cfg																										Loa					

- 4. To select an existing preset to load at startup, hover over the preset row and click the (grayed out) check mark under **Startup**.
- 5. To save the current settings as a new preset, click the + button.
  - a. In the New Preset dialog, type a new filename in the Name text box.

	Add Preset	
Name		
Startup		
	Cancel	Add

- b. To select this preset to load at startup, check the Startup checkbox.
- c. Click Create.
- 6. To save the current settings as an existing preset, hover over the preset row and click **Save**. You can (optionally) check the **Startup** check mark.

- 7. To save the preset as a text file to view or export to other Makito X4 encoders, click the preset name and save it in the Save As dialog. Note that the file is in Unix format.
- 8. To import a preset, for example, from another Makito X4 encoder, click **Import** and select the file in the Open File dialog box.
- 9. When you see the filename in the text box, click Upload.

🕑 Tip						
	Delete					
		•	Change	Preset 1.cfg 🗙	Upload	

- To select a different preset file, click Change. To remove the selection, click the imes icon.
- 10. To delete one or more presets, check the checkbox next to one or more preset names (or check **All**) and click **Delete**.

### Installing Firmware Updates

#### 🚹 Note

Before you can install a firmware update on the Makito X4, you may need to obtain and install an updated license (depending on the version limit and expiration date of the currently installed license). For more information, see Managing Licenses.

When you first receive the Makito X Series appliance, the necessary firmware is pre-installed on it. Firmware updates and licenses are issued through Haivision's Download Center on our website at: https://support.haivision.com.

Please note that you may download the latest firmware and documentation by registering via the Haivision Support Portal.

When a firmware update becomes available, you can easily install it from the Web interface. You will first need to copy the update file to your local computer or network.

The firmware update comes in the form of a file with the extension **.hai**, which when loaded will replace the application on your Makito X. The firmware update components are digitally signed, and these signatures are all verified before performing the installation.

This section provides instructions to install a firmware update from the Web interface.

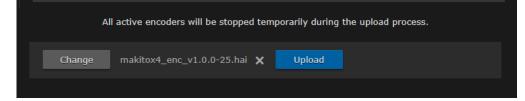
To install a firmware update:

1. On the Administration page, click **Settings** on the navigation bar and **Update** on the sidebar. The Update page opens.

Settings Security		
Status	Current Version: 1.0.0-22	
Presets		
Update	Package to be installed on next boot:	
Network		
Date and Time	There is no package pending installation on this system.	
Services		
Licensing	Browse	

2. Click **Browse** and select the file in the Open File dialog box.

3. When you see the filename in the text box, click **Upload**.



4. Wait for the file to be uploaded and verified and the file system synced.

#### Important

Remain on this page and do not click anything else in the Makito X4 Web interface during the upload.

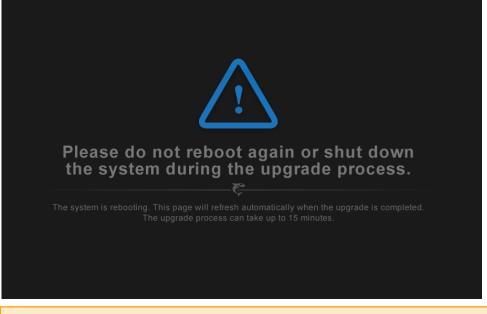
If any of the package components has been modified or is not signed by a valid certificate, the verification will fail and the downloaded package will be discarded.

When the file is uploaded and verified successfully, you will see a confirmation page (as shown in the following example).



#### 5. Click Reboot.

While the unit is rebooting, the Status LEDs will flash, and you will see a warning page (as shown following).



#### 👍 Caution

Do not proceed or shut down the system while the Status LEDs are still flashing. Failure to wait could result in damage to your system.

Once the unit has rebooted, the browser will display the Sign-In page for the Web interface (depending on your Web browser and settings). If not, reload the Sign-In page.

6. Clear your browser cache after the firmware upgrade.

7. Sign in again in order to access the encoder. For more information, see Signing In to the Web Interface.

#### 🚹 Note

You can verify the result of the installation on the Messages page. See Managing Messages.

## **Configuring Network Settings**

#### 🔥 Caution

When you make changes to the Network settings, be sure to write down the new encoder IP Address or label the chassis. After you apply your changes and reboot, you will have to redirect the browser to the new IP address and sign in again in order to access the encoder. If you are connecting to the encoder through an IPv4 connection, disabling the IPv4 interface will drop your connection after a reboot. You will need to reconnect using IPv6 or the serial interface (if available).

To view and configure the Network settings:

1. On the Administration page, click **Settings** on the navigation bar and **Network** on the sidebar. The Network Configuration page opens.

Settings Security					
Status				Reboot	Apply
Presets					
Update Network	General				
Date and Time	Hostname	gpm4e1			
Services	IPv4				
Licensing					
	Addressing	Static 🔻			
	IP Address	10.65.11.176			
	Netmask	255.255.254.0			
	Gateway	10.65.10.1			
	IPv6				OFF
	Ethernet				
	Link	Automatic 🔹			
	Speed	Any 🔻			
	Current Speed	1000			
	Duplex				
	MAC Address	5c:77:57:00:af:90			
	Total TX Bandwidth	100000	kbps		
	DNS				
	Domain Name	haivision.com			
	DNS Settings	Obtain Automatically			
	Drimony DNC Conver	10.65.0.12			
	Primary DNS Server Address	10.05.0.12			
	Alternate DNS Server Address	10.65.0.13			
	mDNS				
	mDNS Identifier	MakitoX (gpm4e1)			

2. Select or enter the new value(s) in the appropriate field(s). For details, see Network Settings.

3. To configure IPv6 addressing, toggle the IPv6 button to **On** and select the Addressing option. Enter the new value(s) as required.

IPv6		ON	
Addressing	Automatic (DHCP)		
	Automatic		
Ethernet	Automatic (DHCP)		
	Static		

- 4. Click Apply.
- 5. Click Reboot.

🚹 Note	
You mi	ust reboot the system for the changes to take effect.
After the en	coder reboots, you will be returned to the Sign-In page.

When you open the Network Configuration page again, if you configured the unit using either

Automatic or Automatic (DHCP) Addressing, you will see the IP address(es) obtained by the system.

IPv6		
Addressing	Automatic (DHCP)	
Link-Local IPv6 Address	fe80::5e77:57ff:fe00:ca8c/64	

## **Network Settings**

The following table lists the shared Encoder-Decoder Network settings:

#### General

Network Setting	Description/Values	
Hostname	Enter a unique name for the Makito X Series encoder.	
IPv4	When set to On, configures the network to use IPv4 addressing.	
IPv6	When set to On, configures the network to use IPv6 addressing.	

#### Interfaces

Network Setting	Description/Values
eth0   eth1	(Encoder-only) Allows for multiple network interfaces. Select the appropriate tab to view and configure.

#### IPv4

Network Setting	Description/Values
Addressing	Select DHCP or Static to enable or disable the Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol.
	▲ Note When DHCP is enabled, the Makito X will get an IP Address from a DHCP server on the network. When it is disabled, you must manually enter the device's IP Address, Netmask and Gateway Address.
DHCP Vendor Class ID	(DHCP must be enabled) You may, optionally, specify the DHCP Vendor Class ID (option 60). This allows IT departments to identify Makito X devices on their networks. The default Device Identification value is "Haivision Makito X4 Encoder" or "Haivision Makito X4 Decoder" for the Makito X4 encoder or decoder, and "Haivision Makito X1 Encoder" the for Makito X1 encoder.
Assign Link- Local Address When DHCP Fails	(DHCP must be enabled) When this checkbox is checked, and DHCP is used but no DHCP server is present to assign an IP address to the device, the Makito X will automatically assign itself an IP address in the 169.254.0.0/16 range. This allows you to use the device locally on a LAN (the address is NOT routable) in situations where DHCP is not available or failed.
IP Address	Displays the IP Address for the Makito X. This is a unique address that identifies the unit in the IP network. If DHCP is disabled, you may enter an IP address in dotted-decimal format.
Netmask	Displays the Subnet Mask for the Makito X. This is a 32-bit mask used to divide an IP address into subnets and specify the network's available hosts. If DHCP is disabled, you may enter a Netmask in dotted-decimal format.
Gateway	Displays the gateway address of the network (typically the address of the network router). If DHCP is disabled, you may enter a gateway address in dotted-decimal format.

#### IPv6

Network Setting	Description/Values
Addressing	<ul> <li>Select one of the following options to obtain an IPv6 address for the unit:</li> <li>Automatic: Uses SLAAC (Stateless Address Autoconfiguration) to obtain IP addresses automatically without the need for a DHCP server</li> <li>Automatic (DHCP): Enables the Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol to get an IP address from a DHCP server on the network</li> <li>Static: Use to manually configure the device's IP and gateway addresses.</li> </ul>
Global IPv6 Address	Displays the IPv6 Address for the Makito X. This is a unique address that identifies the unit in the IP network. There may be multiple IPv6 addresses on a single interface. If Static Addressing is used, enter an IPv6 address in hexadecimal notation.
Subnet Preflix Length	( <b>Static</b> Addressing only) The Prefix Length in IPv6 is the equivalent of the Subnet Mask in IPv4. However, instead of being expressed in four octets as it is in IPv4, it is expressed as an integer between 1 through 128.
Gateway	Displays the gateway address of the network (typically the address of the network router). If Static Addressing is used, enter a gateway address in hexadecimal notation.
Enable Privacy Extensions	(Automatic Addressing only) Check this checkbox to enable SLAAC Privacy Extensions. As documented in RFC 4941 "Privacy Extensions for Stateless Address Autoconfiguration in IPv6", this entails using randomly generated, temporary, global scope IPv6 addresses that are regularly discarded and replaced with different addresses.
Link-Local IPv6 Address	(Read-only) A link-local address is an Internet Protocol (IP) unicast address intended to be used only to connect to the hosts on the same network. A link-local address starts with fe80: and is always automatically assigned.

#### Ethernet

Network Setting	Description/Values	
Link	<ul> <li>Determines whether the Ethernet link settings will be negotiated automatically or configured manually:</li> <li>Automatic - The system will match the Ethernet Speed and Duplex Mode to the Ethernet hub which it is connecting:</li> <li>Manual - These values must be set manually. See following settings.</li> </ul>	
Speed	Select the Ethernet Speed (in Mbps): • Any (default) • 1000 • 100 • 10	
	▲ Note When Link is set to Automatic, setting the Ethernet speed to anything other than Any means that only that specific value will be advertised to the connected hub/switch during the negotiation process. This makes it possible, for instance, when connected to a GigE switch to force the link down to 100Mb when some network problems are encountered.	
Current Speed	(Read-only) Displays the actual Ethernet Speed.	
Duplex	If Link is Auto, displays the actual value for the Duplex Mode (read-only). If Link is Manual, select the Duplex Mode: • Full • Half	
MAC Address	(Read-only) The Media Access Control address assigned to the Makito X.	
Encoder-only	v V	
Total TX Bandwidth (Limit)	dwidth "ceiling" for the Ethernet port.	

### **DNS Settings**

Network Setting	Description/Values
Domain Name	Enter the domain for the Makito X.
Obtain DNS Settings Automatically	(Addressing cannot be <b>Static</b> ) Check this checkbox to obtain DNS settings from DHCP. DHCP servers often provide DNS information to the device on top of the IP address. When DHCP is enabled and this checkbox is enabled, the system will attempt to learn its DNS settings from the DHCP servers (which avoids unnecessary user configuration).
Primary DNS Server Address	( <b>Obtain DNS Settings Automatically</b> must be disabled) Enter the primary DNS server address for your network.
Alternate DNS Server Address	( <b>Obtain DNS Settings Automatically</b> must be disabled) Enter an alternate DNS server address for your network. The alternate DNS server is used only if the primary server is not responding.

Network Setting	Description/Values	
DNS Precedence	Select either IPv4 or IPv6 to specify the priority for DNS resolution. On systems with both IPv6 and IPv4 enabled, if users use HOSTNAMES instead of specifying IP addresses when creating connections, the default behavior is to resolve to IPv6 first if it is available.	
Enable mDNS	Check this checkbox to enable the Multicast DNS (mDNS) protocol as a means for third party entities to discover the IP address of the Makito X.	
	✔ Tip Enabling mDNS allows an mDNS application to automatically find the Makito X4. mDNS is enabled on units shipped from the factory or reset to factory defaults to allow them to advertise their existence. A user can then click Locate (Status page) to start the Status and TX or RX LEDs flashing in order to discover the location of the device, for example, within a large server room.	
mDNS Identifier	(Optional) Enter a unique name for the Makito X4. By default, the system creates a unique name "MakitoXD (%HOSTNAME%)") for the device.	

#### **Related Topics**

- Configuring Network Settings
- Viewing System Status Information

## **Configuring Date and Time**

From the Date and Time page, you can configure Network Time Protocol (NTP) support to synchronize the encoder clock with the selected time zone.

To view and configure the date and time:

1. On the Administration page, click **Settings** on the navigation bar and **Date and Time** on the sidebar.

The Date and Time page	opens.					
Settings Security						
Status			Reboot		Apply	
Presets		-			-144-0	
Update	Timezone - Locale	(GMT-05:00) Eastern Time -	- Montreal	•		
Network						
Date and Time	Current Time	18/04/2019, 16:24				
Services	NTP					
Licensing						
	Manually Set Date &	18/04/2019, 16:23				
	Time					

- 2. Select or enter the new value(s) in the appropriate field(s). For details, see Date and Time Settings.
- 3. To apply your changes, click **Apply**.
- 4. To validate that the NTP server is reachable, click Test (below the NTP server field).

Reboot	Statistics	Apply
(GMT-05:00) Eastern Time - Montreal	•	
18/04/2019, 16:24		
pool.ntp.org		
Test		
	(GMT-05:00) Eastern Time - Montreal 18/04/2019, 16:24 ✓ pool.ntp.org	(GMT-05:00) Eastern Time - Montreal

5. To view statistics for the NTP server, click Statistics. For details, see NTP Statistics.

### **Date and Time Settings**

The following table lists the Date and Time settings:

Date and Time Setting	Description/Values	
Timezone		
Time Zone	Select the desired time zone and corresponding city.	
	Note The times are based on hours added to or subtracted from Greenwich Mean Time (GMT).	
Current Time	(Read-only) The current local date and time.	
Server		
Use NTP	Toggle on to connect to a Network Time Protocol (NTP) server to synchronize the encoder or decoder clock.	
NTP Server	If NTP is enabled, enter the IP address of the NTP server.	
Manually Set Date & Time	If NTP is disabled, select the date and time from the calendar.	
Test	If NTP is enabled, click to validate that the NTP server is reachable.	
Statistics	If NTP is enabled, click to display tracking and source information, and source statistics for the NTP server.	
Reboot	If changes have been made to the date and time settings, click to apply changes.	

#### **Related Topics**

• NTP Statistics

### **NTP Statistics**

Following is an example of the NTP Statistics:

Statistics
Tracking
Reference ID: 00000000 ()Stratum: 0Ref time (UTC): Thu Jan 01 00:00:00 1970System time: 0.0000000011 seconds fast of NTP timeLast offset: +0.000000000 secondsRMS offset: 0.000000000 secondsFrequency: 14.546 ppm fastResidual freq: +0.000 ppmSkew: 0.0000 ppmRoot delay: 1.000000000 secondsRoot dispersion: 1.00000000 secondsLeap status: Not synchronised
Sources
210 Number of sources = 1         MS Name/IP address       Stratum Poll Reach LastRx Last sample
Source Statistics
210 Number of sources = 1           Name/IP Address         NP NR Span Frequency Freq Skew Offset Std Dev           ====================================

## **Enabling and Disabling Network Services**

For security purposes, an administrator may need to stop one or more network services from accessing the Makito X4. From the Services page, you can enable and disable network services, including HTTP, SSH, Telnet, SNMP, and Haivision EMS.On the Makito X4 Rugged, you can also enable bi-directional serial pass-through for controlling serially attached devices such as PTZ controlled cameras. Both RS-232 and RS422 are supported.

#### Important

In order to optimize your encoder's performance, it is recommended that *only* the required network services be enabled. Please review the network services to make sure services used for your application are enabled or disabled as appropriate.

#### 🔥 Caution

Take care not to disable all network services; you must at least keep http (Web interface),

telnet, or ssh active. Otherwise you will lose access control to the unit, and the only way to reenable these services is by a Factory Reset (For details, see **Resetting the Encoder**).

To enable or disable network services:

1. On the Administration page, click **Settings** on the navigation bar and **Services** on the sidebar. The Services page opens displaying the current status of network services.

Settings Security					
Status Presets	нттр				
Update	SSH	ON			
Network Date and Time	Telnet	ON			
Services	SNMP				
Licensing COM Port	Serial Pass-Through	OFF			
	Haivision EMS		*		

#### 🚹 Note

The On-Off button color indicates the service status:

Color	Indication
Green	Service is operating.
Red	Service is not operating correctly, for example, telnet daemon failed to start.
Orange	Problems were encountered performing a service, for example, EMS failed to pair.
Grey	Service is disabled.

- 2. To enable or disable a service, toggle the associated Service button to **On** or **Off**. For details, see <u>Services Settings</u>.
- 3. To pair the encoder with Haivision-EMS, toggle the Haivision-EMS button to **On** and click **Configure**. See **Pairing the Encoder with Haivision EMS**.

The service(s) will be stopped or started immediately. (You do not need to click **Apply**).

#### 🕑 Tip

Network services can also be enabled/disabled using the CLI service command.

## Services Settings

The configurable Services are as follows:

### Network Services

Service	Description/Values		
HTTP	Hypertext Transfer Protocol, used for Web browsers acting as a client.		
	Note     Only secured HTTP (HTTPS) is supported.		
SSH	Secure Shell, a network protocol that allows data to be exchanged using a secure channel between two networked devices.		
Telnet	Telnet, a network protocol used on the Internet or local area networks to provide bidirectional communications via a virtual terminal connection.		
SNMP	Simple Network Management Protocol, a network protocol used mostly in network management systems to monitor network attached devices.		
Haivision EMS	EMS (Element Management System) allows simple management of Haivision-only devices.		
Product Analytics	Toggle <b>Enable Anonymous Product Analytics</b> on or off to enable or disable the collection of anonymous product analytics.		
Thumbnai I Preview	Preview Thumbnails provide a visual reference of each video encoder's input. By default, previews are enabled and set to 10 second intervals.		

### **Encoder-only**

Service	Description/Values
Serial Pass- Through	(Makito X Series Rugged Encoders only) Bi-directional serial pass-through for controlling serially attached devices such as PTZ controlled cameras. Both RS-232 and RS422 are supported.
	Note The COM Port Mode must first be set to Pass-Through.
Port	(Serial Pass-Through must be enabled) Specifies the TCP port that the Makito X will listen on for remote commands.
RTSP	Enables streaming of video feeds from the Makito X encoder to a Milestone server for archiving and analysis using the RTSP protocol.
ONVIF	Enables the ONVIF management API to send commands from the Milestone XProtect video management software (VMS) to the Makito X encoder .

#### **Related Topics**

• Managing Certificates (to manage HTTP TLS certificates)

### Pairing the Encoder with Haivision EMS

Haivision EMS (Element Management System) allows simple management of Haivision-only devices. To get started, you enable the EMS service on the Makito X Encoder and then pair the encoder with Haivision-EMS. This allows the EMS to communicate with the encoder, for example, to monitor the connection status.

To manage a Makito X Series device through Haivision-EMS, the device must first be discovered and paired with the system.

#### 🔥 Note

For device discovery to work, mDNS must be enabled on each of the Makito X devices you wish to pair.

To pair the Makito X device with Haivision-EMS:

- 1. On the Services page, toggle the Haivision-EMS button to **On**.
- 2. Hover over Haivision-EMS and click **Configure** next to the tools icon.
- 3. On the Haivision EMS dialog, enter the passcode (copied and pasted from Haivision EMS).

	Haivision EMS
Passcode (copy from Haivision EMS)	
EMS Address	
EMS Port	Keep alive 3 secs
Connection Status	Unpaired
	Close Pair

#### 🔒 Note

On a new system, the EMS Address and Port are blank. When a pairing code is pasted in, the address and port are automatically filled in to reflect the IP address and port contained in the pairing code.

(Optional) You may change the EMS Address and Port in order to override the defaults extracted from the paring code, for example, to accommodate network security requirements.

4. (Optional) Increase the value in the Keep Alive field to ensure the Makito X can be paired with EMS and remain connected during file transfer.

The Keep Alive value is also filled in when the pairing code is pasted in. "Keep Alive" is the time interval in seconds in which the device will ping the EMS server to maintain its connection.

5. Click Pair.

This initiates the pairing and communication with the EMS server.

To unpair the Makito X device from Haivision-EMS:

1. On the Haivision EMS dialog, click Unpair.

	Haivision EM	IS		
Passcode (copy from Haivision EMS)				
EMS Address	10.65.130.131			
EMS Port	8883	Keep alive	5	secs
Connection Status	Connected			
		С	lose	Unpair

The unpairing takes effect immediately.

## Managing Licenses

• License File Errors

Feature licensing allows you to view the licensed capabilities of your Makito X4 as well as add new functionality to already deployed systems.

To acquire a new license, please contact your Authorized Reseller or Haivision at: https:// support.haivision.com. Indicate the appropriate feature SKU and provide the hardware serial number (or list of numbers in the case of multiple devices) to which it applies.

The license is delivered by email as a plain-text ASCII license file with the extension .lic to be installed on your Makito X Series appliance.

You may install and manage licenses from the Web interface or from the CLI using the license command. Both methods allow you to view the content and status (valid/invalid) of the license file to confirm the ordered features.

The licensing of the unit will survive a factory reset and upgrade of the firmware.

This section provides instructions to install a license from the Web interface as well as view current licenses on your system.

#### Caution

Do not delete existing licenses before uploading the new license. New licenses are typically add-ons to complement the base license. You should only delete existing licenses if *instructed* to do so by Haivision.

To install a license file:

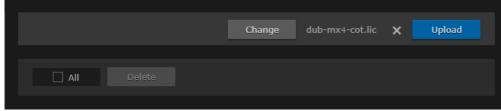
1. On the Administration page, click **Settings** on the navigation bar and **Licensing** on the sidebar. The Licensing page opens, displaying the list of currently installed licenses and the associated features, including Audio/Video Inputs, Video, Audio, Metadata, and Stream capabilities.

Settings Security		
Status Presets		Install
Update Network	All Delete	
Date and Time Services	Name	
Licensing	HAI-031906060007-MX4-audenc+16.lic	
	License Features Audio/Video Inputs	
	Number Of Baseband Inputs 4	
	Maximum Input Resolution UHD	
	Video	
	Number Of Video Encoders 8 High Efficiency Video Coding (H.265) On	
	MPEG-4 Advanced Video Coding (H.264) On Maximum Video Bit Depth 10	
	Maximum Video Color Subsampling 4:2:2	
	Audio	
	Number Of Audio Encoders 16 MPEG-2 AAC-LC ADTS On	
	MPEG-4 AAC-LC LOAS/LATM On	
	Metadata Key-Length-Value Metadata (KLV) On	
	Cursor-On-Target Metadata (CoT) On	
	Stream	
	Secure Reliable Transport (SRT) On TS/RTP On	
	TS/UDP On System	
	Maximum Upgradable Release 8.8	
	Expiration Date 2028-01-01	

#### 🚹 Note

The System values show the version limit (Maximum Upgradable Release) and Expiration Date for the current license. The encoder will block installation of firmware versions that are above the Maximum Upgradable Release version. The unit will remain functional as long as it has not reached the Expiration Date. To obtain an updated license, please contact Sales@haivision.com.

- 2. To select the license file to install, click **Install** and select the file in the Open File dialog box.
- 3. When you see the filename in the text box, click Upload.



- 4. To apply your changes, click the **Reboot** button. The encoder will reboot and you will be returned to the Sign-in page.
- 5. To view an installed license file, click the file in the list. The license file opens in a separate window.



6. To delete a previously installed license, select the file in the list and click **Delete**.

### License File Errors

The license file signature check occurs at license installation and system startup time. The following table lists the possible validation errors.

Validation Error	Description
Unrecognized license file format or extension	The file extension or content is not recognized as a licensed features license.
Not for this device (serial number)	The current device's serial number is not specified in the license.
File integrity compromised	Invalid signature: The license file has been corrupted or altered.
File authenticity cannot be confirmed	The license signing certificate cannot be authenticated.

#### **Related Topics**

• license (CLI command)

## Managing the COM Port

#### 🚹 Note

The COM Port page only accessible to administrators. However, operators can configure the COM port settings from the Metadata page when the COM port is in Metadata mode.

The Makito X4 Rugged provides a serial interface that you can use to connect to a computer for management of the encoder. The COM Port page displays the serial COM port settings and provides the option to switch from Metadata to Management mode.

On systems with the Metadata Capture option installed, you can use the serial COM port interface to capture either KLV or CoT metadata. For more information, see **Configuring Metadata Capture**.

In order to configure the COM port settings to capture metadata, you need to set the COM Port Mode to Metadata and then reboot the encoder. You can then configure the COM port settings from the Metadata page.

In order to configure serial pass-through to control devices such as PTZ cameras, you need to set the COM Port Mode to Pass-Through and then reboot the encoder.

To manage the COM Port settings:

1. On the Administration page, click **Settings** on the navigation bar and **COM Port** on the sidebar. The COM Port page opens.

Settings Security					
Status				Reboot	Apply
Presets	A				
Update					
Network		Mode	Management 🔹		
Date and Time					
Services		COM Port	RS-232		
Licensing		Baud Rate	115200		
COM Port					
		Data Bits	8		
		Parity	None		
		Stop Bits			
		Flow Control	None		

- (If applicable) To capture metadata, select Metadata from the COM Port Mode drop-down list. OR
  - To configure serial pass-through, select **Pass-Through** from the **Mode** drop-down list.
- 3. To apply your change, click **Apply**.
- 4. Click Reboot.

The changes will take effect after the reboot has completed.

#### **Related Topics**

- COM Port Settings
- Installing the Makito X4 Rugged Encoder

### **COM Port Settings**

#### 🚹 Note

With the exception of the COM Port Mode, the COM Port settings are read-only. For information on modifying the COM Port settings, see **Metadata Settings**.

COM Port Setting	Default	Description/Values
Mode	Managemen t	<ul> <li>Selects the type of activity:</li> <li>Management</li> <li>Metadata (required in order to configure the Metadata settings)</li> <li>Pass-Through (required to control serially attached devices such as PTZ controlled cameras).</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Note</li> <li>You must reboot the encoder when you change the Mode.</li> </ul>
COM Port	RS-232	(Read-only) The type of Serial interface: • RS-232 or • RS-422
Baud Rate	115200	(Read-only) The COM Port bitrate.
Data Bits	8	(Read-only) The COM Port databits: 8
Parity	None	(Read-only) The COM Port parity: None
Stop Bits	1	(Read-only) The COM Port stopbits: 1
Flow Control	None	(Read-only) The COM Port flow control: None

# **Managing Users and Security**

#### 🚹 Note

Unless otherwise indicated, the Administration Security pages are only accessible to administrators.

#### **Topics in This Chapter**

- Managing User Accounts
- Managing Messages
- Managing Banners
- Managing Security Policies
- Managing Certificates
- Managing Audits

## Managing User Accounts

#### 🚹 Note

The Accounts pages are available to administrators only (i.e., users assigned Administrator role). From here, administrators can create and manage user accounts for the Makito X4 (including their own accounts).

The My Account page is available to users assigned either Operator or Guest roles to change their own account password. For information, see **Changing Your Password**.

#### (i) Important

Makito X Series devices ship from the factory with only the admin account enabled. For security

reasons, the two default user accounts ( user and operator ) are locked at the factory as well as after a factory reset. An administrator must unlock them and change the passwords to use them for the first time.

From the Accounts pages, administrators can create, delete and modify user accounts for the Makito X4.

An account can be allocated to each user of the system so that the identity of the user can be uniquely determined. The Makito X4 provides three defined account roles to assign privileges to users: Administrator, Operator and Guest. For details, see **Role-based Authorization**.

Using system-wide parameters, administrators can configure the allowable password strength and composition (i.e., to force the selection of strong passwords), as well as the periodic change of passwords. The Makito X4 can also be configured for Web interface and CLI account sessions to log out after an idle session timeout period. The session timeout period is selectable via a system-wide parameter. For details, see Managing Security Policies.

From the Account Settings pages, administrators can also upload and manage personal public keys for accounts to enable public key authentication (instead of password-based authentication). Note that in the current release, this only applies to SSH CLI access to the encoder.

To open the Accounts List View:

 On the Administration page, click Security on the navigation bar. The Accounts List View opens, displaying the list of defined user accounts for the encoder.

<b>Hai</b> vision Makito X⁴			Welcome Admini	strator (Sign Out) 🛛 🛞	$  \diamondsuit   \equiv  $
Settings Security					
Accounts				•	Apply
Audit					
Banner	Name	Role	State	Password Expiry	Action
Certificates		Administrator	Enabled	Never	
Messages Policies	operator	Operator	Locked	Never	None 🔻
		Guest	Locked	Never	None 🔻

The Accounts List View displays the Name, Role, State (Enabled or Locked), and Password Expiry status for each account. It also provides an option to lock/unlock or delete an account.

- 2. To view or modify user account details, click the account link in the table to open the Account Settings page. For details, see Account Management.
- 3. To add a new account, click the 🕑 Add button. For details, see Account Management.
- 4. To lock or unlock an account, click the drop-down list under **Action** and select either:
  - Lock (if the current State is Enabled) or
  - Unlock (if the current State is Locked).
- 5. To delete an account, click the drop-down menu under **Action** and select Delete.
- 6. To apply your changes, click **Apply**. The changes will take effect immediately.

### Account Management

#### 🕑 Tip

It is recommended to set the Policies for your system before creating users.

# The Password Policies do not apply to administrators creating user accounts or setting passwords for accounts other than their own.

To add a new account:

- 1. From the Accounts List View, click the **\* Add** button.
- <sup>2.</sup> O Tip

The user name must comply with Unix restrictions (lower case letters a-z, numbers 0-9, hyphen and underscore).

	Add Account	
Name		
Role	Administrator	•
Password		
Confirm Password		
	Cancel	Add Account

- 3. Select the Role for the user. See "Role" in Account Settings.
- 4. Type the initial password in the Password field and again in the Confirmation Password field. For the allowed characters, see "Password Requirements" in Changing Your Password.
- 5. Click Add.

To manage existing accounts:

 From the Accounts List View, click a link in the table for an existing account. The Account Settings page opens for the selected account (as shown in the following example).

Settings Security				
Accounts Audit	<			Apply
Banner	Account			
Certificates	Name	operator		
Messages Policies	Role			
	Password			
	Confirm Password			
	Public Keys			
			I	Add
	Name	Fingerprint		

For security purposes, you cannot modify the Name or Role for an existing account.

2. To reset the password of an existing account, type the password in the Password field and again in the Confirmation Password field. For the allowed characters, see "Password Requirements" in Changing Your Password.

### <sup>3.</sup> **()** Note

New users must change their passwords the first time they sign in as well as when the administrator resets the password of an existing account. When you change your password, the new password takes effect immediately.

- 4. To upload a public key for the account, follow the steps in Managing Public Key Authentication.
- 5. To get the fingerprint for a public key, select the public key in the list. For more information, see **Account Settings**.
- 6. To apply your changes, click **Apply**.

### **Account Settings**

The following table lists the Accounts controls and settings:

Account Setting	Default	Description/Values
Username	n/a	<ul> <li>(Read-only for existing accounts) The user name for the account.</li> <li>(New account) Type in a unique name for the account, meeting the following requirements: <ul> <li>Maximum length = 20 characters.</li> <li>All characters must be lowercase.</li> <li>The first character cannot be a number; must start with [a-z]</li> <li>After the first character, can contain [a-z 0-9]</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
Role	n/a	<ul> <li>(Read-only for existing accounts) The Role assigned to the account.</li> <li>(New account) Select the Role for the user account, either: <ul> <li>Administrator</li> <li>Operator</li> <li>Guest</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
Current Password	n/a	<ul> <li>(Your own account only) Type in your current password.</li> <li>Note         This is not required for other accounts since an administrator is frequently asked to change the password by users who have forgotten their passwords.     </li> </ul>
New Password	n/a	Type in the new password.
Confirm password	n/a	Re-type the new password.
Public Keys	n/a	<ul> <li>Lists any public key files that have been uploaded for this account.</li> <li>To add a public key, click Add.</li> <li>To delete a public key, select it from the list and click Delete.</li> </ul>
Fingerprint	n/a	Displays the fingerprint for the selected public key (when you click a filename in the Public Keys list).  Tip  A public key fingerprint is a short sequence of bytes which you can copy and use to identify or look for a public key.

#### **Related Topics**

- Role-based Authorization
- "Password Requirements" in Changing Your Password
- Managing Public Key Authentication

### Managing Public Key Authentication

In order to use a public key for account authentication (instead of password-based authentication), you must first get the public key of your SSH client. Note that in the current release, this only applies to SSH CLI access to the Makito X.

To upload a public key file for an account:

- 1. From the Accounts List View, click a link in the table for an existing account.
- 2. On the Account Settings page, under Public Keys, click **Add** and select the file in the Open File dialog box.

The public key file must have a .pub extension.

3. When you see the filename in the text box, click **Upload**.

Public Keys			
	Change	id_rsa.pub 🗙	Upload

### 🕑 Tip

To select a different public key file, click **Change**. To remove the selection, click imes .

The file is then added to the Public Keys list of along with the fingerprint for the key (e.g., for identification purposes).

Public Keys				
				Add
Name	Fingerp	orint		
id_rsa.pub	SHA256	5:gcxCuWwNe1G	gvUEeGZMgl4E2c	jbP1EVPWKr7wG

#### 🔥 Note

You can now access the CLI interface from your SSH client without providing your account password. You may have to provide a password to decrypt your private key but this is done by your SSH client. If you no longer use password-based authentication to access your account, it is recommended to set a very long password.

#### 📀 Note

To delete one or more previously uploaded public key files from the list, check the checkbox next to one or more filenames (or check **All**) and click **Delete**.

## Managing Messages

The Messages page displays a limited number of important administrator actions recorded such as installation of a software package, failure to establish or maintain connectivity with a remote syslog ser ver, Power-On Self Test (POST) errors, and other noteworthy events.

These events will result in a message being displayed at the next administrative Web interface or CLI sign-in.

The log of the actions recorded includes the following:

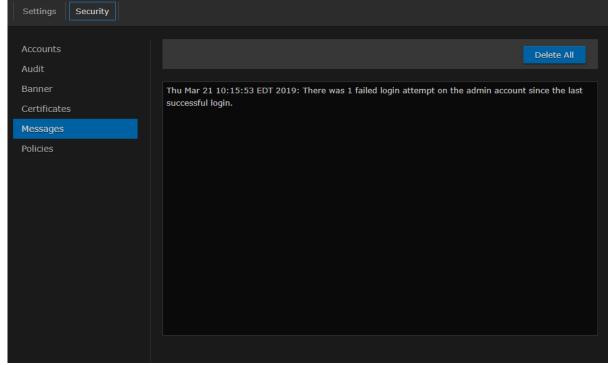
- The user initiating the action and the action being initiated.
- The time of the action.
- The results of the action (success/failure).

#### 🔒 Note

Messages starting with "POST" are Power-On Self Test events. If you repeatedly get POST errors, the cryptographic module of the encoder or decoder may be compromised, and it is recommended to re-installed the firmware.

To view the messages:

1. On the Administration page, click **Security** on the navigation bar and **Messages** on the sidebar. The Messages page opens displaying the log.



2. To delete the messages, click **Delete All**. The messages will be deleted immediately.

## **Managing Banners**

From the Banner page, administrators can upload a text file for the Advisory and Consent Banner. The banner is typically an advisory/warning notice to be displayed before the Sign-in page.

Only ASCII file format is supported for the banner file; the banner is a single text file with a maximum file size of 4KB.

To upload a text file for the Banner page:

1. On the Administration page, click **Security** on the navigation bar and **Banner** on the sidebar. The Banner page opens. If banner text has been imported, it will be displayed here.

Settings Security		
Accounts Messages Banner Policies Certificates Audit	Import           Oisplay this Advisory Notice and Consent Banner upon user login	Apply Delete
AUGIL	You are accessing a system reserved for use by the Haivision CX (CustomerExperience/formerly InfoDev) team. Anyone wishing to use this system needs to contact CXEMaivision.com. • Haivision Systems - Makito X4 Encoder 6 Decoder - CX •	

2. Click **Import** and select the file in the Open File dialog box. The banner filename is now displayed on the Upload Banner task bar.

## 🕑 Tip

To select a different banner file, click **Change**. To remove the selection, click the X icon.

- 3. Click **Upload**. The banner text is now displayed in the pane.
- 4. To display the Advisory Notice and Consent Banner upon user sign-in, check the checkbox.

### 🔥 Note

When the banner is enabled, the time when the banner actually gets displayed may vary with the service in use (such as SSH, Telnet, serial port, or Web interface) and how the services are configured. For example, in some cases, the banner will be displayed right after the signin and before the password is entered, whereas with the Web interface, the banner will be displayed before the user gets to the Sign-in page.

### (i) Important

IP display is enabled on the serial port login prompt by default and takes precedence over a banner. If both Banner and IP display are enabled, users will see the IP, not the banner on the serial port.

You can disable and re-enable IP display using the CLI commands

disable\_ip\_display\_on\_serial\_port and enable\_ip\_display\_on\_serial\_port. If you disable IP display with this CLI command, the banner works.

### 5. To apply your changes, click **Apply**.

## 🕑 Tip

You can also install and manage banner files from the CLI using the banner command. The Makito X supports FTP and TFTP client, as well as SCP client and server. To delete the current banner, click **Delete**. The banner will be deleted immediately.

To upload a text file for the Banner page:

1. On the Administration page, click **Security** on the navigation bar and **Banner** on the sidebar. The Banner page opens. If banner text has been imported, it will be displayed here.

Settings Security	. In builler text has been imported, it will be displayed here.
Accounts	Import Apply
Audit	
Banner	✓ Display this Advisory Notice and Consent Banner upon user login
Certificates	
Messages	You are accessing a Haivision System Inc. (Haivision) Information System (IS) that is
Policies	<pre>inducted for autobrized use only. By using this IS (which includes any device attached to this IS), you consent to the following conditions: - Haivision routinely intercepts and monitors communication on this IS for purposes including, but not limited to, penetration testing, data loss prevention, network operations and security, and personal misconduct investigation. - At any time, Haivision may inspect and seize data stored on this IS. Communication using, or data sored on, this IS are not private, are subject or routine monitoring, interception, and search, and may be disclosed or used for Haivision authorized purposes. This IS includes security measures (e.g., authentication and access controls) to protect Haivision interests. - Haivision complies with state, federal, and international law regarding certain legally protected information, but makes no representation that any use of this system will be private or confidential. Use of this IS for personal privileged communications or purposes is discouraged. See Haivision's Acceptable Use Policy in the Employee Handbook for more information.</pre>

2. Click **Import** and select the file in the Open File dialog box. The banner filename is now displayed on the Upload Banner task bar.

## 🕑 Tip

To select a different banner file, click **Change**. To remove the selection, click the **X** icon.

- 3. Click Upload. The banner text is now displayed in the pane.
- 4. To display the Advisory Notice and Consent Banner upon user sign-in, check the checkbox.

### 🚹 Note

When the banner is enabled, the time when the banner actually gets displayed may vary with the service in use (such as SSH, Telnet, serial port, or Web interface) and how the services are configured. For example, in some cases, the banner will be displayed right after the sign-in and before the password is entered, whereas with the Web interface, the banner will be displayed before the user gets to the Sign-in page.

### (i) Important

IP display is enabled on the serial port login prompt by default and takes precedence over a banner. If both Banner and IP display are enabled, users will see the IP, not the banner on the serial port.

You can disable and re-enable IP display using the CLI commands

disable\_ip\_display\_on\_serial\_port and enable\_ip\_display\_on\_serial\_port. If you disable IP display with this CLI command, the banner works.

5. To apply your changes, click **Apply**.

6. To delete the current banner, click **Delete**. The banner will be deleted immediately.

## 🕑 Tip

You can also install and manage banner files from the CLI using the **banner** command. The Makito X supports FTP and TFTP client, as well as SCP client and server.

# Managing Security Policies

From the Policies page, administrators can set policies for passwords, session timeout, and cryptographic strength for Makito X4 user accounts. These policies will apply to all user accounts; therefore, it is recommended to set the policies before beginning to create accounts.

To view and manage the Security policies for the encoder:

1. On the Administration page, click **Security** on the navigation bar and **Policies** on the sidebar. The Policies page opens.

Settings Security				
Accounts				
Messages			Reboot	Apply
Banner	Password Policies			
Policies	Minimum Length	6		
Certificates	Pinininum Lengur	0		
Audit	Quality	Basic 🔹		
	Password Expiration			
	Session Policies			
	Auto Logout			
	Cryptography Polic	ies		
	Compliance	(None) •		
	TLS Versions			
		TLSv1.2		
		▼ TLSv1.1		
		✓ TLSv1.0		
		SSLv3		
	HTTP Policies			
	Strict Transport Security			

2. Select or enter the new value(s) in the appropriate field(s). For details, see Policy Settings.

3. To specify additional password quality criteria, select "Strong" for the Quality and adjust the values as required.

Password Policies		
Minimum Length	6	
Quality	Strong 🝷	
Requires At Least	5	Uppercase Letters
	5	Digits
	10	Symbols
Remember Last	500	Passwords
Password Expiration		

4. To apply your changes, click **Apply**.

## **Policy Settings**

The following table lists the Policy settings for the encoder:

## **Password Policies**

Policy Settin g	Default	Description/Values
Minimum 6 password character length s		Type in the minimum password length (from 6-40 characters).
		Note Passwords can be up to 80 characters.
Password quality	Basic	<ul> <li>Select the required password quality; works in conjunction with Password requires at least below:</li> <li>Basic: Sets the minimum password length as the only requirement to accept a new password.</li> <li>Strong: Adds more strict requirements to the password structure. Checks for minimum length as well as other criteria such as minimum number of required upper case characters, digits, and symbols.</li> </ul>
Password requires at least	0	<ul> <li>(Password quality must be Strong) Specify the minimum required number of:</li> <li>Uppercase letters</li> <li>Digits</li> <li>Symbols</li> <li>The range is from 0 to 40 for all 3.</li> </ul>
Remember Last	5	(Password quality must be Strong) This option determines the number of unique new passwords that must be associated with a user account before an old password can be reused. The range is from 5 to 500.
Password expiration	Disabled	To enable Password expiration, check the checkbox.
Change password after	N/A if Disabled  90 days if Enabled	(Password expiration must be enabled) Type in the number of days after which users must change their passwords (from 1-180 days).

## **Session Policies**

Policy Settin g	Default	Description/Values
Auto Logout	Disable d	To enable Auto Logout, check the checkbox. This configures the Makito X to automatically log the user out after a specified period of idle time. Systems that are left logged on may represent a security risk for an organization. If the user has been inactive for longer than this period of time, he/she will be automatically logged out and redirected to the Sign-in page.

Policy Settin g	Default	Description/Values
Logout when idle for	N/A if Disable d  15 minutes if Enabled	(Auto Logout must be enabled) Type in the maximum length of time the system may be idle before the user will be logged out (from 1 - 1440 minutes).

## **Cryptography Policies**

Policy Settin g	Default	Description/Values
Compliance	None	<ul> <li>Specifies the required cryptographic compliance, either:         <ul> <li>None</li> <li>FIPS 140-2: Applies cryptographic modules accredited under the Federal Information Processing Standard (FIPS) Publication 140-2.</li> <li>NDPP v1.1: Activates cryptographic security to a level compliant with the National Information Assurance Partnership (NIAP) Network Device Protection Profile, Revision 1.1.</li> <li>SP800-52 Revision 1: Applies cryptographic modules accredited under the National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) Special Publication 800-52, Revision 1.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Note         <ul> <li>Either selection will reinforce security for all management functions of the decoder in terms of cryptography. This setting will take effect upon the next reboot.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
TLS Versions	TLSv1.2, TLSv1.1, TLSv1.0	Specifies which TLS (Transport Layer Security) versions are accepted from the HTTPS client. <ul> <li>TLSv1.2</li> <li>TLSv1.1</li> <li>TLSv1.0</li> <li>SSLv3</li> </ul> <li>Note <ul> <li>SSLv3 can be enabled only if Compliance is set to None. At least one TLS version must be enabled.</li> </ul></li>

# **Managing Certificates**

The Certificates page shows the list of Identity and CA Certificates installed on Makito X Series devices.

- Identity Certificates: An Identity Certificate identifies the Makito X during the authentication process when trying to establish a TLS connection in Audit or HTTPS session startup. Its Common Name or Alternate Subject Names must match the device's IP address and/or its FQDN (Fully Qualified Domain Name) if DNS is used.
- CA Certificates: A CA Certificate is normally a root certificate from a certificate authority that is generally widely known and trusted. CA Certificates are stored on the Makito X so they can be used to authenticate CA-signed certificates from audit servers. You will need to import the root certificate from the CA that signed the certificate of the configured remote audit server. It is also recommended to import the root certificate of the CA that signed your Makito X identity certificate (if you have one).

From the Certificates page, you can generate, import, view, and delete Identity Certificates, as well as select the default Identity Certificate. You can also import, view, and delete CA Certificates.

### Important

Makito X self-signed TLS certificates are generated with a validity period of less than 825 days.

## Generating a Certificate

To generate a Self-signed Certificate or a Certificate Signing Request (CSR):

1. On the Administration page, click **Security** on the navigation bar and **Certificates** on the sidebar. The Certificates page opens.

Settings Security		
Accounts Messages	Identity Certificates	
Banner	All Delete	Generate Import
Policies		
Certificates	Name	Type Default
Audit	dev.haivision.com	CA-signed 🗸
		Self-signed
	stephito-4k-rugged	CA-signed
	CA Certificates	
	All Delete	Import
	Name	Туре
	engca256	CA

The default Identity Certificate is indicated with a blue check.

- 2. Under Identify Certificates, click Generate.
- 3. (Optional) Type a name for the certificate in the Generate Certificate dialog.

Generate Certificate				
Name	haivision.Makito	X4.com		
Sign	Self-Signed	•		
Subject				
	Cancel	Generate		

- 4. Select either Self-signed or Certificate Signing Request from the drop-down list. For more information, see "Sign" in "Certificate Settings" (link below).
- 5. For the subject, type in information about the device that the Identity Certificate represents. For more information, see "Subject" in "Certificate Settings".
- 6. Click Generate.

If the Certificate Signing Request (CSR) was selected, the generated CSR file needs to be sent to a Certificate Authority to be signed. A copy of it is saved in the current administrator's home

directory, or it can be copied and pasted from the CSR view. You can import the signed certificate back later by clicking on the **Import** button (using the same name as the CSR file).

### 🕑 Tip

Keep in mind that there is a difference between importing a new certificate (that was generated externally) and importing a newly signed certificate whose request was previously generated on the Makito X and exported for signing. For details, see "Certificate Name" in "Certificate Settings".

#### Related Topics:

- Importing a Certificate
- Viewing Certificate Details
- Certificate Settings

## Importing a Certificate

To import an Identity Certificate:

- 1. On the Certificates page, click **Import** in the Identity Certificates section.
- 2. On the Import Certificate dialog, type in the Name and complete the remaining fields. See "Import Identity or CA Certificate dialog" in "Certificate Settings" (link below).

Import Certificate				
Name				
Туре	<ul> <li>Identity</li> </ul>			
Format	Auto 👻			
Password				
Import File	Browse			
	Cancel Import			

3. Click Import.

To import a CA Identity:

1. On the Certificates page, click **Import** in the CA Certificates section.

2. On the Import Certificate dialog, type in the Name, select the Type, and complete the remaining fields. See "Import Identity or CA Certificate dialog" in "Certificate Settings" (link below).

Import Certificate				
Name	I			
Туре	○ CA-Chain ● root-CA			
Format	Auto	•		
Password				
Import File	Browse			
	Cancel	Import		

3. Click Import.

## **Related Topics:**

- Generating a Certificate
- Viewing Certificate Details
- Certificate Settings

## Viewing Certificate Details

To view the details of a certificate file:

1. On the Certificates page, click the certificate name from the list of Identity or CA Certificates. The certificate file opens in a new window (as shown in the following example).

```
Certificate Fingerprints:
    MD5: 84:DE:EC:DE:EC:93:4B:8D:CE:5A:42:FC:90:83:E9:F5
    SHA1: A9:B8:80:A7:22:0B:81:B0:BB:D3:B4:C4:33:16:06:8E:F1:19:62:68
Certificate:
    Data:
        Version: 3 (0x2)
        Serial Number:
           fa:45:9c:0d:12:9a:0f:32
    Signature Algorithm: sha256WithRSAEncryption
        Issuer: CN=gpm4e.haivision.com
        Validity
            Not Before: Feb 25 17:38:01 2019 GMT
           Not After : Feb 24 17:38:01 2029 GMT
        Subject: CN=gpm4e.haivision.com
        Subject Public Key Info:
            Public Key Algorithm: rsaEncryption
                Public-Key: (2048 bit)
                Modulus:
                    00:9c:0f:03:ba:ed:f3:63:8a:b9:e6:96:34:76:38:
                    ba:3a:6e:c5:82:8c:7f:29:3b:30:e8:67:c7:56:83:
                    db:15:63:4a:13:97:f8:ec:94:17:88:27:b9:be:dc:
                    e4:7d:1c:02:bb:10:10:5e:39:dd:3b:38:fe:06:3e:
                    fa:a8:60:6a:7f:ae:ea:5a:b8:bd:a0:3d:48:5e:ec:
                    42:df:a3:7f:db:c7:e7:f5:c5:ef:d6:47:bd:fb:e2:
                    e3:7e:25:73:84:66:3b:34:52:b9:4a:46:a9:a3:54:
                    7c:7e:72:59:7e:7d:fe:98:f8:bc:0f:61:25:2f:56:
                    6d:70:87:34:e9:34:00:7a:88:be:e4:b2:df:60:53:
                    24:ff:84:c0:4e:80:80:23:5a:b0:66:dc:e4:cc:69:
                    0e:48:30:8b:d3:98:02:55:26:ca:ee:68:b9:78:6f:
                    70:54:28:b3:22:e4:ba:49:2b:8e:d7:f6:c4:c6:99:
                    34:57:a3:0b:4a:92:d0:7c:4b:bc:27:d1:77:76:fd:
                    db:c5
                Exponent: 65537 (0x10001)
        X509v3 extensions:
           X509v3 Subject Kev Identifier:
                57:3D:78:9B:C5:28:0B:4B:C9:FD:30:77:FB:16:50:36:5C:20:C7:A9
           X509v3 Authority Key Identifier:
                keyid:57:3D:78:9B:C5:28:0B:4B:C9:FD:30:77:FB:16:50:36:5C:20:C7:A9
            X509v3 Basic Constraints:
                CA: TRUE
            X509v3 Subject Alternative Name:
                DNS:gpm4e.haivision.com, DNS:gpm4e, IP Address:10.65.11.176
    Signature Algorithm: sha256WithRSAEncryption
         56:78:9a:62:d2:a7:b7:7d:bd:40:8b:b1:60:ea:49:3a:e6:74:
         a2:30:fe:4e:1b:e8:8a:55:59:5c:15:7b:ad:97:d2:44:e9:d6:
         90:e0:5f:8c:bf:75:fb:b9:6b:3d:b0:21:d8:6a:4e:f0:ce:58:
         5a:29:fc:2f:f7:5e:fa:4e:50:00:9d:31:4f:28:2f:f9:bf:46:
         3f:0b:8c:9e:a5:3e:61:e7:da:3e:84:73:a0:3d:61:32:94:18:
         78:df:1b:6c:bc:03:c7:03:b2:f5:2b:44:36:37:49:b9:05:2b:
         2f:ca:17:ee:4d:2e:2b:ce:71:19:ad:e7:e4:30:76:5e:0b:f3:
         c6:ec:f5:1b:10:be:fc:55:7c:99:98:54:1f:76:97:a9:23:a7:
         53:d8:48:5f:8a:3b:55:d8:97:e4:fa:51:7c:e3:0b:90:7d:46:
         e3:a1:bc:97:fb:e7:72:a9:5a:85:fa:39:46:03:d9:f1:4f:e6:
         b2:a7:89:08:73:3d:54:74:b4:c9:57:80:9e:98:34:5e:8f:23:
         7b:33:e5:1e:b0:60:1f:a1:aa:81:3f:a5:ed:e5:7c:e1:9e:1d:
         7d:48:ff:ee:5f:5c:d1:23:fd:81:cc:4d:6d:75:a7:38:d6:7e:
         22:98:e6:d2:af:8b:ac:30:ba:3d:23:dc:ef:65:33:6d:28:8c:
         03:d8:30:d8
----BEGIN CERTIFICATE-----
MIIDPDCCAiSgAwIBAgIJAPpFnA0Smg8yMA0GCSqGSIb3DQEBCwUAMB4xHDAaBgNV
BAMME2dwbTR1LmhhaXZpc21vbi5jb20wHhcNMTkwMjI1MTczODAxWhcNMjkwMjI0
```

2. (Optional) Save the file.

## **Certificate Settings**

The following table lists the Certificates controls and settings:

## Generate Certificate dialog

Setting	Default	Description/Values	
Certificate Name	n/a	Type in a unique name under which the certificate will be stored on the Makito X as well as listed on the Certificate page.	
Sign	Self-signed	<ul> <li>Select the Signature Type:</li> <li>Self-signed: The certificate will be generated and signed by the system, and the name will be added to the list of Identity Certificates.</li> <li>Certificate Signing Request (CSR): A request will be generated, and its name will be added to the list of Identity Certificates. A copy of the request is saved in current administrator's home directory, or it can be copied and pasted into a new file in a text editor from CSR view. In its generated form, this certificate is still a request and cannot be used as an Identity Certificate before it is signed by a CA, and imported back.</li> </ul>	
Subject	n/a	The Subject identifies the device being secured, in this case, the Makito X. Entering the special value "auto" (or leaving the field blank) sets the Common Name to the device's FQDN if DNS is set, or the IP address otherwise. The Subject Alternative Name extension is also set to the FQDN, hostname, and IP Address of the device (there is no other method to enter Subject Alternative Name values). Type in the subject in the form: "/C=US/ST=Maine" where the most common attributes are: • /C Two Letter Country Name • /ST State or Province Name • /L Locality Name • /OU Organization Name • /OU Organizational Unit Name • /CN Common Name Note that parameters with spaces should be enclosed in quotation marks.	

## Import Certificate dialog

Setting	Default	Description/Values
Certificate Name	n/a	<ul> <li>The Certificate Name is the name under which the certificate will be stored on the device.</li> <li>If the certificate is a new certificate generated outside of the Makito X, the file should also contain the certificate Private Key, and its chosen name should be one that isn't already installed on the device.</li> <li>If the certificate is a newly signed one that was sent as a certificate signing request and is returned by the CA, the certificate name should be the same as its CSR (Certificate Signing Request) counterpart in the list.</li> </ul>
Туре		Select the type of the imported certificate:
	Identity (Identity Certificates)	<ul> <li>Identity: If you are importing an identity certificate.</li> </ul>
	root-CA (CA Certificates)	<ul> <li>CA-Chain: If the import is a chain of certificate authorities leading to the root certificate authority. The imported CA-chain can contain one or more certificates linking its associated identity certificate to the root-CA and may or may not include the root-CA itself (that will only be trusted if imported as a root-CA).</li> <li>root-CA: If you are importing a root-CA certificate. These certificates are the anchor of trust of the certificate authorities you decide to trust and are generally publicly available from the CA Web sites. They are used by the device when validating the chain of trust of an identity certificate and its CA-chain.</li> </ul>
Format	Auto	<ul> <li>Select the file format for the Certificate (the formats differ in the way the file is encrypted):</li> <li>Auto: detected from the file extension</li> <li>pem: Privacy Enhanced Mail Base64 encoded DER certificate</li> <li>der: Distinguish Encoding Rules</li> <li>pkcs #7</li> <li>pkcs #12</li> <li>pfx</li> </ul>
Password	n/a	If the imported certificate contains a password protected private key, type its password in this field. Leave this field empty if the file is not password- protected.
Import File	n/a	Click <b>Browse</b> to select the file.

### **Related Topics:**

Configuring Network Settings

## **Managing Audits**

From the Audits page, administrators can set up logging to an Audit server for the Makito X.

To configure an Audit server:

1. On the Administration page, click **Security** on the navigation bar and **Audit** on the sidebar. The Audit page opens.

Settings Security			
Accounts Messages			Арріу
Banner	Audit		
Policies Certificates	Audit Server Address		
Audit	Transport		

- 2. Check the **Audit** checkbox to start logging to the audit server.
- Type the audit server address and port in the Audit Server Address field. See "Audit Settings" (link below) for more details. The server address must be the Common Name or one of the Subject Alternative Names in the server's certificate for successful authentication if Transport is set to TLS and Trusted Server is set
- to CA-Signed.
- 4. Set the type of transport protocol that will be used to send the logs to the audit server.
- 5. If TLS is selected as Transport, choose the type of audit server to be accepted as a trusted server: either All (no server authentication), CA-signed, or Self-signed. If Trusted Servers is set to CAsigned, the root-CA certificate of the audit server certificate chain must be imported in the encoder (see "Managing Certificates") for the TLS connection to succeed.
- 6. If Trusted Servers is set to Self-signed, copy the Fingerprint string from the Audit server's certificate and paste it in the Fingerprint field under Audit Settings to identify the certificate trusted for this TLS connection. The fingerprint should be that of the certificate that belongs to the audit server which was set in "Audit Server Address".

		Apply
Audit		
Audit Server Address		
Transport	TLS •	
Trusted Servers	Self-signed 🔻	
Fingerprint		

7. To apply your changes, click **Apply**.

### **Related Topics**

• Managing Certificates

## Audit Settings

The following table lists the Audit controls and settings:

Audit Setting	Default	Description/Values	
Enable Audit	disabled	Check or clear this checkbox to enable or disable audits for the system.	
Audit Server Address	n/a	<pre>Type in the address and port of the remote server, in one the following formats:     fqdn[:port]     ipv4_addr[:port]     ipv6_addr[:port]     hostname[:port]     If the port is not provided, the default port for the chosen Transport will be used:</pre>	
Transport	UDP	Select the Transport Type from the drop-down list: • UDP (default port: 514) • TLS (Transport Layer Security, default port: 6514)	
Trusted Servers	ALL	<ul> <li>(TLS must be selected for Transport) Select the type of certificate exchange:</li> <li>All: Server authentication is disabled. Any server that is set in the Audit Server Address field will be accepted as a trusted server, and the authentication step is skipped.</li> <li>CA-signed: Enables server authentication during the startup of an audit. The encoder will only accept a connection with the specified audit server if the certificate it presents is signed by a trusted Certificate Authority (i.e., The certificate of that certificate authority is present in the Makito X's CA Certificates list).</li> <li>Self-signed: Enables server authentication. A connection with the specified audit server will be accepted if its certificate is self-signed, and its fingerprint matches the one configured on the Makito X.</li> </ul>	
Fingerprint	n/a	<ul> <li>(Only appears if Self-signed is selected for Trusted Servers)</li> <li>Enter the fingerprint of the audit server's self-signed certificate.</li> <li>The fingerprint should be the SHA-1 or MD5 fingerprint of the certificate that belongs to the audit server which was set in Audit Server Address.</li> </ul>	

# Using SNMP to Configure A/V Services

#### 🚹 Note

This content is intended for users who are familiar with SNMP-based management and who will be developing applications such as provisioning services, or creating and modifying existing network management systems to manage the Makito X4.

#### 🕑 Tip

To develop new SNMP applications, see the list of **Supported MIBs**.

#### Topics in This Chapter

- SNMP Overview
- Supported MIBs
- SNMP Agent Components
- SNMPv3
- SNMP Utilities
- SNMP Syntax for Setting Up Streams

## **SNMP** Overview

To support management of Makito X devices by third party Network Management Stations (NMSs), the system includes an SNMP agent that may be used to configure and control the system's Audio/Video services and streams.

#### 🔒 Note

The Makito X Series uses Net-SNMP Version 5.7.3 and support SNMP v1, v2c, and v3.

The Makito X Series supports a number of SNMP commands used to set or get Management Information Base (MIB) objects on the local host or on other SNMP agents reachable over IP networks.

## Supported MIBs

The Makito X4 SNMP agent supports the MIB-II (RFC 1213) standard and its updates, SNMPv3 MIBs, as well as the Haivision proprietary Enterprise MIB. The following table lists the supported MIBs:

Supported MIBs St	Standar d	Description
-------------------	--------------	-------------

<ul> <li>RFC1213-MIB.txt</li> <li>SNMPv2- MIB.txt</li> <li>IP-MIB.txt</li> <li>IF-MIB.txt</li> <li>TCP-MIB.txt</li> <li>UDP-MIB.txt</li> </ul>	MIB-II (RFC 1213)	Defines the general objects for use with a network management protocol in TCP/ IP internets and provides general information about the unit.
<ul> <li>SNMP-USER- BASED-SM- MIB.txt</li> <li>SNMP-USM- AES-MIB.txt</li> <li>SNMP-VIEW- BASED-ACM- MIB.txt</li> </ul>	SNMPv3	Supports SNMPv3 User-based Security Model (USM) and View-based Access Control (VACM).
• IPV6-MIB.txt	RFC-246 5	Management Information Base for IP Version 6.
<ul> <li>HAI-VISION- MIB.txt</li> <li>HAI-AVT- STREAM- MIB.txt</li> <li>HAI-HDC- MIB.txt</li> </ul>	Haivisio n Enterpri se	Supports configuration, status, and statistics.

Encoder-only	1	1
Encoder-only		
• HAI-MAKITO- X4-ENC- CAPS.txt	Haivisio n Enterpri se	This MIB formally specifies the capabilities of the Makito X4 (encoder) SNMP AGENT. It specifies which object groups from the listed MIB files are implemented, and furthermore, it specifies implementation constraints and deviations from the MIB OBJECT specification such as differences in ranges.
Decoder-specific		
• HAI-MAKITO- X4-DEC- CAPS.txt	Haivisio n Enterpri se	This MIB formally specifies the capabilities of the Makito X4 (decoder) SNMP AGENT. It specifies which object groups from the listed MIB files are implemented, and furthermore, it specifies implementation constraints and deviations from the MIB OBJECT specification such as differences in ranges.

### 🚹 Note

You can also download the MIBs directly from your Makito X4 under: /usr/share/snmp/mibs/

HAI-\*.txt

# **SNMP** Agent Components

This section presents key components used to set up SNMP management on the Makito X4.

- snmpd
- snmpd.conf
- snmpd.local.conf
- nmcfg

## snmpd

snmpd is an SNMP agent that binds to a port and listens for requests from SNMP management software. Upon receiving a request, it performs the requested operation, either retrieving information or configuring the system. When finished processing the request, the agent sends a response to the sender with the requested information or the status of the configuration operation.

When you start an SNMP agent on a Makito X Series device using the service snmp start command, it loads the management database with the MIB files in the directory /usr/share/snmp/mibs and configures the agent with the files in /usr/share/snmp.

## snmpd.conf

**snmpd.conf** is the configuration file that defines how the SNMP agent works. You may need to edit this file to specify the location of the Network Management System (NMS). However, for most settings, it is preferable to use the nmcfg configuration script.

On a Makito X Series device, the snmpd.conf file includes:

- access control setup (i.e., community and user privileges),
- system information setup (e.g., system location, services and contact).

snmpd.conf is located in the directory /usr/share/snmp.

For a detailed description, see the snmpd.conf file.

## snmpd.local.conf

snmpd.local.conf is the configuration file that defines the VACM (View-based Access Control Model) views modeling the privilege levels of the Makito X Series user groups: admins, operators, and users. These groups can be used for v1/v2c communities and v3 USM users.

This file cannot be modified. Access groups are used in place of the traditional ro (readonly) and rw (re ad-write) permissions when setting communities' and users' access with the nmcfg configuration script.

## SNMP Community Names

Following are the default SNMP community names and their privileges for accessing the Makito X Series MIBs.

SNMP Community Name	Access Rights	
admin	Read and write permission from local network and local host	
public	Read-only permission from local network	

## nmcfg

nmcfg is the configuration script that helps the configuration of the SNMP agent. It is particularly useful for the creation and management of SNMPv3 users of the User-based Security Model (USM) and the assignment of VACM (View-based Access Control Model) access rights to communities and users. The script interacts with the /var/netsnmp/snmpd.conf persistent data file, which maintains the USM user database and other SNMP agent persistent information. The script also performs snmpget commands to display the list of USM users, which is not available in a human readable form in any configuration file.

The script also reads and modifies the snmpd.conf configuration file to manage system parameters (contact, location), community-based (v1/v2c) security, and user access control. Used without parameters, it displays a summary of the SNMP agent configuration: system parameters, access control, and SNMPv3 USM users.

Following is an example of the nmcfg configuration script output:

<pre># nmcfg system parame</pre>		lue		
engineid contact location	0x "j	80001f8803005 ohn doe <jdoe A lab"</jdoe 	Oc2c611ad @example.net>"	
model	perm/group	level	user/community	source
usm v2c v2c	guest administrator administrator administrator guest rw	priv noauth noauth	johndoe admin admin public	- localhost localnet localnet any
-	priv p			
MD5 MD5 SHA	DES nopriv AES		admin guest johndoe	
<pre>SHA AES johndoe # nmcfg help usage: nmcfg nmcfg help nmcfg access help nmcfg access usm permit <uname> {<group> ro rw} [{noauh auth priv}] nmcfg access usm delete <uname> nmcfg community help nmcfg community permit <community> {<group> ro rw} [<host>] nmcfg community delete <community> [{<group> ro rw} [<host>]]</host></group></community></host></group></community></uname></group></uname></pre>				

nmcfg system help nmcfg system define <param> "<value>" nmcfg system delete <param> nmcfg user help nmcfg user define <uname> [{MD5|SHA} "<apwd>" [{DES|AES} ["<ppwd>"]]] nmcfg user delete <uname>

## SNMPv3

For SNMPv3, the definition of a user and its access permission are separate steps, whereas for v1/v2c community-based security, a single command (e.g., nmcfg community permit admin rw) defines both.

The following command creates the user "johndoe" and defines its authentication protocol and password, and its privacy (encryption) protocol and password.

These examples use MD5 for authentication and DES for privacy. They provide broader compatibility but if your SNMP client supports SHA (authentication) and AES (privacy), use these as they provide better security. (Note that you can type <code>nmcfg user help</code> to view the supported protocols and pass phrase restrictions.)

# nmcfg user define johndoe MD5 "password" DES "pass phrase"

The new user has no permissions until its access rights are defined. The command below assigns the operator role to the user.

# nmcfg access usm permit johndoe operator auth

Note that the Makito X Series administrative user roles are preferred over the read-only or read-write permissions (to the whole MIB). These roles provide to SNMP v1/v2c communities and SNMPv3 users access privileges modeled on the Makito X SeriesX Accounts roles.

## Examples

The following examples show how the v3 parameters are used with the SNMP commands.

The following get command has the required security level (authentication) and succeeds.

```
# snmpget -v3 -u johndoe -a MD5 -A "password" -l authNoPriv localhost sysName.0
SNMPv2-MIB::sysName.0 = STRING: razor #
```

The following get command provides no security (no authentication, no privacy) and fails.

```
# snmpget -v3 -u johndoe -l noAuthNoPriv localhost sysName.0
Error in packet
Reason: authorizationError (access denied to that object) #
```

The following set command provides the highest security level (authentication and privacy), even if access policy only required authentication, and succeeds.

```
# snmpset -v3 -u johndoe -a MD5 -A "password" -x DES -X "pass phrase" -l authPriv localhost
haiAvtStreamEncapsulation.1 i directRtp
HAI-AVT-STREAM-MIB::haiAvtStreamEncapsulation.1 = INTEGER:
```

directRtp(1)

The following set command provides the highest security level (authentication and privacy), even if access policy only required authentication, and succeeds.

```
# snmpset -v3 -u johndoe -a SHA -A "password" -x AES -X "pass phrase" -l authPriv localhost
haiAvtStreamEncapsulation.1 i directRtp
HAI-AVT-STREAM-MIB::haiAvtStreamEncapsulation.1 = INTEGER:
directRtp(1)
```

## **SNMP Utilities**

The following table summarizes the SNMP commands which can be used to set values or request information from the MIB objects on the local host or on other SNMP agents reachable over the IP networks.

To do this	Use this command 	
To retrieve the value of an object from a network entity.	snmpget	
To set information on a network entity.	snmpset	
To retrieve management information from a network entity.	snmpstat us	
To retrieve the values of <i>all</i> objects under a particular location in the MIB object hierarchy tree. Use to obtain the values of all the objects under the system and interfaces nodes.		
Note The retrieval of a complete subtree is referred to as "walking the MIB."		

The SNMP utilities are located in the directory /usr/bin.

For more information on an SNMP command, enter the command with the -h (or --help) argument.

# SNMP Syntax for Setting Up Streams

The Haivision Audio/Video Transport Stream MIB (HAI-AVT-STREAM-MIB) is composed of multiple tables described below.

Table	Index	Description	
haiAvtStreamNewID.0	none	Next available stream ID	
haiAvtStreamInverseTable	IP address type IP address Port	Table to retrieve the stream ID from the IP address and port	
haiAvtStreamTable	Stream ID	Stream configuration and status	
haiAvtStreamStatsTable	Stream ID	Stream statistics	
haiAvtStreamPgmTable	Stream ID Program Index	Transport Stream programs. Only SPTS (Single Program Transport Stream) supported. Not present for non Transport Streams (directRTP, QuickTime).	
haiAvtStreamContentTable	Stream ID Program Index Content Index	Contents (video, audio, ad insertion, and/or metadata). Elementary Streams (ES) for Transport Stream. Only one entry for non-TS in which case Program Index is 1. One to three entries exist for Transport Streams.	

MIB object names and values are similar to their CLI parameter counterparts while following MIB syntax (for example, haiAvtStreamPort for port, directRtp for directRTP).

Streams are created and deleted using the SNMPv2 RowStatus object (haiAvtStreamRowStatus). All RowStatus values are supported (active, notInService, notReady, createAndGo, createAndWait, estroy). See the description in the SNMPv2-TC.txt file of the MIBs directory. Stream writable objects can only be set at creation time (RowStatus is createAndGo or createAndWait) or while the stream is not active (RowStatus is notInService or notReady).

Objects from the haiAvtStreamPgmTable and haiAvtStreamContentTable cannot be set before the corresponding haiAvtStreamTable row is created and can only be set when the stream entry is not active (haiAvtStreamRowStatus is not active).

## Examples

The following example, using netsnmp CLI commands on the Makito X Series encoder, creates a streaming session to IP Address 198.51.100.106 at port 2000, and starts streaming immediately. The Stream ID 0 (haiAvtStreamTable index) is used to create a stream; this value will be set to the first available Stream ID (>=1) on createAndGo or when set to active after createAndWait:

```
>snmpset -v2c -c admin localhost haiAvtStreamAddrType.0 = ipv4 haiAvtStreamAddr.0 d 198.51.100.106
haiAvtStreamPort.0 u 2000 haiAvtStreamRowStatus.0 i createAndGo
```

The example below shows the same command, using the prefix (-IS) and suffix (-Is) options to remove repetition:

```
>snmpset -v2c -c admin -IS haiAvtStream -Is .0 localhost AddrType = ipv4 Addr d 198.51.100.106 Port u
2000 RowStatus i createAndGo
```

To retrieve the Stream ID of the stream just created, the haiAvtStreamInverseTable is used:

```
>snmpget -v2c -c admin localhost haiAvtStreamInverseID.ipv4.4.198.51.100.106.2000
HAI-AVT-STREAM-MIB::haiAvtStreamInverseID.ipv4."198.51.100.106".2000 = HaiAvtStreamID: 5
```

To create a Stream with a known ID, the haiAvtStreamNewID.0 object reports the next available Stream ID. In the example below, the Transport Stream Program number is set to 7 and the video encoder 1 is selected for the video content. Note that createAndWait is used so the program and content table can be set after stream creation.

```
>snmpget -v2c -c admin localhost haiAvtStreamNewID.0
HAI-AVT-STREAM-MIB::haiAvtStreamNewID.0 = HaiAvtStreamID: 5
>snmpset -v2c -c admin -IS haiAvtStream -Is .5 localhost AddrType = ipv4 Addr d 198.51.100.106
Port u 2000 Encapsulation i tsUdp RowStatus i createAndWait
>snmpset -v2c -c admin -IS haiAvtStream localhost PgmNumber.5.1 i 7 PgmNbContents.5.1 i 2 ContentType.5.1.1
i video ContentToolID.5.1.1 i 1 ContentType.5.1.2 i audio ContentToolID.5.1.2 i 0
>snmpset -v2c -c admin localhost haiAvtStreamRowStatus.5 i active
```

# **CLI Command Reference**

Management via the CLI is possible through a telnet session, SSH, or RS-232 (Makito X4 Rugged only). This alphabetical command reference lists and describes the available Command Line Interface (CLI) commands to configure and manage the Makito X4 encoder.

# Accessing the CLI

To access the encoder CLI:

- 1. Open a telnet session to the encoder (for the default encoder IP address, see **Default Encoder IP** Address).
- 2. At the login prompt, type the username and password (see Role-based Authorization).

## Syntax Conventions

The following syntax conventions are used in this appendix:

Convention	Description
Monospaced font	Indicates command names and options, filenames and code samples.
italic font	Indicates variables or placeholders that you replace with a user-defined value or name.
<>	Same as italics. Variables are enclosed in angle brackets in contexts that do not allow italics.
[]	Square brackets indicate optional items or parameters.
x   y	A vertical bar separates items in a list of options from which you must select one. If options are not separated by  , you may use combinations.
{ x   y   z }	Items separated by vertical bars and enclosed in braces indicate a choice of required elements.
[x{y z}]	Vertical bars and braces within square brackets indicate a required choice within an optional element.

## 🕑 Tip

Parameter names and enumerated values are case-insensitive and can be abbreviated.

## **Command Summary and Access Control**

The Makito X4 CLI commands are divided in two main groups: operation and administration:

- **Operation Commands** are used to manage the Audio/Video data path, processing, and features, including audio/video/metadata content selection, audio/video encoding, H.264 and HEVC streaming. Operation command effects are immediate but not persistent (i.e., between reboots) unless the current operating configuration is explicitly saved (using the config command).
- Administration Commands address the security and network configuration. Their effects are persistent but not always immediate; some require system reboot to take effect.

#### 🚹 Note

A warning appears when you sign in or out of a Makito X4, or reboot, when the current configuration has not been saved in a preset. See **config**.

Below is a list of CLI commands and other functionalities supported by the system, the privileges for each role, and their descriptions.

#### Operation Commands Administration Commands Access Other/Utilities

#### **Operation Commands**

Comma nd	Role			Description	
	Adm in	Opera tor	Guest		
General					
audenc	Yes	Yes	"get" only	Manage encoder audio acquisition settings, including starting and stopping encoding of the audio input.	
leds	Yes	Yes	"get" only	Initiate blinking of the Status and TX LEDs on the Makito X4 face-plate in order to help locate the device.	
metada ta	Yes	Yes	"get" only	Manage metadata sources to capture metadata (either KLV or CoT) and then incorporate data information within the MPEG Transport Stream.	
session	Yes	Yes	"get" only	Manage SAP multicast advertising sessions.	
stream	Yes	Yes	"get" only	Create and manage audio/video streams.	
temper ature	Yes	Yes	Yes	Display the current temperature of the unit.	
videnc	Yes	Yes	"get" only	Manage video encoding parameters, including starting and stopping encoding of the video input.	
vidin	Yes	Yes	"get" only	View and manage video input settings.	

### Operation Commands Administration Commands Access Other/Utilities

### Administration Commands

Comman d		Role		Description					
	Ad min	Operator	Guest						
Network a	Network and Management								
config	Yes	Yes	"list" only	Manage configurations on the Makito X4.					
date	Yes	Yes	Yes	Display the current date.					
dtconfig	Yes	_	_	Set the date and time on the encoder.					
emspair	Yes	-	-	Pair and unpair the Makito X with/from a Haivision EMS (Element Management System).					
ethercfg	Yes	-	-	View, manually control, and save the Ethernet configuration parameters.					
haiversio n	Yes	Yes	Yes	Display the Firmware Build ID, Build Time, and serial number for the Makito X4.					
ipconfig	Yes	-	-	View and set the parameters that specify the networking context for the Makito X4, including the IP settings, hostname, and DNS.					
ipv6conf ig	Yes	-	-	View and set the parameters that specify the IPv6 network configuration.					
license	Yes	-	-	Manage licensed features.					
nmcfg	Yes	-	-	Used by system administrators or GUI/Web interface applications in the configuration of SNMP for the Makito X4.					
package	Yes	-	-	View and manage software packages, including firmware upgrades.					
passwd	Yes	operator password only	user passwor d only	Change the password for a user account.					
reboot	Yes	_	-	Halt and restart the Makito X4.					
service	Yes	-	-	Enable and disable network services, including HTTP, SNMP, SSH, and Telnet.					
system_ snapshot .sh	Yes	Yes	Yes	Take a system snapshot for the purpose of troubleshooting, which may be forwarded to Haivision Technical Support if you are requesting technical support.					
tzconfig	Yes	-	_	Configure the timezone on the encoder.					
Security		·	·	·					
account	Yes	_	_	Use to manage user accounts for the encoder.					
audit	Yes	_	_	Use to enable remote logging of security and administrative events and configure the remote audit ( syslog ) server connection.					
banner	Yes	_	_	Use to manage the Advisory Notice and Consent Banner.					

certificat e	Yes	_	_	Use to manage the TLS certificates for the Web interface HTTPS server and the secured TLS connection to the remote audit server.
message s	Yes	_	_	Use to view and manage administrative login messages.
policy	Yes			Use to manage security policy settings.
pubkey	Yes	Yes	Yes	Use to manage the user's own authorized SSH public keys.

**Operation Commands** Administration Commands

Access

**Other/Utilities** 

#### Access

Command	Role			
	Admin	Operator	Guest	
Web access	Yes	Yes	Yes	
Telnet to/from encoder	Yes	Yes	Yes	
Serial access to encoder	Yes	Yes	Yes	

Operation Commands Administration Commands Access **Other/Utilities** 

### **Other Commands and Utilities**

Command	Role			Description
	Adm in	Oper ator	Gues t	
iperf	Yes	Yes	Yes	Measure and tune network performance.
ping	Yes	Yes	Yes	Send packets to network hosts to test a network connection.
tcpdump	Yes	_	_	Display TCP/IP and other packets being transmitted or received over a network interface.
traceroute	Yes	Yes	Yes	Display the route (path) and measure transit delays of packets across an IP network.

For an overview of system access control on the Makito X4, see Role-based Authorization.

# **Operation Commands**

## audenc

The audenc command is used to manage encoder audio acquisition settings.

The audenc start and audenc stop commands can be used to start and stop encoding of the audio input. ID is either the encoder ID or all. As of Makito X4 v1.5, Makito X1 v1.2, and Makito FX v1.0 you can specify a range or a comma-separated list of IDs for the operation, as shown in the examples that follow.

The number of encoders varies with the hardware platform:

Makito X4	encoder ID is a number between 0 and 31.
Makito X4 Single Channel	encoder ID is a number between 0 and 3.
Makito X1	encoder ID is a number between 0 and 3.
Makito FX	encoder ID is a number between 0 and 3.

## **Synopsis**

```
audenc ID start
audenc ID stop
audenc ID mute
audenc ID unmute
audenc ID set parameter=value [parameter=value...]
audenc ID get [config, stats, all]
audenc ID clear
```

## Actions

Acti on	Description			
star t	Activates encoding of the audio input.			
sto p	Stops encoding of the audio input.			
mut e	Mutes encoding of the audio input (i.e., causes the encoder to encode silence instead of the selected audio input.)			
	Tip This may be used when you do not wish to encode the audio but the decoder being used does not support decoding of video-only streams.			
unm ute	Resumes encoding of the audio input (when muted)			
set	Configures encoder audio parameters. A series of one or more parameter=value pairs can be specified at once. See Parameters below.			

Acti on	Description
get	Displays encoder audio status information. You can specify configuration, statistics, or all audio information.
	▼ Tip To display a summary of all the encoders in a table format, you can use audenc all get table.
clea r	Clears the encoder's statistics.
help	Displays usage information for the audenc command

## Parameters

Parameter	Default	Description/Values
input	SDI1CH1+2	<ul> <li>The Audio Input for the encoder.</li> <li>The available inputs for Makito X4 devices:</li> <li>Analog (Makito X4 Rugged only)</li> <li>SDI1CH1+2, SDI1CH3+4, SDI1CH5+6, SDI1CH7+8, SDI1CH9+10, SDI1CH11+12, SDI1CH13+14, SDI1CH15+16</li> <li>SDI2CH1+2, SDI2CH3+4, SDI2CH5+6, SDI2CH7+8, SDI2CH9+10, SDI2CH11+12, SDI2CH13+14, SDI2CH15+16</li> <li>SDI3CH1+2, SDI3CH3+4, SDI3CH5+6, SDI3CH7+8, SDI3CH9+10, SDI3CH11+12, SDI3CH13+14, SDI3CH15+16</li> <li>SDI3CH9+10, SDI3CH11+12, SDI3CH13+14, SDI3CH15+16</li> <li>SDI4CH1+2, SDI4CH3+4, SDI4CH5+6, SDI4CH7+8, SDI4CH9+10, SDI4CH11+12, SDI4CH13+14, SDI4CH15+16</li> </ul>
	SDI1CH1+2	The available inputs for Makito X1 devices: • Analog, SDI1CH1+2, SDI1CH3+4, SDI1CH5+6, SDI1CH7+8, SDI1CH9+10, SDI1CH11+12, SDI1CH13+14, SDI1CH15+16
	HDMICh1+2	<ul> <li>The available inputs for Makito FX devices:</li> <li>HDMI1Ch1+2</li> <li>SDI1Ch1+2, SDI1Ch3+4, SDI1Ch5+6, SDI1Ch7+8, SDI1Ch9+10, SDI1Ch11+12, SDI1Ch13+14, SDI1Ch15+16</li> </ul>
language	n/a	<ul> <li>The language used for input. Enter a 3-character long ISO639-2 code or none.</li> <li>If you don't know the code for a language, you can directly enter one of the languages below in full or abbreviated form: <ul> <li>Albanian, Arabic, Armenian, Bulgarian, Chinese, Croatian, Czech,</li> <li>Danish, Dutch, English, Estonian, Finnish, French, German, Greek,</li> <li>Hebrew, Hindi, Hungarian, Indonesian, Irish, Icelandic, Italian,</li> <li>Japanese, Khmer, Korean, Latvian, Lithuanian, Malay, Maltese,</li> <li>Mongolian, Norwegian, Punjabi, Persian, Polish, Portuguese,</li> <li>Romanian, Russian, Slovak, Slovenian, Spanish, Swahili, Swedish,</li> <li>Turkish, Ukrainian, Vietnamese.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

Parameter	Default	Description/Values
level	6	<ul> <li>(Makito X1 and Makito X4 Rugged, Analog Input only)</li> <li>Adjusts the maximum analog Audio Input signal level (O dBfs):</li> <li>Makito X4 Rugged: from 0 to +6dBU</li> <li>Makito X1: from -6 to 0dBU</li> </ul>
mode	stereo	The number and type of audio channels to encode. • mono (left) • monoright • stereo
algorithm	[mpeg2]adts	<ul> <li>The audio compression algorithm:</li> <li>[mpeg2]adts - Encodes audio using the ISO/IEC 13818-7 MPEG-2 AAC-LC algorithm with an ADTS header.</li> <li>loas - Encodes audio using the ISO/IEC 14496-3 MPEG-4 AAC-LC algorithm with a LOAS/LATM header.</li> </ul>
sample rate	48 kHz	<ul> <li>The number of audio samples per second taken from the incoming signal.</li> <li>48 kHz (SDI audio is always sampled at 48 kHz)</li> <li>16 kHz (Analog Input, Makito X1 and Makito X4 Rugged only)</li> <li>Note</li> <li>See bitrate (below) since the allowed bitrate ranges for 16 kHz sample rate are different than what was previously available for 48 kHz.</li> </ul>
bitrate	128 kbps	<ul> <li>The Audio Bitrate for the encoder. 4576</li> <li>Note The available bitrate range depends on the current mode and sample rate. As of v1.4, the Makito X4 allows lower audio encoding bitrates (intended for very limited bandwidth streaming situations), as well as higher quality audio encoding at higher bitrates. 48 KHz sample rate: <ul> <li>For mono, the bitrate range is 12 to 288 kbps.</li> <li>For stereo, the bitrate range is 14 to 576 kbps.</li> <li>I6 KHz sample rate: (analog only):</li> <li>For mono, the bitrate range is 4 to 96 kbps.</li> <li>For stereo, the bitrate range is 5 to 192 kbps.</li> </ul></li></ul>

### Examples

# audenc 0,2,3 start

Starts audio encoders 0, 2 and 3. You will receive the following confirmation: 3 audio encoders started successfully.

# audenc 0-3 stop
Stops audio encoders 0, 1, 2 and 3. 4 audio encoders stopped successfully.
# audenc 0,2,4-6 stop
Stops audio encoders 0, 2, 4, 5 and 6 5 audio encoders stopped successfully.
# audenc 0 set input=SDI1CH1+2
Sets the Audio Input to SDI1CH1+2
<pre># audenc 0 set bitrate=128</pre>
Sets the Audio Bitrate to 128. You will receive the following confirmation: Audio encoder configured successfully
# audenc 0 get
or # audenc 0 get config
Returns audio configuration information for the encoder, such as:         Encoder ID       : 0         Name       : "Audio Encoder 0"         Configuration:       .         Audio Input       : SDI1CH1+2         Audio Language       : (None)         Audio Bitrate       : 128 kbps         Audio Samplerate       : 48 KHz         Audio Mode       : Stereo         Audio Algorithm       : MPEG2-ADTS
<pre># audenc 0 get stats Returns audio status information for the encoder, such as: Encoder ID : 0 Name : "Audio Encoder 0" Statistics: State : WORKING Encoded Frames : 881,906 Encoded Bytes : 301,024,128 Encoded Bitrate : 128 kbps Encoder Errors : 0 Encoder PTS : 0x06503e698 STC Source Interface : BNC-1</pre>

# audenc 0 get stats
Returns audio configuration information for a Rugged encoder configured for Analog Input, such as:

	0		
Encoder	ID	:	0
Name		:	"Audio Encoder 0"
Configui	cation:		
Audio	Input		: Analog
Audio	Language		: (None)
Audio	Bitrate		: 5 kbps
Audio	Samplerate		: 16 kHz
Audio	Mode		: Stereo
Audio	Algorithm		: MPEG2-ADTS
Audio	Input Level		: 6 dBu

### **Related Topics**

- Configuring Audio Encoders
- Audio Encoder Settings

### leds

The leds command may be used to help locate a Makito X4 device by initiating blinking of the Status LEDs on the Makito X4 face-plate. This allows easy location of the device in large server room deployments, for example, to help identify a specific blade in a rack.

The blinking duration can be set from 1 to 60 minutes. If no duration is set, blinking will last for 15 minutes and can be cancelled at any time using leds stop.

### Synopsis

```
leds get
leds start [duration=15]
leds stop
```

### Actions

Action	Description	
start	Initiates blinking of the Status LEDs on the Makito X4 face-plate.	
stop	Cancels blinking of the Status LEDs on the Makito X4 face-plate.	
get	Displays LED status information for the Makito X4.	

### Parameters

Parameter	Default	Description/Values
duration	n/a	The blinking duration can be set from 1 to 60 minutes. If no duration is set, blinking will last for 15 minutes.

### Examples

Initiates blink	<pre># leds start duration=2 Initiates blinking of the Status LEDs, provides the following confirmation: LEDs set to blink for 2 minutes.</pre>	
LED States: Status 4K Status Error SDI-1 Sta SDI-2 Sta SDI-3 Sta	: Off	

### # leds stop

Cancels blinking of the LEDs. LEDs no longer blinking.

### **Related Topics**

• Viewing System Status Information

### metadata

The metadata command is used to manage metadata sources. This command configures the Makito X4 to capture either KLV (Key Length Value) or CoT (Cursor on Target) metadata and then incorporate data information within the metadata elementary stream of the standard MPEG Transport Stream.

The Makito X4 supports three metadata input types: either from the COM1 serial port (Makito X4 Rugged only), the HD-SDI interface, or a user-definable UDP network port.

Multiple metadata sources can be multiplexed into the same Transport Stream. To do so, you must specify the metadata source elementary stream (ES) IDs in the stream command (datasrc), using multiple comma-separated metadata source id/names.

CoT/UDP and CoT/Serial metadata sources can also be retransmitted to other IP destinations for followup analysis by third party systems. For more information, see **CoT Retransmission**.

You can define a small set of static KLV objects for KLV and CoT metadata sources. This can be used to modify erroneous or insert missing mission IDs and security classification within outbound TS steams. For more information, see KLV Metadata Insertion.

KLV/SDI metadata sources can be frame-decimated to reduce the bandwidth used by the metadata service. You can also create additional HD-SDI sources which can be configured to different decimation settings. For more information, see Metadata Decimation.

You can also configure MISB Metadata Filtering on KLV metadata from the HD-SDI interface. For more information, see UAS KLV Metadata Tag Filtering.

### Synopsis

```
metadata ID start
metadata ID stop
metadata create type=network port=udpport [addr=ipaddr] [name=text]
    -or-
metadata create type=hdsdi [input=bnc1] [decimation=factor] [name=text]
metadata ID delete
metadata ID set parameter=value [parameter=value ...]
metadata ID get
metadata ID clear
```

```
enable_metadata_on_serial_port
enable_console_on_serial_port
enable_passthrough_on_serial_port
```

### 🔒 Note

enable\_metadata\_on\_serial\_port will configure the serial port for metadata input. The serial
port will no longer be available for console IO (management) or pass-through.
enable\_console\_on\_serial\_port will configure the serial port for console IO (management).
enable\_passthrough\_on\_serial\_port will configure the serial port for pass-through.

### Actions

Action	Description
start	Starts the metadata source.
stop	Stops the metadata source.
create	Creates a new network (UDP) or HD-SDI metadata source. A series or one or more parameter=value pairs can be specified at once. See Parameters below.
delete	Deletes a UDP metadata source.
set	Configures metadata source settings. A series of one or more parameter=value pairs can be specified at once. See Parameters below.
get	Displays information on the metadata source. You can specify configuration, statistics, or all metadata information.
	▼ Tip To display a summary of all the encoders in a table format, you can use metadata all get table.
clear	Clears the metadata source's statistics.
enable_metadata_on_serial_port	(Makito X4/Makito X1 Rugged Encoders only) Enables metadata capture from the serial port.
enable_console_on_serial_port	(Makito X4/Makito X1 Rugged Encoders only) Enables console management from the serial port. (default)

### Parameters

Parameter	Default	Description/Values	
General parameters	General parameters		
type	network	Specifies the type of metadata source to create, either network or hdsdi .	
		Additional HD-SDI sources can be created to stream KLV over SDI at different rates.	
name	-	(optional) A name of up to 63 characters.	
Network Source-specific parameters			
port	-	Specifies the UDP port for a network metadata source (i.e., the port on which to listen for KLV messages). Range: 1025-65,535	

Parameter	Default	Description/Values	
address	_	<ul> <li>(optional) Specifies the IP address for a network metadata source. The address is only required to:</li> <li>receive messages from a source that is multicasting. In this case, you need to provide the multicast IP address to which the data is being sent. OR</li> <li>accept KLV messages coming from a specific sender.</li> </ul>	
HD-SDI Source-specific p	parameters		
input	bnc1	<ul> <li>(optional, HD-SDI source only) Specifies the Input port for the metadata source:</li> <li>bnc1</li> <li>bnc2 (Makito X4 only)</li> <li>bnc3 (Makito X4 only)</li> <li>bnc4 (Makito X4 only)</li> </ul>	
decimation	1	<ul> <li>(Optional) For KLV over SDI metadata input, the ingested KLV messages can be frame-decimated to reduce the bandwidth used by the metadata service. Either specify the decimation factor. Range: 1-60</li> <li>Note         <ul> <li>1 means no decimation, 2 means divide by half,</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	
		etc. Or you can specify another video encoder that uses the same input and the metadata AU rate will match the other video encoder's framerate. To do so, enter videncX where X is the actual encoder ID. See Metadata Decimation.	
UAS KLV Tag Filtering pa	arameters (See UAS KL	V Metadata Tag Filtering)	
uastags	off	<ul> <li>A list of comma-separated tag numbers from the UAS Datalink Local Set that are allowed to be streamed. Tags not included in this list will be discarded.</li> <li>minimum : Includes the list of uastags as specified in MISB 0902.</li> <li>all : Includes the list of uastags as specified in MISB 0601.</li> <li>none : filters <i>out</i> everything for the given set.</li> </ul>	
sectags	off	<ul> <li>A list of comma-separated tag numbers from the Security Local Data set inside the UAS that are allowed to be streamed. Tags not included.</li> <li>minimum : Includes the list of sectags as specified in MISB 0102.</li> <li>all : Includes the list of sectags as specified in MISB 0102.</li> <li>none : filters <i>out</i> everything for the given set.</li> </ul> Note sectags filtering requires uastags tag #48 to	
		be included as part of the list.	
Static KLV Insertion parameters (See KLV Metadata Insertion)			

Makito X4 Encoder 1.1 User's Guide

Parameter	Default	Description/Values
missionid	-	A string of up to 127 characters.
reclassify	off	(KLV input only) When set to on, enables reclassification of received UAS KLV messages.
classification	unclassified	<ul><li>Specifies the classification of the security data set:</li><li>unclassified, restricted, confidential, secret, topsecret</li></ul>
classcountry	-	The ISO 3166-1 3-letter code for the classifying country.
objcountry	-	The ISO 3166-1 3-letter code(s) for up to six object countries separated by semicolons.
CoT Retransmission par	ameters (See CoT Retran	ismission)
retransmit	off	When set to on, the system will retransmit received CoT/ UDP or CoT/Serial metadata to up to 8 other hosts over UDP.
relays		(Mandatory) Specifies the IP address and UDP port of the relayed packets. You can optionally specify the TTL and ToS. ipaddr1:port1[:ttl1[:tos1]],ipaddr2:port2[:ttl2 [:tos2]]
ttl	64	(Time-to Live for stream packets) Specifies the number of router hops that IP packets from this stream are allowed to traverse before being discarded. Range = 1255
tos OxB8		(Type of Service) Specifies the desired quality of service (QoS). This value will be assigned to the Type of Service field of the IP Header for the outgoing streams. Range = 0255 (decimal) or 0x000xFF (hex)
		<ul> <li>important         A DiffServ or DSCP (Differentiated Services Code Point) value must be converted to a ToS precedence value. For example, AF41 or DSCP 34 becomes ToS 136. For more information, see RFC2474.     </li> <li>Note         The ToS setting must be chosen so as to not interfere with Voice over IP systems and other equipment that may reside on your network. For example, when the ToS value for a stream is set to 0xB8, it can interfere with some third party     </li> </ul>
		Voice / IP Telephony systems.         nly) and UDP Source-specific parameters         Selects the data format for the metadata
format	KLV	<ul><li>Selects the data format for the metadata.</li><li>KLV</li><li>CoT</li></ul>

Parameter	Default	Description/Values
spiuid		(CoT input only) Specifies the UID of SPI (Sensor Point of Interest) messages to ingest.
discovery	Off	(CoT input only) When set to On, enables the discovery of SPI UIDs (User Identifiers) that will be shown in the stats output and can then be potentially used as the spiuid for SPI message filtering.
delta	0	(CoT input only) Specifies the maximum delta between SPI and Air Craft message timestamps for them to be considered a valid pair that can be converted to KLV.
Serial Source-specific parameters (Makito X4/Makito X1 Rugged Encoders only)		
standard	RS232	Specifies the transceiver mode for the metadata capture: <ul> <li>RS232</li> <li>RS422</li> </ul> <li>Note <ul> <li>Only valid for the serial port.</li> </ul></li>
baudrate	115200	Specifies the baud rate for the serial port:
		• 115200, 57600, 38400, 19200, 9600, 4800, 2400, 1200

### 🔒 Note

When a KLV over SDI metadata source is started but the input signal is not in a format supported for KLV extraction, its state in the statistics display will show up as "DISABLED". The moment a supported signal (1080p or 720p) is present, KLV extraction will resume and the status will be updated to "WORKING".

### **Related Topics**

- metadata Command Examples
- Configuring Metadata Capture
- CoT Retransmission
- KLV Metadata Insertion
- Metadata Decimation
- UAS KLV Metadata Tag Filtering

### metadata Command Examples

#### Example #1: Creating a Stream with Serial Metadata

#### [Source ID=0]

1. Set the baud rate for the serial port to 115,200 using the following command:

#metadata 0 set baudrate=115200

2. Start the serial metadata encoder instance:

#metadata 0 start

3. Create a stream with video, audio and metadata using the following syntax:

#stream create addr=<IPaddr> port=<UDPport> vid=0 aud=0 data=0

4. Verify the metadata encoder stats:

# metadata 0 get all

The system will return the metadata information:

```
Metadata ID : 0
Name : (None)
Configuration:
  Type : serial
    Format : KLV
    Device : "/dev/tts/0"
    Standard : RS-232
    Baud Rate : 115200
Statistics:
    State : STOPPED
    Rx Bytes : 0
    Rx OK Messages : 0
    Rx Corrupt Messages : 0
```

Example #2: Creating a Stream with SDI Metadata

### [Source ID=1]

1. Start the SDI metadata encoder instance using the following command:

```
#metadata 1 start
```

2. Create a stream with video, audio and metadata using the following syntax:

#stream create addr=<IPaddr> port=<UDPport> vid=0 aud=0 data=1

3. Verify the metadata encoder stats:

```
# metadata 1 get all
```

The system will return the metadata information:

Metadata ID Name Configuration:	•	1 (None)
Type Format Statistics:		HD-SDI KLV
State Rx Bytes Rx OK Messages Rx Corrupt Messages	:	STOPPED 0 0 0

Example #3: Streaming with UDP Metadata

### [Source ID=2]

1. Create a UDP metadata encoder instance using the following syntax:

metadata create [addr=<IP source>] port=<dest port>

Ex:

# metadata creat port=8500

The system will return the following message, including the UDP metadata ID:

Metadata source created successfully - ID: 2

2. Start the metadata UDP metadata encoder using the following syntax:

# metadata <ID> start

Ex:

```
# metadata 2 start
```

3. Create a stream with video, audio and metadata using the following syntax:

```
stream create [addr=<dest IP>] port=<dest port> vid=<id>
aud=<id> data=<id>
```

Ex (showing multiple metadata stream):

```
# stream create addr=10.64.1.124 port=1234
encap=ts-udp videosrc=1 audiosrc=1 datasrc=1,3
```

4. Verify the metadata encoder stats using the following syntax:

# metadata <ID> get all

Ex:

```
# metadata 2 get all
```

#### The system will return the metadata information:

Metadata ID	:	2	
Name	:	(None)	
Configuration:			
Туре	:	Network	
Format	:	KLV	
Address	:	0.0.0.0	(Any)
UDP Port	:	8500	-
Statistics:			
State	:	WORKING	
Rx Bytes	:	0	
Rx OK Messages	:	0	
Rx Corrupt Messages	:	0	
Source Address	:	0.0.0.0	

Example #4: Configuration Information for Multiple Metadata Sources

1. Get the metadata configuration information for the encoder using the following command:

# metadata get all

Returns configuration information for three metadata sources: (1) serial port source configured for CoT (Makito X4 Rugged only), (2) HD-SDI source configured for KLV, and (3) network source configured for KLV:

1			
	Metadata ID	:	0
	Name	:	(None)
	Configuration:		
	Type		Serial
	Format		COT
	Status		STOPPED
	Device		: "/dev/tty00"
	Standard		RS-232
	Baud Rate		115200
	SPI Sensor Discovery		Off
	SPI UID		: (Any)
	Max AirCraft-SPI Delta		: 0 ms
	CoT Relaying		Off
	Number Of Relays		: 0
	Reclassification		. Off
	Classification		UNCLASSIFIED
	Classifying Country		(None)
	Object Country		(None)
	Metadata ID		: 1
	Name		"HD-SDI-BNC-1
	Configuration:		
	Type	:	HD-SDI
	Format		KLV
	Status		STARTED
	Reclassification		Off
	Classification	:	UNCLASSIFIED
	Classifying Country		(None)
	Object Country		(None)
	Metadata ID	:	: 2
	Name	:	: "KLV/UDP"
	Configuration:		
	Туре	:	Network
	Format	:	: KLV
	Status		: STARTED
	Address	:	10.65.11.169
	UDP Port	:	: 20000
	Reclassification	:	: Off
	Classification	:	UNCLASSIFIED
	Classifying Country		(None)
	Object Country	:	(None)

### Example #5: Creating Additional HD-SDI Metadata Sources

To create an additional HD-SDI metadata source and use it in a stream:

```
# metadata create name="Half the KLV of first input" type=hdsdi
input=bnc1 decimation=2
Metadata source created successfully - ID: 3
# stream create addr=10.65.11.166 port=5678 vid=1 data=3
Stream created successfully - ID: 3
# stream 1 get
Stream ID : 1
Name : (None)
Configuration:
Address : 10.65.11.166
UDP Port : 5678
Encapsulation: TS-UDP
Contents : Video ("H.264 Video Encoder 1":1),
MetaData ("Half the KLV of first input":3)
...
```

### **CoT Retransmission**

You can configure retransmission of COT metadata received over the Serial or UDP interface. The metadata will be retransmitted as a CoT/UDP unicast or multicast stream so that multiple CoT listeners can access the source CoT data. You can retransmit up to eight (8) CoT/UDP messages. To do so, you specify the Destination Address (which can be a FQDN), UDP Port, TTL, and ToS.

Example

To define CoT Retransmission:

```
# metadata 3 set retransmit=on relays=10.65.129.65:2000:1:2,
    10.65.129.63:3000:3:4
```

The above example uses TTL and TOS values of 1 and 2, and 3 and 4, respectively. And ports 2000 and 3000, respectively.

### **Related Topics**

• CoT Relaying

### **KLV Metadata Insertion**

You can define a small set of static KLV objects (i.e., mission IDs and security classification) for KLV and CoT metadata sources. This allows customers to modify erroneous or insert missing metadata within outbound TS steams. These options are available:

- Configure a mission ID string of up to 127 characters: When the mission ID is configured, any received UAS KLV dataset will be processed in order to modify the existing mission ID or add a mission ID element if not there with the configured value.
- Enable or disable the update/generation of the security data set in UAS messages: When this feature is enabled, you then specify the classification (Unclassified, Restricted, Confidential, Secret, or Top Secret), the classifying country, and the object country/ies (up to 6) (using the proper ISO 3-letter country code).

In both cases, the mission ID or security data will get replaced or inserted with the ones created by the Makito X4 based on the configuration.

#### Example

To define a mission ID (up to 127 characters long):

# metadata 1 set missionid="XYZ"

To unconfigure the insertion/modification of the mission ID element:

# metadata 1 set missionid=none

To enable security modification/insertion:

```
# metadata 1 set reclassify=on classification=confidential objcountry=afg
    classcountry=usa
```

To disable the insertion and modification of the security data set:

# metadata 1 set reclassify=off

#### **Related Topics**

Mission ID/Security Data Set Insertion

### Metadata Decimation

KLV/SDI metadata sources can be frame-decimated to reduce the bandwidth used by the metadata service. You can also create additional HD-SDI sources linked to the same video input which can be configured to different decimation settings (as well as security reclassification and mission ID override) as needed. For example, you can have one high bitrate stream sending out all the KLV as well as a lower bitrate stream that uses KLV decimation. You can either specify a decimation factor for a metadata source or set the decimation rate to match a reference video encoder frame-rate. See **decimation** in the metadata parameters table.

Example #1: Metadata Decimation

To reduce the KLV bitrate on BNC-1 by half (i.e., divided by 2):

```
# metadata 1 set decimation=2
Metadata source configured successfully.
```

#### Example #2: Decimating at the Same Rate as a Video Encoder

To configure a metadata source to decimate at the same rate as a reference video encoder configured to use the same SDI input:

```
# metadata 1 set decimation=videnc0
Metadata source configured successfully.
```

#### **Related Topics**

Configuring HD-SDI Metadata Sources

### UAS KLV Metadata Tag Filtering

You can filter MISB 0601 metadata tags on a per tag basis, by specifying all or any subset of the MISB 0601 tags. If a tag is included, it is allowed to proceed to the metadata elementary stream (ES). Tags that are not included are filtered out of the metadata AU and not transmitted in the metadata ES. Non-MISB 0601 metadata (such as MISB 0605 or custom metadata adhering to SMPTE 336) is not affected by the MISB 0601 filtering.

When filtering MISB 0601 metadata tag 48 (security metadata), you can also filter the security metadata tags defined in MISB 0102. See **uastags** and **sectags** in the **metadata** parameters table.

#### Examples

To enable UAS tag filtering and list the items that will be included in the stream:

```
# metadata 1 set uastags=2,3,13,14,48 sectags=1,2,3
Metadata source configured successfully.
# metadata 1 get
                        : 1
Metadata ID
                        : "HD-SDI-BNC-1"
Name
Configuration:
                       : HD-SDI
 Type
 Input
                       : BNC-1
 Format
                       : KLV
                       : STARTED
 Status
                       : (None)
 Decimation
   eclassification : Off
Classification : UNCLASSIFIED
 Reclassification
   Classifying Country : (None)
   Object Country
                      : (None)
UAS Tag Filtering
                       : On
 Included Items:
   Tag 2 (UNIX Time Stamp)
   Tag 3 (Mission ID)
   Tag 13 (Sensor Latitude)
   Tag 14 (Sensor Longitude)
   Tag 48 (Security Local Metadata Set)
Security Filtering
                      : On
Included Items:
  Tag 1 (Security Classification)
  Tag 2 (Classifying Country and Releasing Instructions Country Coding Method)
   Tag 3 (Classifying Country)
```

In order to show how the sectags option works, the main **uastags** filter includes the security local metadata set (tag #48) but only specifies the security classification, the country coding method and classifying country information. Note that you can set the MISB ST 0902 recommended minimum metadata set by specifying "minimum" for the **uastags** parameter.

To disable KLV tag filtering and receive the full KLV metadata:

```
# metadata 1 set uastags=all sectags=all
Metadata source configured successfully.
```

You can filter out the entire UAS or security data set by using "none" for uastags or sectags instead.

When security re-classification is enabled on a metadata source, the security tag filtering settings (if configured) will not be used.

#### **Related Topics**

• UAS KLV Tag Filtering

# passthrough

On a Makito X Series encoder with serial ports (such as the Makito X with SDI, the Makito X1 Rugged, or the the Makito X4 Rugged), you can enable bi-directional serial passthrough for controlling serially attached devices such as PTZ controlled cameras. Both RS-232 and RS-422 are supported. The passthrough command is used to manage passthrough settings.

### Synopsis

```
passthrough start
passthrough stop
passthrough set parameter=value [parameter=value...]
passthrough get [config, stats, all]
passthrough clear
enable_passthrough_on_serial_port
```

### Actions

Action	Description
start	Starts listening for passthrough clients.
stop	Stops passthrough and disconnects any clients that were connected.
set	Configures passthrough settings. A series of one or more parameter=value pairs can be specified at once. See Parameters below.
get	Displays passthrough information. You can specify configuration, statistics, or all information.
	Tip To display a summary of all the encoders in a table format, you can use passthrough all get table.
clear	Clears passthrough statistics.
help	Displays usage information for the passthrough command.
enable_passthrough_on_serial_port	Enables passthrough from the serial port.

### Parameters

Parameter	Default	Description/Values
standard	RS232	Specifies the transceiver mode for the passthrough: • RS232 • RS422
baudrate	9600	Specifies the baud rate for the passthrough: • 115200, 57600, 38400, 19200, 9600, 4800, 2400, 1200
databits	8	Specifies the number of data bits in each character. • 8, 7

Parameter	Default	Description/Values
stopbits	1	Specifies the number of stop bits sent at the end of every character. • 1, 2
flowctrl	none	The flow control for the serial port: • none, xonxoff Xon/Xoff is a protocol for controlling the flow of data between devices on an asynchronous serial connection.
		Tip Flow control is useful in atypical cases such as when the remote controlling device's serial port is set to a much higher baud rate than the encoder's serial port.
port	7777	The TCP port on which to listen for passthrough clients.
timeout	0 (no timeout)	Specifies the amount of time in seconds a TCP connection will be kept open when no data is being received from the remote client. The timeout can be up to 10 minutes (0600 seconds). The idle timeout is important when you have more than one remote end point controlling the serial port: if a remote application is left running with the TCP connection active, no one else will be able to control the COM port.
		Tip You can use 0 for an infinite timeout to keep the connection open until the client closes it.

### Example

```
This example shows how to use TCP port 8888 to listen for passthrough clients. The camera has an RS232 COM
port running at 9600 bps:
# passthrough set port=8888 baudrate=9600 standard=rs232
Passthrough configured successfully.
# passthrough get
Configuration:
 TCP Port
 Standard
Baud Rate
                      : 8888
                     : RS-232
                     : 9600
 Flow Control : None
 Disconnect Timeout : None
If passthrough is not started, you will have to start it:
# passthrough get stats
Statistics:
  State
                  : DISABLED
# passthrough start
Passthrough started successfully.
# passthrough get stats
Statistics:
  State
                  : LISTENING
  Caller Address : 0.0.0.0
  Network:
                : 0
   Rx Bytes
    Tx Bytes
                  : 0
  Serial:
   Rx Bytes
Tx Bvtes
                  : 0
    Tx Bytes
                  : 0
```

### **Passthrough Statistics**

When a remote client is connected, the state will show up as CONNECTED and the IP address of the client will be displayed.

The statistics are divided in two sections: network and serial.

- The network stats show what is going in terms of the TCP connection with the remote controller, i.e., how many bytes were received from and sent to the remote controller.
- The serial stats show how many bytes were sent to the serial device connected to the encoder and how many were received from it.

In normal operation the number of bytes received on the TCP connection would match the number of bytes sent on the serial port and the number of bytes received on the serial port would match the number sent on TCP. However, if the device connected to the Makito X sends serial data when no client is connected, these numbers won't match.

Additional stats can show up under special conditions, as explained below:

Statistic	Description
Network dropped bytes	This counter shows the number of bytes received on the encoder's serial port that could not be sent over the TCP link. The network connection will always be orders of magnitude faster than the serial port connection so this statistic is seldom seen
Serial Dropped bytes	This counter shows the number of bytes received on the network connection that could not be sent on the serial link. Again if the controlling remote device and the encoder are set to the same baud rate, it is unlikely that the encoder would receive data at a rate that can't be accommodated. If, however, the baud rates don't match and the remote device is set to a higher value, this could occur. In that case, it is a good idea to reconfigure the remote device or use flow control.
Flow Control Stats	When flow control is used, the network section of the stats will display the number of XON and XOFF control bytes sent to the remote device over TCP. This indicates whether or not data from the controlling device was sent too fast to be forwarded to the encoder's serial port. When flow control is used, the Makito X will queue up to 2 seconds of serial data at 115,200 bps locally from the remote device. If the remote device also supports XON XOFF (otherwise, do not use flow control), this ensures that no data is ever lost from it.

#### **Related Topics**

- Enabling and Disabling Network Services
- service

# session

The session command is used to manage Session Announcement Protocol (SAP) multicast advertising sessions on the encoder.

### Synopsis

```
session create stream=id/name name=sessname advertise=yes/no
description=text keywords=text author=text copyright=text
[id=number] [addr=advipaddr] [port=advudpport]
session id/name delete
session id/name start
session id/name stop
session id/name get
```

### Actions

Action	Description
create	Creates an SAP session on the encoder. A series of one or more parameter=value pairs can be specified at once.
delete	Deletes the specified SAP session.
start	Starts the specified SAP session.
stop	Stops the specified SAP session.
get	Displays configuration information for the specified SAP session.

### Parameters

Parameter	Default	Description/Values
stream	n/a	A unique number or name assigned to the stream. The ID of the existing stream to be advertised via SAP.
		✔ Tip Use "stream get all" to find the available streams and their IDs.
name	n/a	(Optional) Enter a unique name for the session. 1 to 63 characters
advertise	no	Enables or disables SAP network announcements.
description	n/a	(Optional) Enter an expanded description of the session.
keywords	n/a	(Optional) Enter one or more keywords to associate with the session. Keywords can serve as filters.
author	n/a	(Optional) Enter the name of the program's author.

Parameter	Default	Description/Values
copyright	n/a	(Optional) Enter the copyright information for the session.
[id]	n/a	When creating an SAP session, you can specify a unique id to assign to it or let the system assign one (a sequential number) for you.
address	Based on the stream's destination IP address	(Optional) Use to overwrite the default to use specific non-standard advertising addresses for SAP messages.
port	9875	Enter the SAP advertising UDP port.

### Example

# session 1 get	Returns SAP session configuration information for the encoder, such as: Session ID : 1 Name : "InfoDevSAP" Configuration : Description : "Test to document session command" Keywords : "session" Author : (None) Copyright : "2018" Advertise : Yes Advertisement Address : Auto-Assign (224.2.127.254) Advertisement Port : 9875 Streams : 8
-----------------	--

### **Related Topics**

Session Announcement Protocol (SAP)

### stream

The stream command is used to create and manage Makito X4 audio/video streams.

When creating a stream you can specify a unique id to assign to it or let the system assign one for you. You can also specify a name for the stream if needed. Most commands will accept the stream id or name in order select the proper stream to manage.

### Synopsis

```
stream create addr=ipaddr port=udpport [id=number] [name=text]
[encapsulation=ts-rtp | ts-udp | ts-srt]
[start=yes,no] [ttl=64] [tos=0xB8] [mtu=1496] [videosrc=id/name]
[audiosrc=id/name[,id/name,id/name]] [datasrc=id/name[,id/name,id/name]]
[shaping=yes,no [ceiling=percentage] [idlecells=yes,no]
[delayaudio=yes,no]] [interface=auto,eth0,eth1] [databitrate-auto,valueinkbps]
[datacarriage=sync | async | async-syncau]
Possible encapsulation formats and their specific options:
ts-rtp: MPEG2 transport stream over RTP
[rtcp=on [rtcpport=udpport]] [fec=yes,no] [rows=10] [columns=10]
[level=A,B] [alignment =yes,no]
```

```
[level=A,B] [alignment =yes,no]
ts-udp: MPEG2 transport stream over UDP (no RTP header)
direct-rtp: RFC3984 [rtcp=on,off]
ts-srt: MPEG2 transport stream over SRT
[mode=caller, listener, rendezvous] [sourceport=udpport]
[encryption=none, AES128, AES256] [passphrase="My PassPhrase"]
[latency=250] [overhead=percentage] [adaptive=yes,no]
[resource="resid"] [user="username"] [publishid="string"]
[redundancy=none, active-active, active-backup] [secaddr=ip addr] [secport=udpport]
[secsourceport=udpport]
[secinterface=auto,eth0,eth1]
```

# Parameters available for all ts-based streams: [videopid=pid] [audiopid=pid[,pid,pid]] [datapid=pid] [pcrpid=pid] [pmtpid=pid] [program=num] [tsid=id]

```
Possible methods of KLV data carriage:
sync: synchronous metadata AU (ISO/IEC 13818-1)
async: asynchronous private data (SMPTE RP 217)
async-syncau: asynchronous private data carrying sync metadata AU
```

stream id/name start stream id/name stop stream id/name delete stream id/name/all get stream id/name clear

# Actions

Action	Description
create	Creates a streaming session from the encoder. A series of one or more parameter=value pairs can be specified at once.
start	Note By default, a stream will start immediately since start=yes by default. To delay the start of a stream, include the parameter start=no.
stop	Stops the specified stream ID or name.
delete	Deletes the specified stream ID or name.
get	Gets stream status information. See Parameters below. You can specify a stream or all streams.         Image: Tip To display a summary of all the streams in a table format, you can use stream all get table.
clear	Clears all active sessions on the encoder.
help	Displays usage information for the stream command.

### Parameters

Parameter	Defa ult	Description/Values
addr	n/a	The destination IP address. Enter an IP address in dotted-decimal format.
		▲ Note The Multicast address range is from 224.0.0.0 to 239.255.255.255. Multicast addresses from 224.0.0.0 to 224.0.0.255 are reserved for multicast maintenance protocols and should not be used by streaming sessions. We recommend that you use a multicast address from the Organization-Local scope (239.192.0.0/14).
port	n/a	The destination UDP port. Enter a number in the range 102565,535. Note that RTP streams use even numbers only within this range.
Optional		
id	n/a	<ul> <li>Note         When creating a stream, you can specify a unique id to assign to it or let the system         assign one (a sequential number) for you.     </li> <li>Most commands will accept the stream id or name (see below) in order select the proper         stream to manage.     </li> </ul>
name	n/a	(Optional) When creating a stream, you can also specify a name for the stream. 1 to 63 char acters
encapsul ation	ts- udp	<ul> <li>(Optional) The Encapsulation Type for the encoded stream.</li> <li>ts-rtp: MPEG2 transport stream over RTP</li> <li>ts-udp: MPEG2 transport stream over UDP (no RTP header)</li> <li>ts-srt: MPEG2 transport stream over SRT</li> </ul>
start	yes	(Optional) By default, the stream will start immediately. To delay the start of a stream, specify start=no . You can enter a stream start command later.
ttl	64	(Time-to Live for stream packets) Specifies the number of router hops that IP packets from this stream are allowed to traverse before being discarded. Range = 1255

tos	0xB8	(Type of Service) Specifies the desired quality of service (QoS). This value will be assigned to the Type of Service field of the IP Header for the outgoing streams.
		Range = $0255$ (decimal) or $0 \times 000 \times FF$ (hex)
		(i) Important
		A DiffServ or DSCP (Differentiated Services Code Point) value must be converted to a ToS precedence value. For example, AF41 or DSCP 34 becomes ToS 136. For more information, see RFC2474.
		A Note
		The ToS setting must be chosen so as to not interfere with Voice over IP systems and other equipment that may reside on your network. For example, when the ToS value for a stream is set to 0xB8, it can interfere with some third party Voice / IP Telephony systems.
mtu	1496	(Maximum Transmission Unit) Specifies the maximum allowed size of IP packets for the outgoing RTP data stream. 2281500
videosrc	0	(Optional) The video source (ID/Name). For H.264, the id is either 0, 1, 2, or 3 (corresponding to the encoder instance number in the Web interface). For HEVC encoders, two additional ids of 4 and 5 are available and should be used to stream HEVC-encoded video.
		1 Note
		By default, if you don't specify the source, the stream uses video encoder 0 and audio encoder 0 for a MPEG-TS stream (UDP or RTP), and video encoder 0 for other encapsulations.
		Once you specify an audio or video source, you have to enter all of them explicitly. For example, even though a TS stream with no sources specified automatically uses video 0 and
		audio $0$ , if you specify that video $0$ is your source, then you must enter the audio source or else the stream will not have any audio in it.
		👩 Tip
		Combined videosrc/audiosrc/datasrc status shown under Contents in return output.
audiosrc	0	(Optional) The audio source (ID/Name). The id is either 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, or 7. See Note and Tip above in the videosrc description.
		Note To configure multi-track audio TS streams (MPEG-TS over UDP or RTP), you can put more than one audiosrc (audio encoder) in the stream. See "Examples" below.
		Important Audio sources should always be associated with the same video interface for the dual channel SDI encoder.

datasrc	n/a	(Optional) The metadata source. id/name (0=serial, 1-4=SDI; all others are UDP)
		A Note
		To stream metadata from multiple sources into the same KLV Elementary Stream, use
		multiple comma separated metadata source id/names to indicate the metadata source
		ES IDs to be multiplexed in the stream. e.g.: stream create data=1,2
shaping	no	(Optional) To enable Traffic Shaping for the stream, specify shaping=yes. For some limited
		networks such as satellites or some dedicated network pipes, it may be necessary to enable Traffic Shaping to smooth the traffic and respect the absolute upper limit configured.
		A Note
		Using Traffic Shaping on streams above 7Mbps will create audio/video artifacts.
ceiling	n/a	(Optional, shaping must be yes ) The percentage of network bandwidth beyond the average
		rate that the encoder is allowed to use if needed. This is used to set the ceiling bandwidth
		range. 5100%, default = 15
idlecell	no	(Optional, shaping must be yes ) When enabled, Idle TS cells will be inserted into a MPEG-TS
s		stream when necessary. yes, no
dolovoud	no	(shaping and idlecalls must be use). When enabled, delays the transmission of audio
delayaud		(shaping and idlecells must be yes) When enabled, delays the transmission of audio information to prevent MPEG-2 TS HRD main buffer overflows. Per reference decoder main
io		audio buffer defined in IEC/ISO 13818- 1/H.222.0. yes,no
interfac	auto	(Dual NICs must be available) Assigns the stream to either eth0 or eth1, or auto. (When set to
e		"auto", eth0 takes precedence as long as the address is resolvable; otherwise the output switches to eth1.)
databitr	auto	(CBR or CVBR streams with Metadata sources) Enables you to set the Metadata value used in
ate		the calculation that compares the output stream bitrate to the Total TX Bandwidth value.
ucc		• auto: The system tries to measure the bitrate of metadata sources and adjust the stream bitrate accordingly (especially useful for traffic shaped streams)
		Enter a value in kbps between 0 and 10,000.
datacarr	sync	Specifies the method of KLV data carriage:
iage		• sync : synchronous metadata AU (ISO/IEC 13818-1)
		async : asynchronous private data (SMPTE RP 217)
		async-syncau     : asynchronous private data carrying sync metadata AU
ts-rtp and t	s-udp st	treams
videopid	33	(Optional) Video Packet Identifier. 16-8190
audiopid	36	(Optional) Audio Packet Identifier. 16-8190. For MPEG-2 TS streams, the audio PIDs for each
addropid		audio source can be assigned explicitly. The order of PID assignment is the same as the audiosrc parameters. e.g.:
		audiosrc=0,1,3 audiopid=64,65,66 will result in the audio elementary stream from audio
		source 0 being assigned an elementary PID of 64 , etc.
datapid	40	(Optional) Data (metadata) Packet Identifier. 16-8190

prcpid	34	(Optional) (Program Clock Reference) Packet Identifier. Timestamp in the TS from which the decoder timing is derived. 168190	
pmtpid	32	(Optional) (Program Map Table) Packet Identifier. 16-8190	
program	1	Optional) Program Identifier used in the Program Map Table (PMT) of the TS stream. 0-65535	
tsid	0	(Optional) Transport Stream ID. Identifies the transport stream in the Program Association table (PAT) of the TS stream. 0-65535	
fec	no	Enables Forward Error Correction (FEC). yes,no FEC settings include: [rows=10] [columns=10] [level=A,B] [alignment=yes,no]	
		ng Secure Reliable Transport (SRT)) nust be ts-srt	
mode	caller	Specifies the SRT Connection Mode: • caller • listener • rendezvous	
sourcepo rt	auto	(SRT connection mode must be caller) Specifies the UDP source port for the SRT stream.	
encrypti on	none	Enables AES encryption and specifies the key length, either: none, AES-128, or AES-256	
passphra se	n/a	(Only required and accepted if encryption is enabled; encapsulation must be ts-srt) Specifies a string used to generate the encryption keys to protect the stream. Range = 10-79 UTF8 characters	
latency	250	<ul> <li>Specifies the SRT receiver buffer that permits lost packet recovery. The size of this buffer adds up to the total latency. A minimum value must be 3 times the round-trip-time (RTT).</li> <li>Note         Latency is for the SRT protocol only and does not include the capture, encoding, decoding and display processes of the endpoint devices.     </li> </ul>	
overhead	25%	Specifies the maximum stream bandwidth overhead that can be used for lost packets recovery. Range = 5-50%	
adaptive	no When set to yes enables Network Adaptive Encoding. NAE directs the video encoder to adapt to changing network throughput used by the SRT stream during operational use wi the goal of maximizing video quality for a given network. NAE may adjust video bitrate depending on measured link throughput without stream tear-down and re-build.		
resource	n/a	(Stream Publishing ID) Identifies the name of the resource and facilitates selection should the listener party be able to serve multiple resources. See Configuring SRT Access Control.	
user	n/a	(Stream Publishing ID) Identifies the User Name, or authorization name, that is expected to control which password should be used for the connection. The application should interpret it to distinguish which user should be used by the listener party to set up the password.	
publishi d	n/a	(Stream Publishing ID) Enter using custom format. For more information, see <b>Configuring SRT</b> Access Control.	

redundan cy	none	<ul> <li>Configures the stream to use redundant transport paths:</li> <li>none</li> <li>active-active: Stream packets are sent on both defined network paths, and both links continually transmit. The listener uses the first received stream packets and ignores the duplicate packets received from the other network paths. This mode maintains low latency at the expense of network bandwidth. See Using Path Redundancy with SRT Streaming.</li> <li>active-backup: The interfaces are bonded for redundancy (or fault tolerance mode). Only one interface works at a time and the other one works only if the first one fails.</li> </ul>
secaddr	n/a	The destination IP address for the redundant stream.
secport	n/a	The destination UDP port for the redundant stream.
secsourc eport	n/a	The UDP source port for the redundant stream.
secinter face	n/a	(Dual NICs must be available) The interface for the redundant stream, either auto, eth0 or eth1.

### Examples

# stream create addr=192.0.2.106 port=2000 start=yes

Creates a streaming session to IP Address 192.0.2.106 at port 2000; starts streaming immediately. Returns the following confirmation and stream ID: Stream created successfully - ID : 3

-

# stream create addr=192.0.2.235 port=1234

Creates and starts a streaming session.

# stream create addr=10.64.1.124 port=1234 encap=ts-udp videosrc=1 audiosrc=1
datasrc=1,3

Creates and starts a multiple metadata streaming session.

```
# stream create addr=10.64.1.124 port=1234 encap=ts-udp videosrc=1
audiosrc=0,2,4 audiopid=36,37,38
```

Creates a TS stream with multi-track audio using audio encoders 0, 2 and 4. The corresponding audio PIDs are 36, 37 and 38.

```
# stream create addr=192.0.2.235 port=1234 vid=0 aud=0
# videnc 1 start
# audenc 1 start
# stream create addr=198.51.100.106 port=1234 vid=1 aud=1
```

Creates two streams, the first using Video and Audio encoder 0, and the 2nd using Video and Audio encoder 1.

# stream create addr=192.0.2.235 port=1234 videosrc=4 audiosrc=0

Creates an HEVC stream using video encoder 4.

Stream	ion and statistics for encoder stream #1, for example: : 1
Jame	: "SRT1"
Configuration:	. 51(1)
Encapsulation	: TS-SRT
Mode	: Caller
Redundancy	: (None)
Interface	: Auto
	: 192.0.2.235
UDP Port	: 1234
Contents	: Video ("Video Encoder 0":0),
	Audio ("Audio Encoder 0":0)
Video PID	: 33 (0x21) : 36 (0x24)
Audio PID	: 36 (0x24)
PCR PID	: 33 (0x21)
PMT PID	: 32 (0x20)
Transport Stream ID	: 1
Program Number	: 1
MTU	: 1500
TOS	: 0xB8
TTL	. 10
Bandwidth	: 6,510 kbps
Traffic Shaping	. 0,510 KDP3
AFS Encruption	: Off
AES Encryption Network Adaptive	
Network Adaptive	: No
Max Traffic Overhead	: 25% (10,923 KDps)
Added Latency	: 250 ms
Persistent	: Yes
tatistics :	
State	: STREAMING
Up Time	: 3d1h16m8s
Source Port	: 43825
Sent Packets	: 1,040,512
Sent Bytes	: 1,040,512 : 1,252,450,560
	: 198 kbps
SRT v1.4.2:	
Peer Version	: 1.3.2
Reconnections	: 1
AES Encryption	: Off
Resent Packets	: 6
Resent Bytes	: 8,160
Dropped Packets	: 0
Dropped Bytes	: 0
Received ACKs	: 41,084,318
Received NAKs	: 6
Max Bandwidth	: 12,659 kbps
Path Max Bandwidth	: 345,085 kbps
RTT	: < 1 ms
Local Buffer Level	: 14 ms
Latency	: 250 ms

#	stream	2	get	stats
---	--------	---	-----	-------

#### Returns status information for Stream #2, such as:

	•.	
Stream ID	:	2
Name	:	(None)
Statistics:		
State	:	STREAMING
Up Time	:	5d16h33m26s
Source Port	:	39419
Sent Packets	:	317,298,860
Sent Bytes	:	402,565,886,576
Bitrate	:	6,006 kbps
SRT v1.4.2:		
Peer Version	:	1.3.2
Reconnections	:	1
AES Encryption	:	Off
Resent Packets	:	2
Resent Bytes	:	2,720
Dropped Packets	:	0
Dropped Bytes	:	0
Received ACKs	:	40,252,057
Received NAKs		2
Max Bandwidth	:	11,234 kbps
Path Max Bandwidth	:	346,473 kbps
RTT	:	< 1 ms
Local Buffer Level	:	12 ms
Latency	:	250 ms

# stream 1 del

Deletes Stream #1.

### 🚹 Note

To configure the ceiling percentage for CBR streams with metadata, see **Bandwidth Overhead for** CBR Streams with Metadata.

#### **Related Topics**

- Configuring Streaming Outputs
- Output Settings

### temperature

The temperature command is used to display the current temperature of the unit. If the internal temperature of the unit is rising, that is an indication that the fan may not be operating properly.

### Synopsis

temperature get		
-----------------	--	--

### Actions

Action	Description
get	Displays the current temperature status of the unit.

### Parameters

N/A

### Example

<pre># temperature get</pre>	
Displays the current tempe	rature for the unit, see example below:
Temperature Status :	
Current Temperature	: 47 Celsius measured 0s ago
Maximum Temperature	: 48 Celsius measured 1d5h8m48s ago
Minimum Temperature	: 45 Celsius measured 1d5h37m7s ago
_	-

# videnc

The videnc command is used to manage video encoding parameters. The videnc start and videnc stop commands can be used to start and stop encoding of the video input. ID is either the encoder ID (0 - 7) or all.

### Synopsis

```
videnc ID start
videnc ID stop
videnc ID set parameter=value [parameter=value...]
videnc ID get [config, stats, all]
videnc ID clear
videnc ID reset
```

### Actions

Action	Description	
start	Activates encoding of the video input.	
stop	Stops (mutes) encoding of the video input.	
set	Configures encoder video parameters. A series of one or more parameter=value pairs can be specified at once. See Parameters below.	
get	✔ Tip To display a summary of all the encoders in a table format, you can use videnc all get table.	
clear	Clears the encoder's statistics.	
reset	Resets the encoder.	
help	Displays usage information for the videnc command.	

### Parameters

Parameter	Default	Description/Values
algorithm	H265	The codec algorithm for the encoder: (See AVC and HEVC Encoding) • H264 (AVC) • H265 (HEVC)
input	BNC-1	The Video Input port for the encoder: • BNC-1 • BNC-2 • BNC-3 • BNC-4

Parameter	Default	Description/Values
timecode	None	<ul> <li>Timecodes are used to mark video frames, mainly for editing purposes. This field either disables timecoding, or selects the source to "timecode" the encoded video frame. The following selections are available:</li> <li>None : No time code will be inserted in the video stream (saves bandwidth if not required).</li> <li>Video : (SDI only) The timecode will be extracted from the incoming video signal.</li> <li>System : If no timecode is included in the video feed,</li> </ul>
		the encoded timecode is based on the encoder's system clock. In this case, it is a good idea to enable NTP (see <b>Configuring Network Settings</b> ).
aspectratio	Auto	<ul> <li>Specifies the aspect ratio of the video source and signals it into the MPEG stream:</li> <li>Auto : Aspect ratio is derived from the incoming video source resolution.</li> <li>3:2, 4:3, 5:3, 5:4, 16:9, 16:10, 17:9 : Forces aspect ratio to specified value.</li> <li>WSS/AFD : Extracts aspect ratio from incoming video source based on WSS (Wide Screen Signaling) or AFD (Active Format Description) if detected.</li> <li>Note WSS is only supported with analog PAL video; AFD is only supported with SDSDI video.</li> </ul>
bitrate	6000 kbps	The Video Raw Elementary Stream bitrate (kbps). Range: 32–120000
resizemode	Scale	(resolution cannot be set to Auto and must be less than the Input Format detected) Select whether to scale or crop the input to the desired resolution. See "Resizing" in Video Encoder Settings.
gopsize	120	The Group of Pictures size for the encoded video. Range: 1–1000 Note For intra-refresh mode, the GOP size is the number of frames between the sequence and picture parameter set NAL transmission.

Parameter	Default	Description/Values	
gopstructure	IP	<ul> <li>The GOP structure (i.e., video compression mode) for the encoded video: (See "Framing" in Video Encoder Settings)</li> <li>I : I frames only (lowest delay; lowest quality)</li> <li>IP : I and P frames only</li> <li>IBP : I, B and P frames</li> <li>IBBP : I, BB (two B frames in sequence) and P frames (highest delay; highest quality)</li> <li>IBBP: I, BBB (three B frames in sequence) and P frames</li> <li>IBBBP: I, BBBBB (four B frames in sequence) and P frames</li> <li>IBBBP: I, BBBBB (four B frames in sequence) and P frames</li> <li>IBBBP: I, BBBBB (four B frames in sequence) and P frames</li> <li>IBBBP: I, BBBBB (four B frames in sequence) and P frames (highest delay; highest quality)</li> <li>Note         <ul> <li>B frames require a Main Profile decoder.</li> </ul> </li> <li>B frames provide more quality as the encoding is more efficient; thus more details can be rendered in the same bandwidth/bitrate.</li> <li>Tip         <ul> <li>When B frames are used, the GOP may be rounded up to make the sequence end with a P frame.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	
profile		Select the application profile class for the encoder: • For H.264: Baseline, Main, High, High10, High422 • For H.265: Main, Main10, Main422-10	
skipframes	Off	(ratecontrolmode must be CBR) Select whether to allow the encoder to skip part of the image in order to respect the bitrate limit. See "Partial Image Skip" in Video Encoder Settings.	
picrate	Auto	The video frame rate per second: • Auto : Encodes at the same frame rate as the input • Range: 1-60	
intrarefresh	Off	This parameter enables Intra-refresh video encoding support in order to minimize latency, smooth the video bitrate, and minimize GOP pulsing artifacts.	
closedcaption	Off	This parameter enables Closed Captioning on the encoder stream. Off, On	
chromasubsampling		<ul> <li>Select the Chroma Subsampling for the encoder:</li> <li>420-8bit</li> <li>420-10bit (Encoding Profile must be Main 10 or Main 4:2:2 10)</li> <li>422-8bit (Encoding Profile must be Main 10 or Main 4:2:2 10)</li> <li>422-10bit (Encoding Profile must be Main 10 or Main 4:2:2 10)</li> </ul>	

Parameter	Default	Description/Values	
ratecontrolmode	CBR	<ul> <li>Select the Rate Control for the encoder:</li> <li>CBR (Constant Bitrate): Includes Traffic Shaping, Idle Cells and Delayed Audio</li> <li>CVBR (Capped Variable Bitrate, VBR): Includes Traffic Shaping only</li> </ul>	
maxbitrate		<ul> <li>(Rate Control must be VBR) Enter the maximum video bitrate for the encoder: 0120000 (0 is Auto configure)</li> <li>i Note         maxbitrate should be greater than or equal to bitrate.     </li> </ul>	
ptsoffset	50 ms.	Offset video timestamps by this value in ms. Range: -10001000	
resolution	Auto	Specifies the stream output resolution (i.e., the number of lines per frame and pixels per line to be encoded).           Options depend on the Input Format detected.           • Auto (output resolution is the same as the input)           • 2160p, 3840x2160p           • 1080p, 1920x1080p           • 1080p, 1920x1080i           • 1440x1080p           • 1440x1080p           • 960x1080i           • 960x1080i           • 960x720           • 960x720           • 640x720           • 480i, 720x480p           • 480i, 720x480p           • 576i, 720x576p           • 576i, 720x576i           • 540x480           • 704x576i           • 540x576p           • 540x576i           • 352x480i           • 352x480i           • 352x576i           • 352x576i           • 352x288i	

#### Examples

# videnc 0 set gopsize=120

Sets the video GOP to 120. You will receive the following confirmation: Encoder configured successfully.

# videnc 0 set bitrate=6000

Sets the video bitrate to 6000.

# videnc U set bitrate=6	000 gopsize=120 resolution=1280x720 Input=BNC-1
Combines multiple video par	ameters in a single line.
# videnc 0 get	
Returns video configuration i	nformation for the encoder:
Encoder ID	: 0
Name	: "Video Encoder 0"
Configuration:	
Video Input	: BNC-1
-	: Auto-Detect
Aspect Ratio	: Auto-Detect
Video Codec Algorithm	: H.265
Video Encoding Profile	
Video Bitrate	: 6000 kbps
Video GOP Size	: 120
Encoded Picture Rate	
Output Resolution Time Code	: None
Closed Captioning	
Video Resize Mode	
Video GOP Structure	: IP
Video GOP Mode	: Normal
Video GOP Mode Chroma Subsampling RateControl Mode	: 4:2:0 8-bit
RateControl Mode	: VBR
RateControl Mode Video MaxBitrate	: VBR : Auto
Video MaxBitrate	
Video MaxBitrate # videnc 0 get stats	
Video MaxBitrate # videnc 0 get stats Returns encoder statistics:	: Auto
Video MaxBitrate # videnc 0 get stats Returns encoder statistics: Encoder ID	: Auto : 0
Video MaxBitrate # videnc 0 get stats Returns encoder statistics: Encoder ID Name	: Auto : 0
Video MaxBitrate # videnc 0 get stats Returns encoder statistics: Encoder ID Name Statistics : State Uptime	: Auto : 0 : "Video Encoder 0"
Video MaxBitrate # videnc 0 get stats Returns encoder statistics: Encoder ID Name Statistics : State Uptime Input Present	: Auto : 0 : "Video Encoder 0" : WORKING : 21h8m28s : Yes
Video MaxBitrate # videnc 0 get stats Returns encoder statistics: Encoder ID Name Statistics : State Uptime Input Present Input Type	: Auto : 0 : "Video Encoder 0" : WORKING : 21h8m28s : Yes : SDI
<pre>Video MaxBitrate # videnc 0 get stats Returns encoder statistics: Encoder ID Name Statistics : State Uptime Input Present Input Type Input Format</pre>	: Auto : 0 : "Video Encoder 0" : WORKING : 21h8m28s : Yes : SDI : 1920x1080p59
<pre>Video MaxBitrate # videnc 0 get stats Returns encoder statistics: Encoder ID Name Statistics : State Uptime Input Present Input Type Input Format Output Resolution</pre>	: Auto : 0 : "Video Encoder 0" : WORKING : 21h8m28s : Yes : SDI : 1920x1080p59 : 1920x1080p
<pre>Video MaxBitrate # videnc 0 get stats Returns encoder statistics: Encoder ID Name Statistics : State Uptime Input Present Input Type Input Format Output Resolution Input Aspect Ratio</pre>	: Auto : 0 : "Video Encoder 0" : WORKING : 21h8m28s : Yes : SDI : 1920x1080p59 : 1920x1080p : 16:9
<pre>Video MaxBitrate # videnc 0 get stats Returns encoder statistics: Encoder ID Name Statistics : State Uptime Input Present Input Present Input Format Output Resolution Input Aspect Ratio Encoded Slices</pre>	: Auto : 0 : "Video Encoder 0" : WORKING : 21h8m28s : Yes : SDI : 1920x1080p59 : 1920x1080p : 16:9 : 1
<pre>Video MaxBitrate # videnc 0 get stats Returns encoder statistics: Encoder ID Name Statistics : State Uptime Input Present Input Present Input Format Output Resolution Input Aspect Ratio Encoded Slices Encoded Frames</pre>	: Auto : 0 : "Video Encoder 0" : WORKING : 21h8m28s : Yes : SDI : 1920x1080p59 : 1920x1080p : 16:9 : 1 : 2,148,020
Video MaxBitrate # videnc 0 get stats Returns encoder statistics: Encoder ID Name Statistics : State Uptime Input Present Input Present Input Format Output Resolution Input Aspect Ratio Encoded Slices Encoded Frames Encoded Bytes	: Auto : 0 : "Video Encoder 0" : WORKING : 21h8m28s : Yes : SDI : 1920x1080p59 : 1920x1080p : 16:9 : 1 : 2,148,020 : 2,326,715,604
Video MaxBitrate # videnc 0 get stats Returns encoder statistics: Encoder ID Name Statistics : State Uptime Input Present Input Present Input Format Output Resolution Input Aspect Ratio Encoded Slices Encoded Frames	: Auto : 0 : "Video Encoder 0" : WORKING : 21h8m28s : Yes : SDI : 1920x1080p59 : 1920x1080p : 16:9 : 1 : 2,148,020 : 2,326,715,604 : 59.94
Video MaxBitrate # videnc 0 get stats Returns encoder statistics: Encoder ID Name Statistics : State Uptime Input Present Input Present Input Format Output Resolution Input Aspect Ratio Encoded Slices Encoded Frames Encoded Frame Rate	: Auto : 0 : "Video Encoder 0" : WORKING : 21h8m28s : Yes : SDI : 1920x1080p59 : 1920x1080p : 16:9 : 1 : 2,148,020 : 2,326,715,604
Video MaxBitrate # videnc 0 get stats Returns encoder statistics: Encoder ID Name Statistics : State Uptime Input Present Input Present Input Format Output Resolution Input Aspect Ratio Encoded Slices Encoded Frames Encoded Frame Rate Encoded Bitrate	: Auto : 0 : "Video Encoder 0" : WORKING : 21h8m28s : Yes : SDI : 1920x1080p59 : 1920x1080p : 16:9 : 1 : 2,148,020 : 2,326,715,604 : 59.94 : 5,994 kbps
Video MaxBitrate # videnc 0 get stats Returns encoder statistics: Encoder ID Name Statistics : State Uptime Input Present Input Type Input Format Output Resolution Input Aspect Ratio Encoded Slices Encoded Frames Encoded Frames Encoded Bytes Encoded Bitrate Encoded Bitrate Encoder PTS Encoder Load Closed Captioning	: Auto : 0 : "Video Encoder 0" : WORKING : 21h8m28s : Yes : SDI : 1920x1080p59 : 1920x1080p : 16:9 : 1 : 2,148,020 : 2,326,715,604 : 59.94 : 5,994 kbps : 0x1708c8ce8
Video MaxBitrate # videnc 0 get stats Returns encoder statistics: Encoder ID Name Statistics : State Uptime Input Present Input Type Input Format Output Resolution Input Aspect Ratio Encoded Slices Encoded Frames Encoded Frames Encoded Bytes Encoded Bitrate Encoded Bitrate Encoder PTS Encoder Load Closed Captioning H.264 Profile	: Auto : O : "Video Encoder O" : WORKING : 21h8m28s : Yes : SDI : 1920x1080p59 : 1920x1080p : 16:9 : 1 : 2,148,020 : 2,326,715,604 : 59.94 : 5,994 kbps : 0x1708c8ce8 : 14% : Disabled : Main
<pre>Video MaxBitrate # videnc 0 get stats Returns encoder statistics: Encoder ID Name Statistics : State Uptime Input Present Input Type Input Format Output Resolution Input Aspect Ratio Encoded Slices Encoded Frames Encoded Frames Encoded Bytes Encoded Frame Rate Encoded Bitrate Encoder PTS Encoder Load Closed Captioning H.264 Profile H.264 Tier</pre>	: Auto : O : "Video Encoder O" : WORKING : 21h8m28s : Yes : SDI : 1920x1080p59 : 1920x1080p : 16:9 : 1 : 2,326,715,604 : 59.94 : 5,994 kbps : 0x1708c8ce8 : 14% : Disabled : Main : Main
<pre>Video MaxBitrate # videnc 0 get stats Returns encoder statistics: Encoder ID Name Statistics : State Uptime Input Present Input Type Input Format Output Resolution Input Aspect Ratio Encoded Slices Encoded Frames Encoded Bytes Encoded Frame Rate Encoded Bitrate Encoder PTS Encoder Load Closed Captioning H.264 Profile</pre>	: Auto : O : "Video Encoder O" : WORKING : 21h8m28s : Yes : SDI : 1920x1080p59 : 1920x1080p : 16:9 : 1 : 2,148,020 : 2,326,715,604 : 59.94 : 5,994 kbps : 0x1708c8ce8 : 14% : Disabled : Main

- Configuring Video Encoders
- Video Encoder Settings

# vidin

The vidin command is used to view and manage video input parameters. ID is used to select the video input: either 0 for BNC-1, 1 for BNC-2, 2 for BNC-3, 3 for BNC-4, or all.

## Synopsis

vidin ID set vidin ID get vidin ID clear

#### Actions

Action	Description	
set	Configures video input parameters. A series of one or more parameter=value pairs can be specified at once. See Parameters below.	
get	Displays information on the video input.	
clear	Clears the video input's statistics.	
help	Displays usage information for the vidin command.	

### Parameters

Parameter	Default	Description/Values	
filter	Off	This parameter enables Input Image Filtering for the input interface in order to optimize the compression of the image and to enhance the overall quality of the coded video stream.	

- Configuring Video Encoders
- Video Encoder Settings

# **Administration Commands**

## account

The account command is used to create, delete, and modify user accounts for Makito X Series devices.

#### 🔒 Note

Only an administrator can use the account command.

#### (i) Important

Makito X Series devices ship from the factory with only the admin account enabled. For security reasons, the two default user accounts ( user and operator ) are locked at the factory as well as after a factory reset. An administrator must unlock them and change the passwords to use them for the first time.

## **Synopsis**

```
account uname create [role=admin]
account uname/all get
account uname/all list
account uname passwd
account uname pubkey add|remove keyfile
account uname pubkey list
account uname lock
account uname unlock
account uname delete
```

#### Actions

Action	Description
create	Creates a new user account. See <b>Parameters</b> below for roles. You will be prompted to enter and confirm the initial password.
get	Displays the account information for the user or the Makito X device, including account name, role, state, password expiry status, and public key(s).
list	Lists the account information for the user or the Makito X device in table format.
passwd	Modifies the user account password. You will be prompted to enter and confirm the password (which the user will have to change upon first login). For the allowed characters, see "Changing Your Password" (link below).
pubkey add remove keyfile	Adds or removes a public key to the user account. See "Managing Public Key Authentication" (link below) for more information.
pubkey list	Lists any public key files that have been uploaded for this account.
lock	Locks the user account (if Enabled).

Action	Description	
unlock	Unlocks the user account (if Locked).	
delete	Deletes the user account.	

#### Parameters

Parameter	Default	Description/Values
role	Administrator	Use with the account create command to specify the role for the user account, either: • Administrator • Operator • Guest For details on roles, see "Role-based Authorization" (link below).

#### Examples

# account all 1	list			
Returns the list of name	f all accounts, for exam role	ple: state	pwd expiry	pubk
admin	Administrator	 Enabled	never	 Yes
jdube	Guest	Enabled	never	No
mrmichel	Operator	Enabled	by admin	No
operator	Operator	Locked	never	No
user	Guest	Enabled	never	No

#### **Related Topics**

- Managing User Accounts
- Account Setting
- Changing Your Password
- Managing Public Key Authentication
- Role-based Authorization

# audit

The audit command is used to enable remote logging of system events and configure the remote audit (syslog) server connection.

#### 🔥 Note

The audit command can only be used by an administrator.

# Synopsis

```
audit start
audit stop
audit set parameter=value [parameter=value ...]
audit get [config|stats|all]
audit verify [debug]
```

# Actions

Action	Description	
start	Establishes a connection from the Makito X Series device to a remote audit server and enables logging to it.	
stop	Disables the connection to the remote audit server.	
set	Modifies the audit parameters. A series of one or more parameter=value pairs can be specified at once. See <b>Parameters</b> below.	
get	Displays audit configuration and connection status information. You can specify configuration, statistics, or all information.	
verify	Verifies the validity of the TLS connection parameters.	
	Connect to the audit server in verbose mode to help diagnose connection or certificate problems.	

#### **Parameters**

Parameter	Default	Description/Values	
server	n/a	<pre>The server IP address. Enter an IP address in one of the following formats:     fqdn[:port]     ipv4_addr[:port]     [ipv6_addr][:port]     Note     When configuring an IPv6 server, the address     must be enclosed in square brackets.     hostname[:port]</pre>	
transport	UDP	<ul> <li>The transport protocol, either:</li> <li>UDP (User Datagram Protocol): Default UDP port = 514</li> <li>TLS (Transport Layer Security): Default TLS port = 6514</li> </ul>	

Parameter	Default	Description/Values
trusted	All	<ul> <li>If transport is TLS, the type of server authentication:</li> <li>All: No server authentication</li> <li>CA-signed: Root-CA certificate imported</li> <li>Self-signed: Fingerprint</li> </ul>
fingerprint	n/a	<pre>If trusted is self-signed, specify the audit server certificate fingerprint ( md5 or sha1 ): md5-fingerprint: sha1-fingerprint:</pre>

### Example

# audit get	
Returns audit server config	juration information, such as:
Configuration:	
Audit server address	: syslog.example.com:10533
Transport	: TLS
Trusted servers	: CA-signed

- Managing Audits
- Audit Settings

# banner

The banner command is used to manage the Advisory Notice and Consent Banner. This is a single text file that is displayed to users who sign in for interactive sessions on Makito X Series devices. The banner is typically an advisory/warning notice to be displayed before the Sign-in page.

Only ASCII file format is supported for the banner file; the maximum file size for the banner is 4KB.

#### 🔥 Note

The banner command can only be used by an administrator.

## Synopsis

```
banner enable
banner disable
banner install bannerfile
banner get
banner delete
```

### Actions

Action	Description	
enable	Enables display of the installed Advisory and Consent Banner page at login (a banner must be installed).	
disable	Disables display of the current Advisory and Consent Banner page at login.	
install	Installs a text file as the Advisory and Consent Banner page.  i Important The text file must be downloaded to the encoder and locally stored in the	
	current (administrative) user's directory before it can be installed from the CLI. The Makito X Series supports FTP and TFTP client, as well as SCP client and server for downloading and uploading files.	
get	Displays banner status information	
delete	Deletes the banner file from the system.	

#### Parameters

Parameter	Default	Description/Values
bannerfile	N/A	The name of the .txt file to display as the Advisory Notice and Consent Banner for the encoder.

#### Examples

# banner get The Advisory Notice and Consent Banner is disabled. Unable to display banner: No banner file. If enabled, the following banner is displayed upon user login: \_\_\_\_\_ \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* \* WARNING \* THIS IS A PRIVATE COMPUTER SYSTEM. This computer system, including all related equipment and network devices, are provided only for authorized use. All computer systems may be monitored for all lawful purposes, including to ensure that their use is authorized, for management of the system, to facilitate protection against unauthorized access, and to verify security procedures, survivability and operational security. \* Haivision Systems - Makito X QA \* 

#### **Related Topics**

• Managing Banners

# certificate

The certificate command is used to manage the system's certificates that are used to establish TLS connections to the audit server as well as to secure HTTPS sessions.

#### 🔥 Note

The certificate command can only be used by an administrator.

The **autocert** file is a default certificate file, generated when the IP address is changed from factory settings, or when an audit or an HTTPS session starts with no selected certificate.

### **Synopsis**

```
certificate name/all get
certificate name/all list
certificate name view
certificate name create [sign=self] [subject=query]
certificate name delete [type=id]
certificate name import infile= [type=id] [fmt=auto]
certificate name select
certificate name verify
```

## Actions

Action	Description
get	Displays the information for the specified certificate or all certificates, including certificate name, type, signature, subject, issuer, expiration, and fingerprint.
list	Lists the specified certificate or all certificates installed on the encoder, including the type and name.
view	Displays the content of the named certificate file.
create	Generates a Self-signed certificate or a Certificate Signing Request. The sign and subject can be specified. See Parameters below.
delete	Deletes the selected certificate. The type can be specified. See Parameters below.
	Note The type specification may be added to specify the deletion of the Identity certificate, the chain associated with it, or the CA certificate with the given name.
import	Imports a certificate to be installed on the device. The infile, i.e., the file to import the certificate from, must be provided. The file's type and format can also be specified. See <b>Parameters</b> below.
select	Selects the certificate used when establishing a TLS connection with the audit server or starting an HTTPS session.

Action	Description
verify	Verifies the validity of the specified certificate.

#### Parameters

Parame ter	Defa ult	Description/Values	
sign	self	<ul> <li>The signature type for the certificate:</li> <li>self: Creates a self-signed identity certificate.</li> <li>Request: Creates an identity Certificate Signing Request (CSR)</li> </ul>	
subject	quer y	<ul> <li>Sets the certificate's distinguished name parameters:</li> <li>auto : Automatically gets the subject Common Name which is HOSTNAME.DOMAIN if DNS is configured, or IPADDR otherwise. The subject Alt Name is set to DNS:HOSTNAME.DOMAIN, DNS:HOSTNAME,IPAddress:IPADDR</li> <li>query : Prompts the user for Distinguished Name (DN) attributes</li> <li>DN : Distinguished Name in the form: "/C=US/ST=Maine" where the most common attributes are: /C Two Letter Country Name /ST State or Province Name</li> <li>/O Organization Name</li> <li>/OU Organizational Unit Name</li> <li>/C N common Name</li> </ul>	
type	id	<ul> <li>The type of certificate to either import or generate:</li> <li>Note <ul> <li>Only ID certificates can be generated. Chain and CA certificates can only be imported.</li> <li>id : Identity certificate (for HTTPS service and audit ( syslog client))</li> <li>chain : Identity certificate CA chain (Import only)</li> <li>ca : Certificate Authority Certificate (for peer certificate validation, Import only)</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	
fmt	auto	<ul> <li>The format in which the certificate is encrypted:</li> <li>auto : Detects the certificate format based on file extension when importing.</li> <li>pem : Privacy Enhanced Mail Base64 encoded DER certificate</li> <li>p7 : PKCS#7</li> <li>p12 : PKCS#12</li> <li>pfx : PKCS#12</li> <li>der : Distinguish Encoding Rules</li> </ul>	
infile	N/A	<ul> <li>The name of the file to import.</li> <li>Note         The administrator has previously downloaded/uploaded the certificate file to import in its home directory (using SCP, for example).     </li> </ul>	

# Examples

# certificate all	get
Returns the certificate	e information for the Makito X4.
Certificate Name	: autocert (default)
Туре	: id
Signature	: Self-signed
Subject	: test.haivision.com
Issuer	: test.haivision.com
Expiration	: Feb 13 18:54:26 2029 GMT
Fingerprint	: md5:70:AC:75:C5:B4:5E:C8:51:1C:13:CA:9E:E2:CB:EF:E3
X509v3 Subject Alt	ernative Names:
DNS	: test.haivision.com
IP Address	: 10.65.11.148
Certificate Name	
	: certi : id
Туре	
	: Self-signed : MX4-test
Subject	
Issuer	: MX4-test
Expiration	: Aug 3 18:31:37 2022 GMT : md5:45:5B:7E:C2:BF:D6:6E:9F:32:B9:7F:BE:73:E1:3F:DC
Fingerprint X509v3 Subject Alt	
DNS	: MX4-test
IP Address	: 10.65.135.35
II Address	. 10.03.135.35
Certificate Name	
Туре	: id
Signature	: Request not signed
Subject	: QA-test
Issuer	: Request not signed
Expiration	: No expiration date is set before certificate is signed.
Fingerprint	: md5:75:85:8d:ec:82:61:6d:11:be:fe:28:45:d6:2d:68:00

#### **Related Topics**

Managing Certificates

# config

The config command is used to manage configurations on Makito X Series devices. This includes saving the current configuration, loading a saved configuration, and specifying the configuration file to load at startup.

#### **Related Topics**

• Saving and Loading Presets

# date

The date command is used to display the current date and time.

# Synopsis

date

### Actions

N/A

#### Parameters

N/A

### Example

# date

Displays the current date, e.g.: Tue Jun 9 17:04:18 EDT 2020

- dtconfig
- tzconfig
- Configuring Date and Time

# dtconfig

The dtconfig command is used to set the date and time on the encoder.

#### 🔥 Note

Setting the encoder to a date in the past (compared to the current date) may cause the encoder to reboot.

## Synopsis

dtconfig YYYYMMDDhhmm[.ss]

### Actions

N/A

### Parameters

N/A

### Example

```
# dtconfig 202303271100
```

Sets the encoder clock to Wednesday March 27 11:00:00 EDT 2023

- date
- tzconfig
- Configuring Date and Time

# emspair

The emspair command is used to pair and unpair a Makito X Series device with/from a Haivision EMS (Element Management System). This allows the Haivision EMS to discover, manage and monitor the Makito X Series. Administrators of multiple Makito X Series devices can use Haivision EMS to manage activities such as rebooting and upgrading the software and monitoring the status of devices for large installed bases. The EMS server managing may be in one facility while the devices being managed are in another facility.

Device unpairing is achieved by running the emspair unpair command. The current EMS agent state can be queried with the emspair status command.

- If the device is in UNPAIRED state, the unpair command has no effect.
- If device is in PAIRED, CONNECTING or CONNECTED states, the unpair command will attempt to communicate the intention to the EMS server immediately (if CONNECTED) or upon next successful connection. The EMS server will then proceed with removing the device registration and instructing the device to erase local pairing information.
- If the -f (force) flag is specified, the device will immediately inform the EMS server that it wishes to unpair if it is in CONNECTED state. The device will proceed to disconnect and erase all local pairing information regardless of server response or current state.

#### 🔥 Note

A Makito X Series device can only talk to a single EMS at a time. After a factory reset, the EMS service is disabled, and the Makito X Series device loses all of its locally stored pairing information and must be re-paired with an EMS server afterwards.

## Synopsis

```
emspair <operation> [args]
emspair pair [-c <passcode>] [-h <host>] [-p <port>] [-k <seconds>] [-r <seconds>]
emspair unpair -f
emspair status
```

## Actions

Action/ Operation	Option/ Argument	Description
pair	-c <passcode> -h <host> -p <port> -k <seconds> -r <seconds></seconds></seconds></port></host></passcode>	Pairs the Makito X Series device with an EMS server: Passcode to use for pairing operation Overrides server host address Overrides server host port Override keepalive period Override reconnect delay period
unpair	-f	Unpairs the Makito X Series device from the EMS server: Forces unpairing

Action/ Operation	Option/ Argument	Description
status		Queries agent status

### Examples

```
# emspair pair -c CIqn9+kFUncKDDEwLjY1LjExLjE4NxCzRVJkCkBmZTB1MD
A1ZGYyNzM3MmI4MmY0Njc1ODUzZGQ3MDhhZDk4MWE2NGJjNDEyODliNDN1MDAxYzJjNTJmMmZhODZhEi
A4N2YyM2ZkNi1kNGEyLWExNGYtNzNhZi0yMjliNmRiZA==
Pairing configuration:
        _____
Expires: Sun Jul 28 16:55:38 2019
Server: 10.65.11.187:8883
_____
* Starting operation...
* Waiting for completion...
* Operation completed successfully!
Status Report:
_____
Last State: PAIRED
Server: 10.65.11.187:8883
Device ID: 26637ed0-7a22-ab4f-71bf-baf4dc59
Enabled: Yes
Waiting To Unpair: No
# emspair unpair
* Starting operation...
* Waiting for completion...
* Operation completed successfully!
Status Report:
_____
Last State: UNPAIRED
Server: (None)
Device ID:
Enabled: Yes
Waiting To Unpair: No
# emspair status
* Starting operation...
* Waiting for completion...
Status Report:
_____
Last State: PAIRED
Server: 10.66.131.132:8883
Device ID: 37alde75-4aac-bf4f-70bf-ee7f66dc
Enabled: Yes
Waiting To Unpair: No
```

# emspair status \* Starting operation... \* Waiting for completion... Status Report: ------Last State: CONNECTED Server: 10.65.11.187:8883 Device ID: bcda955f-15f2-b14f-67af-497000ca Enabled: Yes Waiting To Unpair: No # emspair status \* Starting operation... \* Waiting for completion... Status Report: -----Last State : CONNECTED Server : 10.65.130.149:8883 Device ID : 24adb057-a3b2-cc4f-4abf-933cd63a Enabled : Yes Waiting To Unpair: No Keepalive : 3 sec Reconnect Delay 5 sec

#### **Related Topics**

• Pairing the Decoder with Haivision EMS

# ethercfg

The ethercfg command is used to view, manually control, and save the Ethernet configuration parameters.

When a Makito X Series device boots up, it automatically initializes and configures the Ethernet interface to match the settings on the Ethernet switch to which it is connecting. However, you may need to manually force settings such as the Ethernet interface line rate and duplex mode.

- You can change the Ethernet interface line rate while autonegotiation is enabled.
- However, in order to change the duplex mode, you must disable autonegotiation.

If no options are specified, the system displays the current settings, as shown in the following example.

ethercfg	
Speed	: 1000mbps
Duplex	: Full
Auto-Negotiation	: On
Advertised Mode	: All
Link Detected	: Yes
Ceiling	: 100000kbps

### Synopsis

ethercfg [-a on|off] [-s 10|100|1000] [-d half|full] [-c bandwidth] [-w yes|no]

#### Options

Option		Description/Values
-a	autoneg Enables (on) or disables (off) autonegotiation.	
-s	speed	If autonegotiation is disabled, sets the speed: 10, 100, 1000. If autonegotiation is enabled, this is the advertised supported speed which will be available for the peer Ethernet switch to use.
-d	duplex	If autonegotiation is disabled, sets the duplex mode: half, full. If autonegotiation is enabled, this will be the advertised duplex mode.
-c	ceiling	Puts a "ceiling" (in kbps or Mbps) on the bandwidth available to the Ethernet port.
-w	write	If yes, skips the save settings prompt.

#### \rm A Note

When the entire set of parameters is not specified, the system will try to combine the current Ethernet settings with the newly supplied ones. Therefore, you should carefully review the outputted configuration when the command completes to make sure it matches the desired Ethernet settings.

Always enable autonegotiation with Gigabit Ethernet (GigE) speed (1000 Mbps).

#### Parameter

N/A

Actions

N/A

#### Example

# ethercfg -s 100
Sets the line speed to 100 Mbps (which also modifies the advertised mode, see example below).
# ethercfg -s 100
Speed : 100mbps
Duplex : Full
Auto-Negotiation : On
Advertised Mode : 100mbps Full-Duplex
Link Detected : Yes
Ceiling : 100000kbps
Do you wish to save these settings ? (y,n): y
Settings saved successfully.

#### Example

```
# ethercfg -s 100
```

Sets the line speed to 100 Mbps (which also modifies the advertised mode, see example below).

```
# ethercfg -s 100
Speed : 100mbps
Duplex : Full
Auto-Negotiation : On
Advertised Mode : 100mbps Full-Duplex
Link Detected : Yes
Ceiling : 100000kbps
Do you wish to save these settings ? (y,n): y
Settings saved successfully.
```

#### **Related Topics**

Configuring Network Settings

# haiversion

The haiversion command is used to display status information about Makito X Series devices. Status information can be useful for troubleshooting and may be forwarded to Haivision Technical Support if you are requesting technical support.

It also displays the Firmware Build ID and Build Time as well as the serial number for the unit.

C	Тір
	The MAC Address is shown on the Network page (Web Interface) and in the System Snapshot.
Sy	nopsis
ha	iversion
Ac	tions

N/A

**Parameters** 

N/A

Г

#### Example

# haiversion		
Displays information about the	ha	ardware and software components.
Card Type	:	"Makito X4 SDI Encoder"
Part Number	:	B-MX4E-SDI4
Serial Number	:	HAI-031809050009
MAC Address	:	5c:77:57:00:b3:dc
Firmware Version	:	1.0.0-42
Firmware Date	:	"Apr 12 2019"
Firmware Time	:	"15:28:39"
Hardware Version	:	C
Hardware Compatibility	:	-002G
CPLD Version	:	4 (Official, Internal flash)
Boot Version	:	"U-Boot 2020.06 (Feb 26 2020 - 10:41:13)-Makito4K"

#### **Related Topics**

Viewing System Status Information

# ipconfig

The **ipconfig** command is used to view and set the parameters that specify the IP (IPv4) networking context for Makito X Series devices, including the IP settings, hostname, and DNS. It may also be used to set the Network Time Protocol (NTP) server address and Time Zone.

As shown in the examples that follow, when you enter the ipconfig configure command, the system displays the current IP settings and takes you through a series of prompts enabling you to change the IP settings, optionally enable DHCP, and change the hostname, DNS settings, NTP settings, and/or Time Zone setting.

When DHCP is enabled, you can configure the DHCP Vendor Class ID (option 60), which is set by default, for example, "Haivision Makito X4 Encoder" or "Haivision Makito X4 Decoder". This allows IT departments to identify Makito X Series devices on their networks.

Also, if there is a slow DHCP server at the client's site, you may find it useful to adjust the DHCP Client Retries and Timeout options to obtain a DHCP address. These options were added to circumvent issues caused by the unit's booting before having obtained a valid DHCP address.

#### 🔥 Note

Enabling the Multicast DNS (mDNS) protocol allows mDNS applications such as the Safari Web browser to automatically find the encoder. In Safari, navigate to Bookmarks and then select Bonjour to see the Makito X Series device listed.

#### 🔶 Warning

If you are connecting to the Makito X Series through an IPv4 connection, disabling the IPv4 interface will drop your connection. You will need to reconnect using IPv6 or the serial interface (if available).

You must reboot for any changes to take effect.

#### Synopsis

```
ipconfig display [iface]
ipconfig configure [iface]
ipconfig renew
ipconfig release
ipconfig disable [iface]
```

## Actions

Action	Description	
display	Displays the current IP configuration for the specified network interface. See Parameters below for interface.	
configure	Configures IP settings for the specified network interface. See Parameters below for interface.	
renew	Renews the DHCP address lease.	
release	Releases the current DHCP address lease.	

Action	Description
disable	Disables IPv4 functionality for the specified network interface. See Parameters below for interface. Use to configure the device to use IPv6 network only.
	A Note You cannot disable IPv4 if IPv6 is already disabled.

#### Parameters

Paramete r	Default	Description/Values
iface	ethO	Allows for multiple network interfaces. Select the interface to view and configure. Either eth0 or eth1.

## Examples

<pre># ipconfig display</pre>		
Returns current IP settings for the encoder configured to use DHCP:		
Current IP Settings (0		
IP Address	: 10.65.11.188	
Network Mask	: 255.255.254.0	
Gateway	: 10.65.10.1	
Link-Local Address		
Hostname	: STORAGE-2	
DHCP Vendor Class ID		
Current DNS Settings (		
Domain	: haivision.com	
Primary Server	: 10.65.0.10	
Alternate Server	: 10.65.0.11	
Current Multicast DNS		
Responder	: Enabled	
Identifier	: "MakitoX STORAGE-2"	
Current NTP Settings:		
Server	: pool.ntp.org	
Timezone	: "America/Montreal"	
<pre># ipconfig display</pre>		
Returns current IP settings	for encoder that does <i>not</i> use DHCP:	
Current IP Settings:		
IP Address	: 10.65.129.67	
Network Mask	: 255.255.255.0	
Gateway	: 10.65.129.1	
Hostname	: MXE-129-69	
Current DNS Settings:		
Domain	: haivision.com	
Primary Server	: 10.65.0.10	
Alternate Server		
Current Multicast DNS		
Responder	: Disabled	
Current NTP Settings:		
Server	: 0.ca.pool.ntp.org	
Timezone	: "America/Montreal"	

#### # ipconfig configure

```
Prompts you as follows to modify current settings (using DHCP):
Current IP Settings (Obtained via DHCP):
 IP Address
                           : 10.65.11.188
                           : 255.255.254.0
 Network Mask
                           : 10.65.10.1
 Gateway
 Link-Local Address
                           : (Disabled)
 DHCP Vendor Class ID : "Haivision Makito X Encoder"
Change IP settings? (y,N): y
Use DHCP to obtain IP address automatically? (Y,n): y
Auto-assign link-local address when DHCP is unavailable? (y,N)
Enter DHCP Vendor Class Identifier ("Haivision Makito X Encoder"):
Current Hostname
                            : STORAGE-2
Change hostname? (y,N):
Current DNS Settings (Obtained via DHCP):
                           : haivision.com
 Domain
 Primary Server
                            : 10.65.0.10
 Alternate Server
                           : 10.65.0.11
Change DNS settings? (y,N):
Current Multicast DNS (mDNS) Settings:
                           : Enabled
 Responder
 Identifier
                           : "MakitoX STORAGE-2"
Change Multicast DNS Settings? (y,N):
Current NTP Settings:
 Server
                            : pool.ntp.org
 Timezone
                           : "America/Montreal"
Change NTP Settings:
 Server
                            : pool.ntp.org
 Timezone
                           : "America/Montreal"
Change NTP server? (y,N): n
Change Timezone? (y,N): n
Network settings updated successfully.
You must REBOOT for any changes to take effect!
```

#### # ipconfig configure

Prompts you as follows to modify current settings (does <i>not</i> use DHCP): Current IP Settings: IP Address : 10.5.1.2 Network Mask : 255.255.0.0 Gateway : 10.5.0.1 Hostname : Makito2
Change IP settings: (Y,N): y Use DHCP to obtain IP address automatically: (Y,N): n Enter ip address : 192.0.2.42 Enter netmask : 255.255.255.0 Enter default gateway : 192.0.2.24
Current hostname : Makito2 Change hostname? (Y,N): y
Current DNS settings: Domain : haivision.com Primary Server : 10.65.0.10 Alternate Server : (None) Change DNS settings? (Y,N): n
Current Multicast DNS (mDNS) Settings: Responder : Enabled Identifier : "MakitoX (MXE-DVI John)" Change Multicast DNS Settings? (y,N): n
Current NTP settings: server : 10.5.0.1 timezone : "America/Chicago" Change NTP settings? (Y,N): n
Current Time Zone settings: America/Chicago Change system Time Zone? (Y,N): n
Network settings updated successfully. You must REBOOT for any changes to take effect!

- Configuring Network Settings
- Network Settings

# ipv6config

The ipv6config command is used to view and set the parameters that specify the IPv6 network configuration of Makito X Series devices.

As shown in the examples that follow, when you enter the ipv6config configure command, the system displays the current IPv6 settings and takes you through a series of prompts enabling you to change these settings. You can either assign a static IPv6 address or use DHCPv6 (Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol for IPv6).

You must reboot for any changes to take effect.

#### Synopsis

```
ipv6config display
ipv6config configure
ipv6config disable
```

## Actions

Action	Description
display	Displays the current IPv6 configuration.
configure	Configures IPv6 settings.
disable	Disables IPv6 functionality.
	Note You cannot disable IPv6 if IPv4 is already disabled.

#### Parameters

N/A

#### 🕑 Tip

For descriptions of the parameters that follow, see Network Settings.

#### Examples

```
# ipv6config display
```

```
Returns current IPv6 settings for an encoder configured to use IPv6:
Current IPv6 Settings:
Current configured IPv6 Settings:
IPv6 Global Address : fd00:10:65:10::9fdf/128
IPv6 Global Address : fd00:10:65:10:5e77:57ff:fe00:6be7/64
IPv6 Link-Local Address : fe80::5e77:57ff:fe00:6be7/64
Gateway Address : fe80::2efa:a2ff:fed2:7e25
Hostname : MXE-hevc
Current DNS Settings:
Domain : haivision.com.
Primary Server : fd00:10:65::12
Alternate Server : (None)
Or indicates that IPv6 is disabled:
IPv6 is disabled on this device.
```

# ipv6config disable

```
Prompts you to confirm and then disables IPv6.
Do you want to disable IPv6 functionality? (Y,n): y
IPv6 has been successfully disabled.
You must REBOOT for any changes to take effect!
```

admin@x-enc-hevc:~\$ reboot

# ipv6config configure

Prompts you to configure IPv6 settings (on system where IPv6 has been disabled, re-configuring IPv6 to the last configured settings):

IPv6 is currently disabled on this device. Do you want to enable IPv6 functionality? (Y,n): y Last Configured IPv6 Settings: IPv6 Global Address : fc00::2/24 Gateway : fc00::1 Change IPv6 settings? (y,N): n IPv6 has been successfully configured. You must REBOOT for any changes to take effect!

# ipv6config configure

```
Prompts you to modify current IPv6 settings (without using auto-config): Current IPv6 Settings:
```

```
IPv6 Global Address : fd00:10:65:10:5e77:57ff:fe00:3296/64
IPv6 Link Local Address : fe80::5e77:57ff:fe00:3296/64
Gateway Address : fe80::2efa:a2ff:fed2:7e25
Change IPv6 settings? (y,N): y
Configure IPv6 automatically (Y,n): n
Enter IP address:
Enter network prefix length:
Enter default gateway:
IPv6 has been successfully configured.
You must REBOOT for any changes to take effect!
```

- Configuring Network Settings
- Network Settings

# license

The license command is used to manage licensed features. The license is delivered as a plain-text ASCII license file with the extension .lic to be installed on your Makito X device.

#### 🔥 Note

Multiple licenses may be installed on the same device at the same time.

Synopsis

```
license list
license info <feature.lic/all> [-w]
license view <feature.lic>
license install <features.lic>
license verify <features.lic>
license delete <features.lic>
```

# Actions

Action	Description
list	Displays a list of installed licenses. Licenses are stored on the Makito X file system in the folder /usr/share/haivision/licenses.
info	Displays options information for license file(s). -w Display warnings (*W)
view	Displays the content of the specified license file.
install	Installs the specified (uploaded) license.
	▲ Note The license file must be uploaded to the encoder and locally stored in the current (administrative) user's folder before it can be installed. The Makito X supports FTP and TFTP client, as well as SCP client and server for downloading and uploading files.
verify	Verifies the specified license (either installed or uploaded).
delete	Deletes a previously installed license file from the system.

## Parameters

N/A

# Examples

# license list
Displays a list of licenses currently installed on the system: License Files (in /usr/share/haivision/licenses): HAI-031907070046.lic
# license view HAI-031907070046.lic
Displays the contents of the specified license.
# license verify HAI-031907070046.lic
Verifies the specified license: Verifying license /usr/share/haivision/licenses/HAI-031907070046.lic
License verification successful.
Note This command first checks to see if the specified license is in the current working directory.
If Yes, it will verify that one. If No, it will look for it in the installed licenses directory ( /usr/share/ ) This allows the verification of licenses before they are installed.

#### **Related Topics**

Managing Licenses

#### messages

The messages command is used to manage administrative login messages. This is a log of a limited number of important events recorded such as installation of a software package, failure to establish or maintain connectivity with a remote audit server, Power-On Self Test (POST) errors, and other noteworthy events that require the administrator's attention.

These events will result in a message being sent directly to all logged-in administrators and will appear on their terminals. The message will also be displayed at the next administrative Web interface or CLI login.

#### 🔒 Note

The messages command can only be used by an administrator.

Messages starting with "POST" are Power-On Self Test events. If you repeatedly get POST errors, the cryptographic module of the encoder may be compromised, and it is recommended to reinstall the firmware.

#### Synopsis

```
messages add <msgtext>
messages get
messages delete
```

#### Actions

Action Description	
add <msgtext></msgtext>	Adds the message text to the log. This could be used to send messages to other administrators.
get	Displays messages.
delete	Deletes the messages.

#### Parameters

N/A

#### Example

```
# messages get
Wed Dec 6 13:48:17 EST 2017: There were 2 failed login attempts on the admin
account since the last successful login.
Fri Jan 12 22:41:11 EST 2018: There were 2 failed login attempts on the admin
account since the last successful login.
Thu Jan 18 21:07:12 EST 2018: There was 1 failed login attempt on the admin
account since the last successful login.
Thu Feb 8 09:41:27 EST 2018: There were 5 failed login attempts on the admin
account since the last successful login.
```

HVS-ID-UG-MX4E-11, Issue 01

# nmcfg

The nmcfg (Network Management Configuration) command is used by system administrators or GUI/ Web interface applications in the configuration of SNMP for certain Makito X series devices. The nmcfg s cript reads and edits the standard SNMP configuration files, and then restarts the SNMP agent (snmpd) to apply the new settings.

The nmcfg script supports the configuration of v1/v2c community-based security model and v3 USM (User-based Security Model). The script supports the traditional access permissions (read-only, read-write) and VACM (View-based Access Control Model) views modeling the Makito X user groups (administrator, operator, and guest).

A detailed help, describing the options is available for each command option (for example, nmcfg access help or nmcfg user help).

### Synopsis

```
nmcfg help
nmcfg access help
nmcfg access usm permit <uname> {<group>|ro|rw} [{noauth|auth|priv}]
nmcfg access usm delete <uname>
nmcfg community help
nmcfg community permit <community> {<group>|ro|rw} [<host>]
nmcfg community delete <community> [{<group>|ro|rw} [<host>]]
nmcfg system help
nmcfg system define <param> "<value>"
nmcfg system delete <param>
nmcfg user help
nmcfg user help
nmcfg user define <uname> [{MD5|SHA} "<pwd>" [{DES|AES} ["<pwd>"]]]
nmcfg user delete <uname>
```

## Options

Name	Description
access	Defines the access permissions granted to the v1/v2c communities and USM (v3) users. Only the USM security model option is shown in the summary help. The v2c security model, a different format for community configuration, is only displayed in the access detailed help. Note that the v2c security model also applies to SNMP v1.
community	Defines community-based ( $v1v/2c$ ) security configuration for the Makito X.
system	Defines contact and location system parameters.
user	Defines user-based (v3) security configuration for the Makito X.

## Actions

Description
Acts as both create and update. If an object does not exist, it is added. If it exists, it is replaced or updated with the new settings. It is then not necessary to delete an existing object to change its settings. All required settings of an object are specified when defining/changing an object. It is not possible to set settings individually.
Defines the access permissions for the community or the user.
<ul> <li>info</li> <li>Access permissions may be additive. For example, permitting a new source for an existing community adds to the existing one if it complements it.</li> </ul>
Deletes the specified object.
Displays usage information for the command, or if specified, the option.

### 🔥 Note

nmcfg settings persist after reboots, unlike other Makito X settings which are lost when the unit is rebooted unless saved as a configuration.

Parameters

N/A

### Example #1: Initializing a Community-Based (v1/v2c) System

In the example below, a system with default settings is configured to add a distant host access (198.51.100.122) to the existing localhost and localnet accesses of the admin community. Note that the localnet source is a special keyword that translates at runtime to the network settings of the LAN interface. System parameters are also defined. Both IPv4 and IPv6 are enabled. # nmcfg snmp agent ----status running transport udp:161 udp6:161 system parameter value 0x80001f88035c775700b3dc <undefined> <undefined> engineid contact location model perm/group level user/community af source ----- ----- ----- ------ ------ ---------v2c rw noauth admin v2c rw noauth admin ipv4 localhost ipv4 localnet noauth admin ipv6 ::1 v2c rw noauth admin noauth public noauth public ipv6 fe80::/10 v2c rw v2c ipv4 localnet ro v2c ro ipv6 fe80::/10 # nmcfg system define contact "myname <myname@example.org>" Starting SNMP Service # nmcfg system define location "Media Lab" Starting SNMP Service # nmcfg community permit admin rw 198.51.100.122 Starting SNMP Service

#### Example #2: Creating an SNMPv3 User

Two commands are required to create a USM (v3) user and define its access: # nmcfg user define johnsmith SHA "arfds23dsjs" AES "2394urscxkvn" # nmcfg access usm permit johnsmith operator

#### Example #3: Initializing a USM-only (SNMPv3) System

In the example below, system security is enforced by completely disabling SNMPv1/v2c access, and by requiring v3 USM authentication only for users group-based access, and encryption for admins and operators group-based access. Both IPv4 and IPv6 are enabled. # nmcfg snmp agent ----status running transport udp:161 udp6:161 system parameter value \_\_\_\_\_ engineid 0x80001f88035c775700b3dc contact <undefined> location <undefined> v2crwnoauth adminipv4 localhostv2crwnoauth adminipv4 localnetv2crwnoauth adminipv6 ::1v2crwnoauth adminipv6 fe80::/10v2cronoauth publicipv4 localnetv2cronoauth publicipv6 fe80::/10 # nmcfg agent stop # nmcfg system define contact "joe net <jnet@example.org>" # nmcfg system define location "Media Lab" # nmcfg community delete admin # nmcfg community delete public # nmcfg user define joenet SHA "arfds23dsjs" AES "2394urscxkvn" nmcfg: snmp agent is not running, user settings will apply when started # nmcfg user define johnsmith SHA "89ss5dkj" AES "jfdsf78998sd" nmcfg: snmp agent is not running, user settings will apply when started # nmcfg user define guest MD5 "nososecret" nmcfg: snmp agent is not running, user settings will apply when started # nmcfg access usm permit joenet administrator priv # nmcfg access usm permit johnsmith operator priv # nmcfg access usm permit guest guest # nmcfg agent start Starting SNMP Service # nmcfg snmp agent ----status running transport udp:161

udp6:161

syste	m paramet	er	value			
engin conta locat	ct			lf88035c775700b3dc t <jnet@example.org> Lab</jnet@example.org>		
model	perm/gro	up	level	user/community	af	source
usm	guest administ operator		auth priv priv	guest joenet johnsmith	- - -	-
auth	protocol	priv pr	otocol	user		
MD5 SHA SHA		nopriv AES AES		guest joenet johnsmith		

#### **Related Topics**

SNMP Agent Components

### package

The package command is used to view and manage software packages.

#### 🔒 Note

The package command can only be used by an administrator.

When package is entered without any actions or parameters, the system displays usage information for the command.

Package files are digitally signed to ensure integrity and authenticity. Package component signatures and their certificate validity are verified when downloading, manually with the verify action, and when actually performing the installation upon reboot.

If the verification fails after downloading, an error message is reported by the download command and the downloaded package is discarded. If verification fails while actually installing upon reboot, installation is canceled and a package install failure notice is added to the messages displayed to administrators. A successful package installation notice is added to the messages upon successful installation.

#### Synopsis

```
package list
package info <pkgfile>.hai
package verify <pkgfile>.hai
package install <pkgfile>.hai
package download <pkgfile>.hai <tftpipaddr>
package delete <pkgfile>.hai | all
package cancel <pkgfile>.hai
```

#### Actions

Action	Description	
list	Displays a list of downloaded packages.	
info	Displays information about the currently installed package. If a filename is specified, displays information about the package.	
verify	Verifies the authenticity and integrity of the specified package.	
install	Installs the specified package. The package will be automatically verified before installation.	
download	Downloads the specified package file using TFTP and then verifies.	
delete Deletes a previously downloaded package file. You can specify the or all.		
cancel	Cancels installation of a package scheduled for the next reboot.	

#### Parameters

N/A

Example #1: Package Download and Installation

```
# package download makitox_enc_v2.2.0-59.hai mytftp.example.com
1/5) Temporarily pausing encoder(s)...
2/5) Downloading package makitox_enc_v2.2.0-59.hai from mytftp.example.com...
3/5) Verifying integrity of downloaded package...Package verified successfully.
4/5) Synching file system...
5/5) Resuming encoder(s)...
Package downloaded successfully.
# package install makitox_enc_v2.2.0-59.hai
Package makitox_enc_v2.2.0-59.hai will be installed on next boot sequence.
You must REBOOT to complete the update process!
```

#### Example #2: Package Download Verification Failure

```
# package download makitox_enc_v2.2.0-59.hai mytftp.example.com
1/5) Temporarily pausing encoder(s)...
2/5) Downloading package makitox_enc_v2.2.0-59.hai from mytftp.example.com...
3/5) Verifying integrity of downloaded package...Package verification failed!
Try downloading the package again.
```

#### Examples (General)

```
# package list
Displays the list of downloaded packages:
Package Files (in /usr/share/haivision/packages/):
makitox_enc_v2.2.0-59.hai
makitox_enc_v2.2.0-58.hai
# package info makitox_enc_v2_2_0.hai
Displays information about the package.
# package install makitox_enc_v2_2_0.hai
Installs the package.
```

#### **Related Topics**

• messages (CLI command)

### passwd

The passwd command is used to change your own password.

#### 🔒 Note

To modify the password for other users' accounts, see the account CLI command (link below). Passwords can be up to 80 characters long. See "Password Requirements" under "Changing Your Password" (link below) for the supported character set. Password policies set by the administrator may enforce the selection of strong passwords.

#### Synopsis

#### passwd

#### Actions

N/A

#### Parameters

N/A

#### Examples

#### # passwd

Changes the password for the current user account. The system prompts you to enter the old password and then the new password.

#### **Related Topics**

- account
- Changing Your Password
- Role-based Authorization
- Managing User Accounts

## policy

The **policy** command is used to configure and manage security policy settings. Policies are needed to define security criteria such as the required quality, length and composition of passwords. The security policies are: Password, Session, and Cryptographic Strength.

#### 🚹 Note

The policy command can only be used by an administrator.

#### Synopsis

```
policy password set [quality=basic] [minlen=6] [minuppers=0] [mindigits=0]
  [minsymbols=0] [expiry=yes] [lifetime=90] [remember=5]
policy session set [autologout=yes] [idletimeout=15]
policy crypto set [compliance=None] [tlsv1.{0|1|2}=yes] [sslv3=no]
policy https set hsts=no
policy pname/all get
```

### Actions

Action	Description	
password set	Modifies the password policy parameters. A series of one or more parameter=value pairs can be specified at once. See "password" under Parameters below.	
session set	Modifies the session policy parameters. A series of one or more parameter=value pairs can be specified at once. See "session" under Parameters below.	
crypto set	Specifies the cryptographic policy. The compliance parameter can be specified. See "crypto" under Parameters below.	
https set	Enables HTTP Strict Transport Security (HSTS). When enabled, HSTS forces web browsers to only contact the Web interface over HTTPS, instead of using HTTP.	
pname/all get	Displays the policy information for either the policy (i.e., password, session, or crypto) or the Makito X4.	

#### **Parameters**

Parameter	Default	Description/Values
crypto		

Parameter	Default	Description/Values
compliance	None	<ul> <li>Specifies the required cryptographic compliance, either:</li> <li>None</li> <li>NDPP11: Activates cryptographic security to a level compliant with the Network Device Protection Profile v1.1.</li> <li>FIPS140: All management cryptography is operated in the FIPS 140-2 mode.</li> <li>Sp800-52r1(Deprecated): All management cryptography follows the guidelines of NIST Special Publication 800-52 Rev 1.</li> <li>SP800-52r2</li> </ul>
		Note Either selection reinforces security for all management functions of the device in terms of cryptography. This setting takes effect upon the next reboot.
sslv3	See Note	Note SSLv3 is disabled on factory new systems. On upgraded systems, SSLv3 is enabled only if upgrading a system where no (None) cryptographic compliance is configured. SSLv3 can be enabled only if compliance is set to None.
Specifies which TLS ( version must be enab		y) versions are accepted from the HTTPS client. At least one TLS
tlsv1.0	Yes	Enables or disables TLSv1.0 as a supported TLS version: Yes, No
tlsv1.1	Yes	Enables or disables TLSv1.1 as a supported TLS version: Yes, No
tlsv1.2	Yes	Enables or disables TLSv1.2 as a supported TLS version: Yes, No
https	No	Note When preparing a Makito X4 device for hardening, you need to enable the HSTS policy.
password		
quality	Basic	Specifies the required password strength, either: • Basic • Strong
minlen	6	Specifies the minimum password length. Range: 6-40
minuppers	See Note	<b>i Note</b> Default is N/A if quality=Basic, 0 if quality=Strong.

Parameter	Default	Description/Values
mindigits	See Note	<ul> <li>Note</li> <li>Default is N/A if quality=Basic, 0 if quality=Strong.</li> </ul>
minsymbols	See Note	<b>i</b> Note Default is N/A if quality=Basic, 0 if quality=Strong.
expiry	No	Enables or disables password expiration: Yes, No
lifetime	90 days	(expiry must be Yes) Specifies the number of days after which users must change their passwords. Range: 1 -180 days
remember		(quality must be Strong) Saves the specified last number of passwords used for the Makito X4, and prevents users from changing their password to any password used within the specified history count. Range: 5 -400
session		
autologout No		Enables or disables auto-logou: Yes, No
idletimeout 15 minutes		(autologout must be Yes) Specifies the maximum length of time the system may be idle before the user will be logged out. Range: 1 -1440 minutes

#### Examples

# policy crypto set compliance=NDPP11

Sets the required cryptographic compliance to Network Device Protection Profile v1.1.

# policy password set quality=strong minlen=10 minuppers=1 minsymbols=1
 expiry=yes lifetime=30

Sets the password policy to be Strong, requiring passwords to be at least 10 characters in length, with one uppercase letter, one symbol. Passwords will expire in 30 days.

# policy all get
Returns policy information for the Makito X4 such as:
Crypto:
 Compliance : NDPP11
 SSLv3 : Disallowed
 TLSv1.0 : Yes
 TLSv1.1 : Yes
 TLSv1.2 : Yes
HTTPS:
 HSTS : Yes
Password:
 Quality : Strong
 MinLen : 10
 MinUppers : 1
 MinDigits : 0
 MinSymbols : 1
 Remember : 5
 Expiry : Yes
 Lifetime : 30 days
Session:
 Autologout : Yes
 IdleTimeout : 20 minutes

#### **Related Topics**

- Managing Security Policies
- Policy Settings

## pubkey

The pubkey command is used to manage your account's authorized SSH public keys. You must first get the public key of your SSH client. Note that this only applies to SSH CLI access to Makito X devices.

#### 🔥 Note

The pubkey command can only be used by an administrator.

#### Synopsis

```
pubkey add <KEYFILE.pub>
pubkey remove <KEYFILE.pub>
pubkey list
```

#### Actions

Action	Description	
add	Uploads a new public key file ( .pub extension) to the Makito X.	
remove	Removes the specified public key file from the Makito X.	
list	Lists the public key files currently loaded on the Makito X.	

#### Examples

# pubkey add makito.pub

Uploads the public key file makito.pub to the Makito X.

#### # pubkey list

Lists all public key files currently loaded on the encoder along with their fingerprints. In this example, there is one public key file: makito.pub : rsa[2048]

```
b7:ae:79:92:0d:86:f9:8d:2d:ee:99:fc:ff:24:95:87:ee:78:1d:fd
```

#### **Related Topics**

- Managing User Accounts
- Managing Public Key Authentication

### reboot

The reboot command is used to turn off and restart Makito X devices. Any unsaved configurations will be lost. The unit will restart with the saved startup configuration.

#### 🔒 Note

The reboot command can only be used by an administrator.

#### Synopsis

reboot
--------

#### Example

# rel	boot
Rebo	pots the Makito X.
	<b>Note</b> While the unit is rebooting, you will lose your connection to the CLI. This will take approximately two minutes. Once the unit has rebooted, you can reconnect to the unit and sign in again.

#### **Related Topics**

• Rebooting the Encoder

#### service

For security purposes, you may need to stop one or more network services from accessing the Makito X device. The service command is used to enable and disable the following network services: all, or (depending on the platform) EMS, HTTP, ONVIF, (serial) PASSTHROUGH, RTSP, SAP (decoder only), SNMP, SSH, TALKBACK, TELNET, and VF.

#### 🔶 Caution

Take care not to disable *all* network services; you must at least keep <a href="http://www.http">http</a> (Web interface),

telnet , or ssh active. Otherwise you will lose access control to the unit, and the only way to reenable these services is by a Factory Reset.

#### Synopsis

service svcname action where (depending on the platform): svcname can be: all, ems, http, onvif, passthrough, rtsp, sap, snmp, ssh, talkback, telnet, vf

#### Actions

Action	Description	
start	Activates the service immediately and configures the unit so that the service will be started automatically when the unit is rebooted.	
stop	De-activates the service immediately and configures the unit so that the service will be disabled when the unit is rebooted.	
restart	Restarts the service and configures the unit so that the service will be started automatically when the unit is rebooted.	
status	Displays the current status of the service, i.e., if it has been started or stopped. Also displays the startup status of the service.	

#### Examples

#### # service all status

```
Displays information about all services (ex: Makito X Decoder), such as:
ems service is currently enabled
ems service is enabled at system startup
http service is currently enabled
http service is enabled at system startup
sap service is disabled at system startup
snmp service is currently enabled
snmp service is currently enabled
ssh service is currently enabled
ssh service is enabled at system startup
talkback service is currently disabled
talkback service is disabled at system startup
telnet service is currently enabled
```

# service

Displays usage information for the service command (ex: Makito X1 Rugged Encoder). Usage: service svcname action svcname can be: all, ems, http, onvif, passthrough, rtsp, snmp, ssh, telnet

action can be: start activates the service right away and configures the unit so that the service will be started automatically when the unit is rebooted.

stop de-activates the service right away and configures the unit so that the service will be disabled when the unit is rebooted.

restart restarts the service and configures the unit so that the service will be started automatically when the unit is rebooted.

status displays the current and startup status of the service.

# service telnet stop

Stops telnet connection to the Makito X.

# service telnet restart

Re-starts telnet connections to the Makito X.

#### **Related Topics**

- Enabling and Disabling Network Services
- Services Settings

## system\_snapshot.sh

The system\_snapshot.sh command is used take a system snapshot for the purpose of troubleshooting and may be forwarded to Haivision Technical Support if you are requesting technical support.

The system snapshot lists information, such as component versions, network settings, loaded modules, running processes, system traces, configured streams and stream status checks, configured video encoders and status checks, configured audio encoders and status checks, startup config file contents, global settings file contents, debug logging settings file contents, downloaded software packages, last software update log, and OS statistics.

#### Synopsis

system\_snapshot.sh > filename
where:
filename is the name of the file to store the system snapshot.

#### **Related Topics**

• Taking a System Snapshot

### tzconfig

The tzconfig command is used to configure the timezone on the encoder. tzconfig displays the current timezone and prompts you to change the timezone (Y,N). To change the timezone, type Y and follow the prompts for information about the current location. When you have completed your selections, the encoder saves the newly configured time zone information.

#### Synopsis

tzconfig

#### Example

```
# tzconfig
Please identify a location so that time zone rules can be set correctly.
Please select a continent or ocean.
1) Africa
2) Americas
3) Antarctica
. . .
$? 2
Please select a country.
1) Antigua & Barbuda 2) Anguilla 3) Netherlands Antilles 4) Argentina 5)
Aruba 6) Barbados
7) Bolivia 8) Brazil 9) Bahamas
10) Belize 11) Canada 12) Chile
. . .
$? 11
Please select one of the following timezone regions.
1) St Johns 2) Halifax 3) Glace Bay
4) Goose Bay 5) Montreal 6) Toronto
. . .
$? 5
```

#### **Related Topics**

- date
- dtconfig

# **Technical Specifications**

This appendix lists the technical specifications for the Makito X4 encoder.

#### **Topics in This Chapter**

- Audio/Video Interface Specifications
- Video Encoding
- Audio Encoding
- Advanced Features
- ISR Metadata (Optional)
- Network and Management Interfaces
- Chassis Options
- Power Connector Pinouts (Single- and Dual-Height Chassis)
- Regulatory/Compliance
- Closed Captioning

## Audio/Video Interface Specifications

#### Video Interfaces Audio Interfaces

Makito X4	Makito X4 Video Interfaces (Quad BNC Inputs)				
SD-SDI	SMPTE 259M-C	270 Mbps Interface, 720 x 480i video format (29.97/30 Hz) 720 x 576i (25 Hz)			
ED-SDI	SMPTE 334	720 x 480p video format (29.97/30/59.94/60 Hz) 720 x 576p (25/50 Hz)			
HD-SDI	SMPTE 292M	1,485 Gbps interface			
	SMPTE 274M	1920 x 1080 video format 1920x1080i (23.98/24/25/29.97/30 Hz) 1920x1080p (23.98/24/25/29.97/30 Hz)			
	SMPTE 296M	1280 x 720 video format 1280x720p (50/59.94/60 Hz)			
3G-SDI	SMPTE 424M (Level A Only)	3 Gbps interface			
	SMPTE 425M	1080p60 video format 1920x1080p (50/59.94/60 Hz)			
6G-SDI	SMPTE 2081 (1 input only)	Up to 3840 x 2160p (25/29.97/30 Hz)			
12G-SDI	SMPTE 2082 (1 input only)	Up to 3840 x 2160p (50/59.94/60 Hz)			
Impedance	9				
SDI	75 Ohms				

#### Video Interfaces Audio Interfaces

#### Makito X4 Audio Interfaces (16-bit PCM Audio)

Up to 32 channels of embedded audio per blade, in (stereo) 16 channel pairs. The channel pair sources are: sdi1ch1&2, sdi1ch3&4, sdi1ch5&6 ... sdi1ch15&16 sdi2ch1&2, sdi2ch3&4, sdi2ch5&6 ... sdi2ch15&16 sdi3ch1&2, sdi3ch3&4, sdi3ch5&6 ... sdi3ch15&16 sdi4ch1&2, sdi4ch3&4, sdi4ch5&6 ... sdi4ch15&16

#### 🚹 Note

When in mono mode, each audio encoder can only encode one left or right channel. In this case, only 16 mono channels can be encoded.

Digital Embedded Audio		
SD-SDI	SMPTE-272M	Formatting AES/EBU Audio and Auxiliary Data into Digital Video Ancillary Data Space

ſ	HD/3G-SDI	SMPTE 299M	Formatting 24-Bit Digital Audio Format for SMPTE Bit-Serial Interfaces
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## Video Encoding

Makito X4 Video Encoding - H.26	64 AVC/H.265 HEVC (MPEG-4 Part 10)						
SD/ED/HD/3G-SDI Input Resolutions	3840x2160p 60/59.94/50/30/29.97/25 Hz 1920x1080p 60/59.94/50/30/29.97/25/24/23.98 Hz 1920x1080i 60/59.94/50 Hz 1280x720p 60/59.94/50/30/29.97/25 Hz 720x480/576i 60/59.94/50 Hz (interlaced shown in fields per second)						
	Note For supported video encoding resolutions, see Supported Video Encoding Input and Downscale Resolutions.						
H.264/AVC VIDEO ENCODING	<ul> <li>MPEG-4 AVC part 10 / ISO/IEC 14496-10</li> <li>Baseline, Main, and High Profiles</li> <li>Up to Level 5.2 (1080p60) and lower intermediate levels</li> <li>I, IP, IBP, IBBP, IBBBP and IBBBBP Framing</li> <li>8-bit or 10-bit pixel depth</li> <li>Chroma sub-sampling 4:2:0 or 4:2:2</li> <li>Bitrates SD/HD from 32 kbps to 30 Mbps</li> </ul>						
	Important The Makito X4 accepts interlaced SDI video (1080i, 576i, 480i) and can encode and output 1080i, 576i, and 480i HEVC streams. However, in H.264/AVC, it can only encode and output progressive (non- interlaced) content. The Makito X4 cannot encode and stream 1080i/ 576i/480i in H.264.						
H.265/HEVC VIDEO ENCODING	<ul> <li>ISO/IEC 23008-2</li> <li>I, IP, IBP, IBBP, IBBBP and IBBBBP Framing</li> <li>Main Profile Up to Level 5.1</li> <li>8-bit or 10-bit pixel depth</li> <li>Chroma sub-sampling 4:2:0 or 4:2:2</li> <li>Bitrates SD/HD from 32 kbps to 30 Mbps</li> </ul>						
Rate Control	Capped variable bit rate (CVBR) Constant bit rate (CBR)						
Encoding Latency	Less than 60ms (H.264 encoder at 720p60, 6Mbps) Less than 50ms (HEVC encoder at 720p60, 6 Mbps) Note Encoding latency refers to the time delay between capture of a frame and the instant when the frame is encoded and ready for transmission.						
Compression Standards (H.264)	<ul> <li>H.264/AVC (MPEG-4 part 10)</li> <li>ISO/IEC 14496-10</li> <li>Baseline, Main, High, High10 and High422 Profiles</li> <li>Up to Level 5.2 and lower Intermediate Levels</li> <li>Configurable Group of Picture (GOP) size</li> <li>Configurable frame rate</li> </ul>						

Makito X4 Video Encoding - H.264 AVC/H.265 HEVC (MPEG-4 Part 10)						
Compression Standards (HEVC)	<ul> <li>H.265/HEVC</li> <li>ISO/IEC 23008-2</li> <li>Main, Main10 and Main422-10 Profiles</li> <li>Up to Level 5.1 (1080p60 @ 15 Mbps)</li> <li>Up to Level 5.2 and lower Intermediate Levels</li> <li>Configurable Group of Picture (GOP) size</li> <li>Configurable frame rate</li> <li>Deblocking filter</li> </ul>					
Macro-block processing limitation	The aggregate pixel processing power for all video encoding engines cannot exceed either: • 4 x 1920x1080p60 or • 1 x 3840x2160p60 or • 497,664,000 pixels per second					
Video Encoding Limits	• Up to 3840x2160p60					

## Supported Video Encoding Input and Downscale Resolutions

Encoded ( Resolution		Inp	out F	leso	lutio	ns a	nd F	ram	e Ra	ates														
Resolutions			40x:	2160	q				1920x1080p						1920x 1080i		1280x720p						7 2 0 x 4 8 0i	7 2 0 x 5 7 6i
Name	Resolutio n	6 0 / 5 9. 9 7	5 0	30	2 9. 9 7	2 5	24	2 3. 9 8	6 0 5 9. 9	3 0 / 2 9. 9 7	5 0	2 5	2 4	2 3. 9 8	3 0 / 2 9. 9 7	2 5	6 0 5 9. 9	3 0 / 2 9. 9 7	5 0	2 5	24	2 3. 9 8	3 0 / 2 9. 9 7	2 5
UHDp	3840x21 60p	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
HD 1080p	1920x108 Op	2	2	4	4	4	4	4	4	8	4	8	8	8	4	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
HD 1080i	1920x108 Oi	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3/4 HD 1080p	1440x108 Op	2	2	4	4	4	4	4	5	8	5	8	8	8	4	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3/4 HD 1080i	1440x108 Oi	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1/2 HD 1080p	960x108 Op	2	2	4	4	4	4	4	8	8	8	8	8	8	4	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1/2 HD 1080i	960x108 Oi	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
HD 720	1280x72 Op	2	2	4	4	4	4	4	8	8	8	8	8	8	4	4	8	8	8	8	8	8	-	-
3/4 HD 720	960x720 p	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8	8	8	8	8	8	-	-
1/2 HD 720	640x720 p	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8	8	8	8	8	8	-	-
SD 480p	720x480 p	2	2	4	4	4	4	4	8	8	-	-	8	8	4	-	8	8	-	-	8	8	4	-
SD 480i	720x480i	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8	-
SD 576p	720x576 p	-	2	-	-	4	4	4	-	-	8	8	8	-	-	4	-	-	8	8	8	-	-	4
SD 576i	720x576i	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8
4CIFp	704x576 p	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4
4CIFi	704x576i	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

3/4 D1 NTSCp	540x480 p	2	-	4	4	-	4	4	8	8	-	-	8	8	4	-	8	8	-	-	8	8	4	-
3/4 D1 NTSCi	540x480 i	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3/4 D1 PAL	540x576 p	-	2	-	-	4	-	-	-	-	8	8	8	-	-	-	-	-	8	8	8	-	-	4
3/4 D1 PAL	540x576i	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
70% VGA	448x336 p	2	2	4	4	4	4	4	8	8	8	8	8	8	4	4	8	8	8	8	8	8	4	4
Half-D1 NTSC	352x480i /p	2	2	4	4	4	4	4	8	8	-	-	8	8	-	-	8	8	-	-	8	8	-	-
Half-D1 PAL	352x576i /p	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8	8	8	-	-	-	-	-	8	8	8	8	-	-
CIF	352x288i /p	2	2	4	4	4	4	4	8	8	8	8	8	8	-	-	8	8	8	8	8	8	-	-

#### Legend:

8	Up to 8 encoding cores/instances supported
4	Up to 4 encoding cores/instances supported
2	Up to 2 encoding cores/instances supported
1	Only a single encoding core/instance supported

Resolutions marked "-" are not supported.

## Audio Encoding

Audio Encoding – MPEG AAC <sup>1</sup>	
Audio Channels	Up to 32 embedded audio channels in channel pair groups per blade (SDI)
Audio Bitrates	Mono: 56 to 160 kbps per audio pair Stereo: 80 to 320 kbps per audio pair
Frequency Response	From 20 Hz to 22 kHz
Sampling Rate	48kHz
Audio Modes	<ul> <li>Mono-Right</li> <li>Mono-Left</li> <li>Stereo</li> </ul>
Compression Standards	MPEG-2 AAC-LC ISO/IEC 13818-7 MPEG-4 AAC-LC ISO/IEC 14496-3

## **Advanced Features**

Advanced Features	
Multi-bitrate (MBR) Encoding	
HD/SD De-interlacing	
Built-in Downscaling	
EIA-608-B/SDI and EIA-708-B/SDI Closed Captioning	
Forward Error Correction (FEC) using PRO-MPEG FEC for TS over RTP streams	
AES Encryption 128-bit or 256-bit with Furnace systems or SRT	
Aspect ratio configuration	
AFD (Active Format Description) for SDI	

## ISR Metadata (Optional)

Metadata Inputs Metadata Processing/Output Metadata

#### **Metadata Inputs**

- CoT to KLV Conversion
- KLV or CoT over IP/UDP
- KLV Capture and Streaming over SD-SDI/HD-SDI/3G-SDI (SMPTE 336)
- KLV or CoT Capture and Streaming over Serial (Makito X4 Rugged only, RS-232 or RS-422)
- SMPTE 336M Compliant
- MISB 0601.11 Compliant
- MISB 0604.2 Compliant, supporting:
- Synchronous and Asynchronous formats
- High precision Time Code insertion

#### Metadata Inputs Metadata Processing/Output Metadata

#### Metadata Processing/Output Metadata

- CoT relay to another IP device
- KLV over SDI Metadata Rate Decimation
- KLV Metadata Processing (SMPTE 336, MISB 0601, 0102 and 0605 support) MISB 0601 UAS and MISB 0102 Security KLV Tag Filtering
  - Mission ID Insertion and Security Data Set Insertion
- Time Code Support (SMPTE 12M)
- ٠
- Closed Captioning (SMPTE 334-1/2) STANAG 4609 Stream Compliant •

## Network and Management Interfaces

IP Network Interfaces Management Interfaces

#### IP Network Interfaces

Standard:	<ul> <li>Single Ethernet 10/100/1000</li> <li>Base-T, auto-detect, Half/Full-duplex</li> <li>Unicast streaming IPv4/IPv6</li> <li>Multicast streaming (IGMPv3, Internet Group Management Protocol &amp; IPv6)</li> <li>Multiple unicast streaming</li> <li>10G SFP Port (future use)</li> </ul>
H.264 Streaming Protocols:	<ul> <li>MPEG Transport Stream</li> <li>Secure Reliable Transport (SRT)</li> <li>TS over SRT, UDP or RTP</li> </ul>
HEVC Streaming Protocols:	<ul> <li>MPEG Transport Stream</li> <li>Secure Reliable Transport (SRT)</li> <li>TS over SRT, UDP or RTP</li> </ul>

#### IP Network Interfaces Management Interfaces

#### Management Interfaces

Physical Interface:	IP/Ethernet (IPv4 and IPv6)
Management Protocols:	<ul> <li>HTTPS (Web browser)</li> <li>Command line over SSH, Telnet</li> <li>SFTP/TFTP/SCP Client/Server</li> <li>SNMP v3</li> </ul>

## **Chassis Options**

#### 🕑 Tip

All blades manufactured by Haivision are hot-swap capable, meaning that they can be installed and removed with the chassis powered.

## Single-Height Appliance

Single Height Appliance (#S/B-MX4	E-SDI4)
Dimensions (H x W x D)	21mm H x 129mm W x 196mm D (0.83" H x 5.1" W x 7.7" D)
Weight	Approximately 1.14 kg (2.5 lbs.)
Power Requirements	12 VDC Nominal, 18W (each blade)
	Note IEC 60601-1 Class I and II power supplies are available from Haivision.
Power Connector	On unit: Conxall p/n 17282-3PG-300 Mating connector: Conxall p/n 16282-3SG-318
Temperature	Operating: 0°C to 40°C (32°F to 104°F) Non-operating*: -30°C to 70°C (-22°F to 158°F) *Limited by the power supply storage: -30°C
Relative Humidity	Up to 95% without condensation
Heat	20 Watts or 68.3 BTU/hr
Sound Emission	41.2 dB(A) L'p(AVG)

Compatible with Haivision MB6X and MB21X multi-blade chassis.

#### **Related Topics**

• Power Connector Pinouts (Single- and Dual-Height Chassis)

### MB6X - 6 Blade Chassis

MB6X - 6-Blade Chassis (#F-MB6X-RAC, #F-MB6X-MED, #F-MB6X-DC)					
Dimensions (H x W x D)	19" rack mountable, 1 RU 44.069mm H x 440.004mm W x 420.37mm D (1.735" H x 17.323" W x 16.55" D) Tolerances are +/-0.50mm (+/- 0.020in.)				
Weight	6 slot empty chassis: 7.94 kg. (17.5 lbs.) Single blade: Approximately 240 g (0.529 lbs.)				

MB6X - 6-Blade Chassis (#F-MB6X-RAC, #F-MB6X-MED, #F-MB6X-DC)		
Power Requirements	Single Internal Power Supply: • F-MB6X-RAC (Redundant AC type): 90-264VAC 47Hz-63Hz • F-MB6X-MED (Medical Grade): 90-264VAC 47Hz-63Hz • F-MB6X-DC (DC type): 20-36 VDC 300 watt maximum (all types)	
Temperature	Operating: 0°C to 50°C (32°F to 122°F) Non-operating: -40°C to 70°C (-40°F to 158°F)	
Relative Humidity	Up to 95% without condensation	
Heat	155 Watts or 530 BTU/hr	
Sound Emission	<ul> <li>Room temperature: 57.0 dB(A) L'p(AVG)</li> <li>50°C Ambient: 65.9 dB(A) L'p(AVG)</li> </ul>	

### MB21B (#F-MB21B-R)

MB21B - 21-Blade Chassis (#F-MB21B-R)		
Dimensions (H x W x D)	19-inch rack mountable, 4RU *177.29 mm H x †441.35 mm W x 462.55 mm D (6.980 inches H x 17.376 inches W x 18.211 inches D) *186.76 mm / 7.353 inches H with rubber feet installed †482.60 mm / 19.000 inches W including mounting flanges	
Weight	Empty 21-slot chassis: 17.24 kg. (38 lbs.) Each blade: 230 g. (0.5 lbs.)	
Power (internal power supply)	Quad redundant power supplies: • 90-132V and 180-240VAC 47Hz-63Hz • 400 watt maximum per PSU	
Temperature	Operating: 0°C to 40°C (32°F to 104°F) Non-operating: -40°C to 70°C (-40°F to 158°F)	
Relative Humidity	Up to 95% without condensation	
Heat	560 Watts or 1910 BTU/hr *assumes chassis full of Makito X or other Haivision blades	
Sound Emission	<ul> <li>Room temperature: 56.4 dB(A) L'p(AVG)</li> <li>50°C Ambient: 63.3 dB(A) L'p(AVG)</li> </ul>	

## MB21X (#F-MB21X-R)

MB21X - 21-Blade Chassis (#F-MB21X-R) <sup>1</sup>	
Dimensions (H x W x D)	19-inch rack mountable, 4RU *177.29 mm H x †441.35 mm W x 461.92 mm D (6.980 inches H x 17.376 inches W x 18.186 inches D) *186.76 mm / 7.353 inches H with rubber feet installed †482.60 mm / 19.000 inches W including mounting flanges

MB21X - 21-Blade Chassis (#F-MB21X-R) <sup>1</sup>		
Weight	Empty 21-slot chassis: 32.5 pounds Single blade: Approximately 240 gm (0.529 lbs.)	
Power (internal power supply)	Dual redundant power supplies: • 100-240VAC 47Hz-63Hz • 600 watt maximum per PSU	
Temperature	Operating: 0°C to 50°C (32°F to 122°F) Non-operating: -40°C to 70°C (-40°F to 158°F)	
Relative Humidity	Up to 95% without condensation	
Heat	560 Watts or 1910 BTU/hr *assumes chassis full of Makito X Series blades	
Sound Emission	<ul> <li>Room temperature: 56.4 dB(A) L'p(AVG)</li> <li>50°C Ambient: 63.3 dB(A) L'p(AVG)</li> </ul>	
Advanced Features	<ul><li>Removable fan trays</li><li>Station Alarm Interface</li></ul>	

1. Supports Makito X/X4 products *only*; excludes classic Makito encoder/decoder or Torpedo blades

## **Rugged Appliance**

Makito X4 Rugged Encoder (#S-MX4E-R-SDI4-ISR)			
Dimensions	66mm H x 146.2mm W x 185.7mm D (2.675" H x 5.755" W x 7.31" D)		
Weight	1.93 kg (4.25 1bs.)		
Power	28 VDC Nominal, 25W (MIL-STD-704F and MIL-STD-1275E compliant)		
Temperature	Operating: -40°C to 71°C (-40°F to 160°F) Non-operating: -45°C to 85°C (-49°F to 185°F)		
Relative Humidity	0-100% condensing		
IP rating	IP67		
	• Caution The IP67 rating only applies when the connectors are mated. Otherwise the usage of dust cap connectors (provided by Haivision, shown in the following figures) is required.		

## Power Connector Pinouts (Single- and Dual-Height Chassis)

The power connectors for the Single-Height and Dual-Height Chassis have the following pinouts:

## Single-Height - Power Connector

Pin #	Description (Conxall P/N 16282-3SG-318)		
1	Reserved / Not Connected	7 6	
2	Ground		
3	VCC=+12VDC	$ \left(\begin{array}{c} 0\\ 3\\ 0\\ 2\\ 1\end{array}\right) $	

### **Dual-Height - Power Connector**

Pin # Description (Hirose P/N HR30-6R-3P(71		
1	Reserved / Not Connected	
2	Ground	
3	12VDC (+V)	

## Regulatory/Compliance

Regulatory/Compliance		
Certification	UL / CSA / CE	
Compliance	Electromagnetic Compatibility: EN 55022 (Emissions) / 55024 (Immunity) / EN 61000-3-2 / EN 61000-3-3	
	Safety (Low Voltage Directives): EN 60950-1 (CSA C/US) / IEC/EN 60950-1 (International /CB Scheme)	
	Industry Canada Warnings: Canadian ICES-003, "Electromagnetic Compatibility" / Avis d'Industrie Canada: la norme NMB-003 du Canada, "La Compatibilité électromagnétique"	
	FCC Part 15, Subpart B, Class A	
	STANAG 4609 compliant (NATO Digital Motion Imagery Standard)	
Compliance with Environmental Regulations	RoHS2, European Union Directive 2011/65/EU	
	RoHS, Marking Control for China, Regulation SJ/T 11364-2006	
Acoustic Noise	Telcordia GR-63 Section 4.6, Issue 3	

#### 🔥 Note

Please refer to the product Declaration of Conformity (DoC) for complete details.

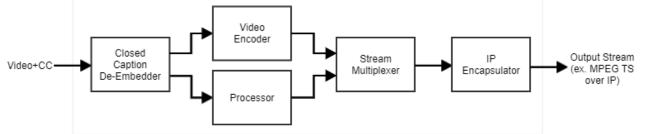
## Closed Captioning

The Makito X4 encoder supports the capture of EIA-608 and EIA-708 closed captions from the HD/SD-SDI video input and transports it within the video elementary stream of the MPEG-2 Transport Stream.

The EIA-608 and EIA-708 captions are encapsulated in a Caption Description Packet (CDP), as described in SMPTE-334-2, within the VANC as mentioned in SMPTE 334-1. The Caption information is multiplexed and transported as per ATSC A/72 Part 1:2008 (ATSC A/53 Part 4:2007) in a CC SEI NAL. The CDP consists of a sequence of bytes that can hold the CEA-708 DTV caption data, CEA-608 caption data, caption service information, and SMPTE 12M-1 time code.

The CDP also includes the Caption Service Descriptor (CSD) (as defined in ATSC A/65). The caption services stored in the CSD are announced in the MPEG-2 TS Program Map table (PMT).





With the support of EIA-708, ATSC A/72 mandates a dedicated link bitrate of 9600 bits/sec (1200 bytes/ sec or 20 bytes per frame for a p60 SDI signal). Of the 9600 bits/sec, 960 bits/sec are reserved for EIA-608 captions. 8640 bits/s are dedicated to 708-CC. This is a dedicated channel, so it has to be filled with filler data if no captioning information is present.

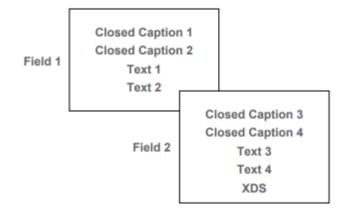
#### 🚹 Note

Analog EIA-608 Line 21 Closed Captioning is only supported on the Makito X4 Rugged encoder (Composite input). See Makito X4 Rugged Closed Captioning

## Makito X4 Rugged Closed Captioning

The Makito X4 Rugged supports capture, multiplexing and transport of Closed Captioning (CC) and other Line 21 information over Composite (with no 7.5 IRE setup on Line 21), as well as HD/SD SDI input interfaces.

Closed Captioning data, as defined by the EIA-608-B standard, includes the following services over Line 21 Fields 1 and 2 of an NTSC analog video signal: CC1, CC2, CC3, CC4, Text1, Text2, Text3, Text4, and XDS (see following figure). The Makito X4 Rugged encoder supports transport of all these services. [Note that Closed Captioning as specified by EIA-608-B does not exist over PAL.]



Line 21 of each field can contain up to 2 bytes of information, which can be used by any of the above services (not simultaneously but rather successively). With NTSC video at 30fps, the maximum EIA-608-B mandated throughput represents:

```
2 bytes x 2 Fields x 30fps x 8 bit/byte = 960 bps
```

# **Open Source Software Credits**

This appendix lists the Open Source software packages currently deployed on the Makito X4 encoder platform. For more details, please consult the provider of the package.

## References

GNU General Public License v2: GPL-2.0

GNU General Public License v3: GPL-3.0

GNU Lesser General Public License v2: LGPL-2.1

BSD type licenses, or those describe by Regents of the University of California identifier are typically described by the following: BSD-2-Clause and BSD-3-Clause (revised BSD license).

Permissive Free Software License: Rights are owned by an individual, group of individuals, institution or consortium but is generally free provided minimal conditions are met. S ee: Permissive free software licence wikipedia entry for more information.

#### **Topics in This Chapter**

- Open Source Software Credits List
- Third Party License Information

## Open Source Software Credits List

Haivision is grateful to the following organizations for making available their Open Source software packages:

Package	Version	Description	License	Included in X4 version
Linux kernel	5.4.0	Linux Kernel	GPL v2, June 1991	1.0
Linux-PAM	1.3.0	Linux Pluggable Authentication Module	Permissive free software license or GPLv2; 1996-2005; Morgan, Levine, Kukuk, Tricaud & Mraz	1.0
attr	2.4.47	Extended filesystem attributes	GPL v2, June 1991	1.0
bash	4.3.47	Bourne Again Shell - Posix.2 Shell	GPL v3, June 2007	1.0
beecrypt	4.2.1	Cryptography library	GPL v2, June 1991	1.0
busybox	1.24.1	Common Unix utilities	GPL v2, June 1991	1.0
chkconfig	1.3.30c	Service run level configuration	GPL v2, June 1991	1.0
chrony	3.3.2	Alternate Network Time Protocol (NTP)	GPL v2, June 1991	1.0
coreutils	8.25	Basic shell, file and text manipulation	GPL v3, June 2007	1.0
cracklib	2.8.18	Password resilience library	LGPL v2.1, June 1999	1.0
cron	3.0pl1	Time base job scheduler	Permissive free software license; 1988, 1990, 1993 Paul Vixie	1.0
debianutils	4.5.1	Misc. utilities	Small General Public License, February 1988, G. Maol, C. Adams, L. Knoll, R. Carr	1.0
dhcp	4.4.1	DHCP client	Mozilla Public License v2.0, 1995-2003, 2004-2018 Internet Software Consoltium (ISC), ISC inc.	1.0
dos2unix	7.4.0	Text file conversion	BSD styled license, 1994-1995 B Lin, 1998 J Wuebben C Wurll, 2009-2018 E Waterlander	1.0
dpkg	1.16.0	Debian Package Manager	GPL v2, June 1991	1.0
ethtool	4.19	Network interface configurator	GPL v2, June 1991	1.0
ffmpeg	4.3.0	Multimedia framework (Decoder only)	LGPL v2.1, June 1999	1.0
gawk	4.1.3	GNU AWK - Pattern scanning and processing	GPL v3, June 2007	1.0

Package	Version	Description	License	Included in X4 version
gdb	7.11.1	GNU Debugger	GPL v2, June 1991	1.0
ifupdown	0.8.19	Network Interface configurator	GPL v2, June 1991	1.0
iperf	2.0.5	Internet bandwidth measurement tool	Copyright (c) 1999-2007, The Board of Trustees of the University of Illinois	1.0
iperf3	3.1	Internet bandwidth measurement tool	Permissive free software license - 2014-2016 University of California	1.0
iproute2	4.16	Linux TCP/IP traffic control	GPL v2, June 1991	1.0
jpeg	8b	JPEG Software Tools	Permissive free software license - 2010 Independent JPEG group	1.0
lftp	4.8.3	File Transfer Program	GPLv3, June 2007	1.0
libcap	2.25	Library for setting/ getting Posix capabilities	Permissive free software license or GPLv2	1.0
libevent	2.1.8	Event notification library	3-clause ("modified") BSD License	1.0
libpcap	1.9.0	User-level packet capture	BSD	1.0
lighttpd	1.4.41	Lightweight open- source Web server	Permissive free software license, Jan Kneshcke, 2004	1.0
mDNSResponde r	320.10.80	Multicast DNS Responder (Bonjour component)	Apache 2.0 Three-Clause BSD National ICT Australia Limited (NICTA) Public Software	1.0
ncurses	5.5	Text-base UI library	Permissive free software license	1.0
net-snmp	5.7.3	Simple Network Management Protocol	Multiple BSD Licenses	1.0
net-tools	1.60	Network tools	GPL v2, June 1991	1.0
netkit-ftp	0.17	File Transfer Protocol	Regents of the University of California	1.0
netkit-telnet	0.17	Telnet	Regents of the University of California	1.0
ntp	4.8.2-p10	Network Time Protocol	Permissive free software license, University of Delaware	1.0
openresolv	3.9.0	DNS management framework	2-clause BSD license, present since v1.0 but inactive (not used) https://www.freebsd.org/copyright/freebsd- license.html	1.0
openssh	7.3p1	Open SSH	Multiple BSD style licenses	1.0
openssl	1.0.2r	Open Secure Socket Layer	Dual OpenSSL / SSLeahy	1.0
pcre	8.39	Perl Compatible Regular Expression Library	BSD License	1.0

Package	Version	Description	scription License	
popt	1.16	Command Line Parsing Library		
procps	3.2.8	Process reporting utilities	GPL v2, June 1991	1.0
readline	6.1	Command Line Editing Library	GPL v3, June 2007	1.0
rpm	4.4.2.3	RPM Package Manager	Dual GPL v2 - June 1991 and LGPL v2 - June 1991	1.0
sed	4.2.2	Stream Editor	GPL v3, June 2007	1.0
shadow	4.6	Shadow Passwords	ds Permissive free software license	
sudo	1.9.5p2	Privilege modification	Permissive software license, Copyright (c) 1994-1996, 1998-2021, T. Miller et al.	1.0
sysstat	10.0.0	Performance monitoring	e GPL v2, June 1991	
tcpdump	4.9.1	Network monitoring and data acquisition	Permissive free software license	1.0
tftp-hpa	0.43	TFTP server	Permissive free software license	1.0
u-boot	2018.1	U-Boot boot loader	GPL v2, June 1991	1.0
UDT	4.11	UDP-based Data Transfer	Permissive free software license. See Third Party License Information	1.0
zlib	1.2.11	Compression library	Permissive free software license, Jean-Loup Gailly	1.0

Haivision is grateful to the following organizations for making available their Open Source software packages:

Package	Versio n	Description	License	Inclu ded in X4 versi on
Linux kernel	4.14.0	Linux Kernel	GPL v2, June 1991	1.0
Linux-PAM	1.3.0	Linux Pluggable Authentication Module	Permissive free software license or GPLv2; 1996-2005; Morgan, Levine, Kukuk, Tricaud & Mraz	1.0
attr	2.4.47	Extended filesystem attributes	GPL v2, June 1991	1.0
bash	4.3.30	Bourne Again Shell - Posix.2 Shell	GPL v3, June 2007	1.0
beecrypt	4.2.1	Cryptography library	GPL v2, June 1991	1.0

Package	Versio n	Description	License	Inclu ded in X4 versi on
busybox	1.24.1	Common Unix utilities	GPL v2, June 1991	1.0
chkconfig	1.3.30c	Service run level configuration	GPL v2, June 1991	1.0
chrony	3.3.2	Alternate Network Time Protocol (NTP)	GPL v2, June 1991	1.0
coreutils	8.25	Basic shell, file and text manipulation	GPL v3, June 2007	1.0
cracklib	2.8.18	Password resilience library	LGPL v2.1, June 1999	1.0
cron	3.0p11	Time base job scheduler	Permissive free software license; 1988, 1990, 1993 Paul Vixie	1.0
debianutil s	4.5.1	Misc. utilities	Small General Public License, February 1988, G. Maol, C. Adams, L. Knoll, R. Carr	1.0
dhcp	4.4.1	DHCP client	Mozilla Public License v2.0, 1995-2003, 2004-2018 Internet Software Consoltium (ISC), ISC inc.	1.0
dos2unix	7.4	Text file conversion	BSD styled license, 1994-1995 B Lin, 1998 J Wuebben C Wurll, 2009-2018 E Waterlander	1.0
dpkg	1.16.0	Debian Package Manager	GPL v2, June 1991	1.0
ethtool	4.19	Network interface configurator	GPL v2, June 1991	1.0
gawk	4.1.3	GNU AWK - Pattern scanning and processing	GPL v3, June 2007	1.0
gdb	7.11	GNU Debugger	GPL v2, June 1991	1.0
ifupdown	0.8.19	Network Interface configurator	GPL v2, June 1991	1.0
iperf	2.0.5	Internet bandwidth measurement tool	Copyright (c) 1999-2007, The Board of Trustees of the University of Illinois	1.0
iperf3	3.1	Internet bandwidth measurement tool	Permissive free software license - 2014-2016 University of California	
iproute2	4.16	Linux TCP/IP traffic control	GPL v2, June 1991	
jpeg	8b	JPEG Software Tools	Permissive free software license - 2010 Independent JPEG group	
lftp	4.8.3	File Transfer Program	GPLv3, June 2007	1.0

Package	Versio n	Description	License	Inclu ded in X4 versi on
libcap	2.25	Library for setting/ getting Posix capabilities	Permissive free software license or GPLv2	1.0
libevent	2.1.8	Event notification library	3-clause ("modified") BSD License	1.0
libpcap	1.9.0	User-level packet capture	BSD	1.0
lighttpd	1.4.41	Lightweight open- source Web server	Permissive free software license, Jan Kneshcke, 2004	1.0
mDNSRespon der	320.10 .80	Multicast DNS Responder (Bonjour component)	Apache 2.0 Three-Clause BSD National ICT Australia Limited (NICTA) Public Software	1.0
ncurses	5.5	Text-base UI library	Permissive free software license	1.0
net-snmp	5.7.3	Simple Network Management Protocol	Multiple BSD Licenses	1.0
net-tools	1.60	Network tools	GPL v2, June 1991	1.0
netkit-ftp	0.17	File Transfer Protocol	Regents of the University of California	1.0
netkit- telnet	0.17	Telnet	Regents of the University of California	
ntp	4.8.2- p10	Network Time Protocol	Permissive free software license, University of Delaware	1.0
openssh	7.3p1	Open SSH	Multiple BSD style licenses	1.0
openssl	1.0.2r	Open Secure Socket Layer	Dual OpenSSL / SSLeahy	1.0
pcre	8.39	Perl Compatible Regular Expression Library	BSD License	1.0
popt	1.16	Command Line Parsing Library	BSD License	
procps	3.2.8	Process reporting utilities	GPL v2, June 1991	
readline	6.1	Command Line Editing Library	GPL v3, June 2007	
rpm	4.4.2.3	RPM Package Manager	Dual GPL v2 - June 1991 and LGPL v2 - June 1991	1.0
sed	4.2.2	Stream Editor	GPL v3, June 2007	1.0

Package	Versio n	Description	License	Inclu ded in X4 versi on
shadow	4.6	Shadow Passwords	Permissive free software license	1.0
sudo	1.8.28	Privilege modification	Permissive free software license - Free Software Foundation	1.0
sysstat	10.0.0	Performance monitoring	GPL v2, June 1991	1.0
tcpdump	4.9.1	Network monitoring and data acquisition	Permissive free software license	1.0
tftp-hpa	0.43	TFTP server	Permissive free software license	1.0
u-boot	2018.1	U-Boot boot loader	GPL v2, June 1991	1.0
UDT	4.11	UDP-based Data Transfer	Permissive free software license. See "Third Party License Information" (link below)	1.0
zlib	1.2.11	Compression library	Permissive free software license, Jean-Loup Gailly	1.0

#### **Related Topics**

• Third Party License Information

## Third Party License Information

### UDT4, 4.11, UDP-based Data Transfer, Permissive free software license.

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## **OBTAINING WARRANTY SERVICE**

Before requesting warranty service, please refer to the documentation accompanying this hardware product and the Haivision Support Portal https://support.haivision.com. If the product is still not functioning properly after making use of these resources, please contact Haivision or Authorized Reseller using the information provided in the documentation. When calling, Haivision or Authorized Reseller will help determine whether your product requires service and, if it does, will inform you how Haivision will provide it. You must assist in diagnosing issues with your product and follow Haivision's warranty processes.

Haivision may provide warranty service by providing a return material authorization ("RMA") to allow you to return the product in accordance with instructions provided by Haivision or Authorized Reseller. You are fully responsible for delivering the product to Haivision as instructed, and Haivision is responsible for returning the product if it is found to be defective. Your product or a replacement product will be returned to you configured as your product was when originally purchased, subject to applicable updates. Returned products which are found by Haivision to be not defective, out-of-warranty or otherwise ineligible for warranty service will be shipped back to you at your expense. All replaced products and parts, whether under warranty or not, become the property of Haivision. Haivision may require a completed pre-authorized form as security for the retail price of the replacement product. If you fail to return the replaced product as instructed, Haivision will invoice for the pre-authorized amount.

## APPLICABLE LAW

This Limited Warranty is governed by and construed under the laws of the Province of Quebec, Canada.

This Limited Hardware Warranty may be subject to Haivision's change at any time without prior notice.

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Click the following link to view the Software End-User License Agreement: Haivision EULA.pdf

If you have questions, please contact legal@haivision.com

## **SLA - Service Level Agreement**

### 1. Introduction

This Service Level and Support supplement forms a part of and is incorporated into the Service Agreement (the "Agreement") between You and Haivision Network Video Inc. ("Haivision"). Capitalized terms used but not otherwise defined in this supplement shall have the meaning ascribed to them in the Agreement. Haivision may, upon prior written notice to You, amend this supplement to incorporate improvements to the service levels and support commitments at no additional cost to You. This supplement applies only to those products and services set forth below.

### 2. Definitions

- "Audience Member" means an individual or entity that accesses Your Published Media Objects through a public URL.
- "Access Service" means the service provided by Haivision VCMS that verifies an Audience Member's credentials.
- "Digital Media File" means a computer file containing text, audio, video, or other content.
- "Outage" is a 12-minute period of consecutive failed attempts by all six agents to PING the domain on the Haivision Streaming Media network.
- "Published Media Object" means a Digital Media File with a public URL.
- "Transaction" means the creation of a right for an Audience Member to access a Media Object and the completion of an order logged in the order history service.

### 3. Service Levels for the Video Content Management System

The service levels in this **Section 3** apply only to the hosted version of Haivision VCMS and the Haivision VCMS development kit (collectively, the "Standard Hosted Components" of Haivision Video Cloud Services). Subject to the exceptions noted in **Section 4** below, the aforementioned components of Haivision Video Cloud Services will be available for use over the course of each calendar month as follows:

Type of Access	Definition	Availability Level
Write Functions	<ul> <li>Access to all functions through the administrative user interface.</li> <li>Ability to add or modify objects and metadata through the application programming interface ("API")</li> <li>Ability of ingest service to check for new or updated files or feeds</li> </ul>	99.999%
Read-Only Functions	<ul> <li>Ability to retrieve data through the API</li> <li>Ability for Audience Members to authenticate through the Access Service</li> <li>Ability for Audience Members to play Published Media Objects</li> <li>Ability for Audience Members to play Haivision VCMS-authenticated or entitled Published Media Objects</li> <li>Ability to complete Transactions</li> </ul>	99.999%

### 4. Exceptions to Availability for the VCMS

The Standard Hosted Components may not be available for use under the following circumstances, and in such case such periods of unavailability shall not be counted against Haivision Video Cloud for purposes of calculating availability:

- a. Normal Maintenance, Urgent Maintenance and Upgrades as defined in the table below;
- b. Breach of the Agreement by You as defined in the Agreement;
- c. The failure, malfunction, or modification of equipment, applications, or systems not controlled by Haivision Video Cloud;
- d. Any third party, public network, or systems unavailability;
- e. Acts of Force Majeure as defined in the Agreement;
- f. Modification of software made available to You as part of Haivision Video Cloud Services by You or a third party acting on Your behalf; and
- g. Any third party product or service not incorporated into Haivision Video Cloud Services or any third party plug-in.

Haivision Video Cloud shall make commercially reasonable efforts to notify, or work with, applicable third parties to repair or restore Haivision VCMS functionality affected by such exceptions.

Type of Mainten ance	Purpose	Write Functi ons Availa ble	Read Functi ons Availa ble	Maxim um Time Per Month	Continu ous Time in Mode (Max)	Windo w (Centr al Time)	Min Notice
Normal	<ul> <li>Preventive maintenance on the software/ hardware components of Haivision VCMS</li> <li>Addition of new features/functions</li> <li>Repair errors that are not immediately affecting Your use of Haivision VCMS</li> </ul>	No	Yes	10 Hours	6 Hours	10:00p m - 5:00a m	48 Hours
Urgent	<ul> <li>Repair errors that are immediately affecting Your use of Haivision VCMS</li> </ul>	No	Yes	30 Minute s	15 Minutes	Any Time	3 Hours

Type of Mainten ance	Purpose	Write Functi ons Availa ble	Read Functi ons Availa ble	Maxim um Time Per Month	Continu ous Time in Mode (Max)	Windo W (Centr al Time)	Min Notice
Upgrade s	• Perform upgrades on software or hardware elements necessary to the long term health or performance of Haivision VCMS, but which, due to their nature, require that certain components of Haivision VCMS to be shut down such that no access is possible	No	No	1 Hour	1 Hour	12:00a m - 4:00a m M-F	5 Days

### 5. Credits for Downtime for the VCMS

Haivision Video Cloud will grant a credit allowance to You if You experience Downtime in any calendar month and you notify Haivision Video Cloud thereof within ten (10) business days after the end of such calendar month. In the case of any discrepancy between the Downtime as experienced by You and the Downtime as measured by Haivision Video Cloud, the Downtime as measured by Haivision Video Cloud shall be used to calculate any credit allowance set forth in this section. Such credit allowance shall be equal to the pro-rated charges of one-half day of Fees for each hour of Downtime or fraction thereof. The term "Downtime" shall mean the number of minutes that Standard Hosted Components are unavailable to You during a given calendar month below the availability levels thresholds in Section 3, but shall not include any unavailability resulting from any of the exceptions noted in Section 4. Within thirty (30) days after the end of any calendar month in which Downtime occurred below the availability levels thresholds in Section 3, Haivision Video Cloud shall provide You with a written report detailing all instances of Downtime during the previous month. Any credit allowances accrued by You may be offset against any and all Fees owed to Haivision Video Cloud pursuant to the Agreement, provided that a maximum of one month of credit may be accrued per month.

### 6. Support Services for the VCMS

Support for Haivision Video Cloud Services as well as the Application Software (defined as the VCMS application software components that Haivision licenses for use in conjunction with the Video Cloud Services) can be reached at hvc-techsupport@haivision.com and shall be available for all Your support requests. Haivision Video Cloud will provide 24x7 monitoring of the Standard Hosted Components.

Cases will be opened upon receipt of request or identification of issue, and incidents will be routed and addressed according to the following:

Severity Level	Error State Description	Status Response Within	Incident Resolutio n within
1 - Critical Priority	Renders Haivision VCMS inoperative or causes Haivision VCMS to fail catastrophically.	15 minutes	4 hours
2 - High Priority	Affects the operation of Haivision VCMS and materially degrades Your use of Haivision VCMS.	30 minutes	6 hours
3 - Medium Priority	Affects the operation of Haivision VCMS, but does not materially degrade Your use of Haivision VCMS.	2 hours	12 hours

Severity Level	Error State Description	Status Response Within	Incident Resolutio n within
4 – Low Priority	Causes only a minor impact on the operation of Haivision VCMS.	1 business day	3 business days

### 7. Service Levels for Haivision Streaming Media Service

Haivision agrees to provide a level of service demonstrating 99.9% Uptime. The Haivision Streaming Media Service will have no network Outages.

The following methodology will be employed to measure Streaming Media Service availability:

Agents and Polling Frequency

- a. From six (6) geographically and network-diverse locations in major metropolitan areas, Haivision's Streaming Media will simultaneously poll the domain identified on the Haivision Streaming Media network.
- b. The polling mechanism will perform a PING operation, sending a packet of data and waiting for a reply. Success of the PING operation is defined as a reply being received.
- c. Polling will occur at approximately 6-minute intervals.
- d. Based on the PING operation described in (b) above, the response will be assessed for the purpose of measuring Outages.

If an Outage is identified by this method, the customer will receive (as its sole remedy) a credit equivalent to the fees for the day in which the failure occurred.

Haivision reserves the right to limit Your use of the Haivision Streaming Media network in excess of Your committed usage in the event that Force Majeure events, defined in the Agreement, such as war, natural disaster or terrorist attack, result in extraordinary levels of traffic on the Haivision Streaming Media network.

### 8. Credits for Outages of Haivision Streaming Media Service

If the Haivision Streaming Media network fails to meet the above service level, You will receive (as your sole remedy) a credit equal to Your or such domain's committed monthly service fee for the day in which the failure occurs, not to exceed 30 days of fees.

#### 9. No Secondary End User Support

UNDER NO CIRCUMSTANCES MAY YOU PROVIDE CONTACT INFORMATION FOR HAIVISION SERVICES TO CUSTOMERS OR AUDIENCE MEMBERS OR OTHER THIRD PARTIES WITHOUT HAIVISION'S EXPRESS PRIOR WRITTEN CONSENT.

# **Getting Help**

General Support	North America (Toll-Free) <b>1 (877) 224-5445</b>
	International 1 (514) 334-5445
	and choose from the following: Sales - 1, Cloud Services - 3, Support - 4
Managed Services	U.S. and International 1 (512) 220-3463
Fax	1 (514) 334-0088
Support Portal	https://support.haivision.com
Product Information	info@haivision.com

